ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED

MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", as endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the TW SRE No. 2410 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited and its subsidiaries as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three-month period then ended in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Hsu, Sheng-Chung Hsu, Chieh-Ju

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan May 10, 2023

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>MARCH 31, 2023; DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND MARCH 31, 2022</u>

(CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 HAVE ONLY BEEN REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			March 31, 20)23	December 31, 2	2022	March 31, 20	22
	Assets	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1) and 8	\$ 67,248,088	29	\$ 55,243,562	24	\$ 39,985,719	20
1136	Current financial assets at amortised cost	6(3) and 8	839,853	1	1,907,751	1	2,619,393	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	16,348,632	7	26,932,980	11	23,504,493	12
1180	Accounts receivable due from related parties, net	6(4) and 7	2,415,933	1	3,071,665	1	2,429,736	1
1200	Other receivables	6(5)	297,698	-	523,996	-	634,354	-
130X	Inventories	6(6)	13,985,135	6	17,724,844	8	19,754,115	10
1410	Prepayments	6(5)	5,085,188	2	4,883,541	2	3,642,328	2
1470	Other current assets	8	4,638	-	4,640	-	69,198	-
11XX	Total current assets		106,225,165	46	110,292,979	47	92,639,336	46
	Non-current assets							
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(2)	1,585,890	1	1,640,432	1	1,092,952	1
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(7)	926,889	-	753,272	-	613,634	-
1535	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	6(3) and 8	614,856	-	448,023	-	83,406	-
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method		30,102	-	32,978	-	21,954	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8)	104,182,997	45	100,307,311	43	93,470,775	47
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	8,277,658	4	8,327,697	4	8,784,699	4
1760	Investment property, net	6(10)	4,483,207	2	4,506,853	2	-	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)	2,194,723	1	2,138,586	1	2,065,544	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets		1,570,510	1	2,576,898	1	1,139,326	1
1990	Other non-current assets	6(12) and 8	1,324,520		 1,535,083	1	667,383	
15XX	Total non-current assets		125,191,352	54	 122,267,133	53	107,939,673	54
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 231,416,517	100	\$ 232,560,112	100	\$ 200,579,009	100

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

(Continued)

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>MARCH 31, 2023; DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND MARCH 31, 2022</u>

(CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 HAVE ONLY BEEN REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

				March 31, 2023			December 31, 202		March 31, 2022	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current liabilities									
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(13)	\$	20,483,147	9	\$	16,819,556	7	\$ 17,103,444	9
2170	Accounts payable			10,061,885	4		15,964,613	7	15,915,867	8
2180	Accounts payable to related parties	7		790,443	-		936,026	_	840,963	
2200	Other payables	6(14)		23,772,204	10		20,181,766	- 9	19,655,253	10
2200	Current income tax	0(14)		25,772,204	10		20,181,700	9	19,055,255	10
2230	liabilities			761,493	-		1,635,243	1	966,104	-
2280	Current lease liabilities			165,533	-		86,860	-	127,109	-
2320	Long-term liabilities,	6(15)								
	current portion	(16)		15,495,932	7		15,572,856	7	-	-
2399	Other current liabilities			3,540,638	2		3,029,985	1	1,283,270	1
21XX	Total current liabilities			75,071,275	32		74,226,905	32	55,892,010	28
	Non-current liabilities									
2530	Bonds payable	6(15)		-	-		-	-	10,788,518	5
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(16)		14,275,688	7		12,966,168	6	8,177,978	4
2570	Deferred income tax									
	liabilities			2,645,655	1		3,647,057	1	2,903,636	2
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			236,896	-		336,799	-	380,340	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities			9,362,870	4		8,517,492	4	4,401,751	2
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			26,521,109	12		25,467,516	11	26,652,223	13
2XXX	Total liabilities			101,592,384	44		99,694,421	43	82,544,233	$\frac{13}{41}$
211111	Equity			101,092,001			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	Equity attributable to									
	owners of parent	((10)								
2110	Share capital	6(19)		0 470 402	4		0 470 400	4	0 470 400	~
3110	Ordinary share	((20))		9,470,492	4		9,470,492	4	9,470,492	5
2200	Capital surplus	6(20)		20 521 (10	17		20.021.107	16	27.976.205	10
3200	Capital surplus	((01)		38,531,618	17		38,021,187	16	37,876,395	19
	Retained earnings	6(21)								
3310	Legal reserve			6,995,473	3		6,995,473	3	6,029,763	3
3320	Special reserve			4,848,301	2		4,848,301	2	4,130,316	2
3350	Unappropriated retained			25 510 414	1.5		40 (00 111	10	20.026.020	1.5
	earnings	(22)		35,519,414	15		40,698,111	18	30,036,020	15
2400	Other equity interest	6(22)	(2 170 727) (1)	,	0.000.407.	1)		1)
3400	Other equity interest	$\zeta(10)$	(2,178,737)(2,882,437) (1)		1)
3500	Treasury shares	6(19)	(257,489)	(257,489)	-	(257,489)	
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of parent			92,929,072	40		96,893,638	42	85,655,049	43
36XX	Non-controlling interests	6(32)		36,895,061	16		35,972,053	15	32,379,727	16
3XXX	Total equity			129,824,133	56		132,865,691	57	118,034,776	59
	Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognised contract commitments	9	_							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	231,416,517	100	\$	232,560,112	100	\$ 200,579,009	100

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE)

			Th	ree-month period e March 31, 2023	nded	Th	ree-month period e March 31, 2022	nded
	Item	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(23), 7 and 14	\$	31,545,153	100	\$	33,915,240	100
5000	Operating costs	6(6) and 7	()	26,469,870) (84) (<	27,528,376) (81)
5950	Gross profit from operations			5,075,283	16		6,386,864	19
	Operating expenses	6(24)						
6100	Selling expenses		(394,351)(1) (ć	379,502) (1)
6200	Administrative expenses		(1,557,596)(5) (ć	1,475,285) (4)
6300	Research and development expenses		(1,938,580) (6) (ć	1,634,085) (5)
6450	Reversal of (expected credit loss) in accordance with IFRS 9	12		33,911	- (<	2,104)	-
6000	Total operating expenses		(3,856,616) (12) (<	3,490,976) (10)
6900	Net operating income			1,218,667	4		2,895,888	9
	Non-operating income and expenses							
7100	Interest income	6(26)		494,542	2		66,994	-
7010	Other income	6(27)		148,452	-		87,825	-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(28)	(571,486) (2)		413,778	1
7050	Finance costs	6(29)	(384,540) (1)(ć	137,505)	-
7060	Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		()	4,869)	- (< 	5,515)	-
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		(317,901) (1)		425,577	1
7900	Profit before income tax			900,766	3		3,321,465	10
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(37,674)	- (545,972) (2)
8200	Profit		\$	863,092	3	\$	2,775,493	8

(Continued)

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE)

			Th	ree-month period March 31, 2023		Th	ended	
	Item	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%
	Other comprehensive income							
	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss							
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(7)(22)	\$	81,853	-	(\$	57,807)	_
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be	6(30)	Ψ	01,000		ζΨ	51,001)	
	reclassified to profit or loss		(15,815)			3,820	
8310	Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			66,038		(53,987)	
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss							
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	6(22)		480,609	1		4,306,788	13
8300	Other comprehensive income		\$	546,647	1	\$	4,252,801	13
8500	Total comprehensive income		\$	1,409,739	4	\$	7,028,294	21
	Profit attributable to:							
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	503,598	2	\$	1,872,637	5
8620	Non-controlling interests			359,494	1		902,856	3
			\$	863,092	3	\$	2,775,493	8
	Comprehensive income attributable to:							
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	1,207,298	3	\$	5,090,490	15
8720	Non-controlling interests			202,441	1		1,937,804	6
			\$	1,409,739	4	\$	7,028,294	21
	Basic earnings per share							
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(31)	\$		0.53	\$		1.98
	Diluted earnings per share							
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(31)	\$		0.53	\$		1.87

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			Equity attributable to owners of parent														
						1	Retained earning	s		Other eq	uity interest						
	Notes	Ordinary share	(Capital surplus	Legal reserve	8	Special reserve		Unappropriated etained earnings	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through othe comprehensive income	er	Treasury shares		Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Three-month period ended March 31, 2022																	
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 9,470,492	\$	36,937,742	\$ 6,029,76	53 5	\$ 4,130,316	\$	-) (\$ 4,886,372)	\$ 38,071	(\$	257,489)	_	4,361,152	, ,	\$ 113,519,939
Profit		-		-		-	-		1,872,637	-	-		-		1,872,637	902,856	2,775,493
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(22)			-		-	-		-	3,262,625	(44,772))	-		3,217,853	1,034,948	4,252,801
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-		-		-	-		1,872,637	3,262,625	(44,772))	-	:	5,090,490	1,937,804	7,028,294
Appropriations of 2021 earnings:	6(21)																
Cash dividends		-		-		-	-	(4,735,246)	-	-		- (4	4,735,246)	- (4,735,246)
Compensation cost of employee restricted stock	6(20)	-		40,350		-	-		-	-	-		-		40,350	15,611	55,961
Difference between consideration and the carrying amount of subsidiaries disposed	6(32)			755,262		-	-		-	-	-		-		755,262	547,116	1,302,378
Change in non-controlling interests - acquisition of shares of the subsidiary	6(32)	-		143,041			-		-	-	-		-		143,041	720,409	863,450
Balance at March 31, 2022		\$ 9,470,492	\$	37,876,395	\$ 6,029,76	53 5	\$ 4,130,316	\$	30,036,020 (\$ 1,623,747)	(\$ 6,701)) (\$	257,489)	\$ 85	5,655,049	\$ 32,379,727	\$ 118,034,776
Three-month period ended March 31, 2023												-					
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 9,470,492	\$	38,021,187	\$ 6,995,47	73 5	\$ 4,848,301	\$	40,698,111 (\$ 2,899,992)	\$ 17,555	(\$	257,489)	\$ 90	6,893,638	\$ 35,972,053	\$ 132,865,691
Profit		-		-			-		503,598	-	-	_	-		503,598	359,494	863,092
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(22)	-		-			-		-	651,829	51,871		-		703,700	(157,053)	546,647
Total comprehensive income		-		-			-		503,598	651,829	51,871		-		1,207,298	202,441	1,409,739
Appropriations of 2022 earnings:	6(21)											_					
Cash dividends		-		-		-	-	(5,682,295)	-	-		- (:	5,682,295)	- (5,682,295)
Compensation cost of employee restricted stock	6(20)	-		19,575		-	-		-	-	-		-		19,575	7,553	27,128
Change in non-controlling interests - acquisition of shares of the subsidiary	6(32)	-		490,856		-	-		-	-	-		-		490,856	713,014	1,203,870
Balance at March 31, 2023		\$ 9,470,492	\$	38,531,618	\$ 6,995,47	73 5	\$ 4,848,301	\$	35,519,414 (\$ 2,248,163)	\$ 69,426	(\$	257,489)	\$ 92	2,929,072	\$ 36,895,061	\$ 129,824,133
			_					_				_					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS</u> FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax S 900,766 S 3,321,465 Adjustments Adjustments S 900,766 S 3,303,062 Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) Depreciation 6(24) 110,599 109,599 Gains on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, net 6(24) 110,599 109,599 Gains on financial assets or property, plant and equipment 6(28) (23,524) (18,647) Losses on disposal of right-of-use assets 6(9) 80 - - Interest expenses 6(29) 384,540 137,505 Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method 4,369 5,515 Share of loss of associates and liabilities Changes in operating assets 6(18) 27,128 55,961 Changes in operating assets 610,30,574 12,402,761 - - Accounts receivable (2,473) - - Changes in operating assets 5,012,036 (1,440,240) 1,73,763 547,302		Notes		Three-month period ended March 31, 2023	Three-month period ended March 31, 2022
Adjustments Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) Depreciation 6(24) 3,847,394 3,303,062 Amortisation excse 6(24) 110,599 109,599 Gains on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, net 59,554 60,202 Expected credit (gain) loss 12 (33,911) 2,104 Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(28) (23,524) (18,647) Losses on disposal of right-of-use assets 6(9) 80 - Interest income 6(26) (494,542) (66,994) Interest expenses 6(29) 384,540 137,505 Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method 4,869 5,515 Share of loss of associates and liabilities Changes in operating assets 0 Changes in operating assets 10,430,574 12,402,761 Accounts receivable (14,402,761 4,402,400 Accounts receivable due from related parties 5,912,036 14,402400 Other receivables - 91 Changes in operating liabilities - 91 Changes in oper	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)Depreciation $6(24)$ $3,847,394$ $3,303,062$ Amortisation exces $6(24)$ $110,599$ $109,599$ Gains on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, net $59,554$ $60,202$ Expected credit (gain) loss 12 ($33,911$) $2,104$ Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment $6(28)$ $(23,524)$ ($18,647$)Losses on disposal of right-of-use assets $6(9)$ 80 -Interest income $6(26)$ ($494,542$) ($66,994$)Interest or associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method $4,869$ $5,515$ Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method $4,869$ $5,515$ Share of loss of associates and liabilities $2,128$ $55,961$ Changes in operating assets $6(18)$ $27,128$ $55,961$ Changes in operating assets $639,662$ $157,860$ Other receivable $10,430,574$ $12,402,761$ Accounts receivable due from related parties $639,662$ $157,860$ Other current assets $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $ 91$ Other current assets $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $ 91$ Other current assets $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities	Profit before tax		\$	900,766	\$ 3,321,465
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Adjustments				
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Gains on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, net $6(2)$ $59,554$ $60,202$ Expected credit (gain) loss12 $(33,911)$ $2,104$ Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment $6(28)$ $(23,524)$ $(18,647)$ Losses on disposal of right-of-use assets $6(9)$ 80 $-$ Interest income $6(26)$ $(494,542)$ $(66,994)$ Interest expenses $6(29)$ $384,540$ $137,505$ Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method $4,869$ $5,515$ Share-based payment $6(18)$ $27,128$ $55,961$ Changes in operating assets (2473) $-$ Accounts receivable (2473) $-$ Accounts receivable $10,430,574$ $12,402,761$ Accounts receivable $173,763$ $547,302$ Inventories $5,012,036$ $1,440,240$ Prepayments $(181,095)$ $598,317$ Other current assets $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $ 91$ Other current assets $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $ 91$ Changes in ope	Depreciation	6(24)		3,847,394	3,303,062
profit or loss, net 59,554 60,202 Expected credit (gain) loss 12 (33,911 2,104 Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(28) (23,524 (18,647 Losses on disposal of right-of-use assets 6(9) 80 - - Interest income 6(26) (494,542 (66,994) Interest expenses 6(29) 384,540 137,505 Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method 4,869 5,515 Share-based payment 6(18) 27,128 55,961 Changes in operating assets and liabilities 10,430,574 12,402,761 Accounts receivable (2,473<)	Amortisation exese	6(24)		110,599	109,599
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment $6(28)$ $($ $23,524$ $)$ $18,647$ Losses on disposal of right-of-use assets $6(9)$ 80 -Interest income $6(26)$ $($ $494,542$ $)$ $($ Interest expenses $6(29)$ $384,540$ $137,505$ Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method $4,869$ $5,515$ Share-based payment $6(18)$ $27,128$ $55,961$ Changes in operating assets $($ $2,473$ -Notes receivable $($ $2,473$ -Accounts receivable $10,430,574$ $12,402,761$ Accounts receivable $10,430,574$ $12,402,761$ Accounts receivable $173,763$ $547,302$ Inventories $5,012,036$ $1,440,240$ Prepayments $($ $18,095$ $598,317$ Other current assets- 91 Changes in operating liabilities- 91 Changes in operating liabilities- 91 Changes in operating liabilities- 91 Accounts payable $($ $5,992,255$ $3,677,448$ Accounts payable to related parties $($ $150,536$ $($ Accounts payable to related parties $($ $150,536$ $($ Accounts payables $($ $18,84,790$ $($ $646,999$ Other current liabilities $($ $146,899$ $($ Accounts payables $($ $146,899$ $($ $76,773$ Cash inflow gene		6(2)		59,554	60,202
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Expected credit (gain) loss	12	(33,911)	2,104
Interest income $6(26)$ $($ $494,542$ $($ $66,994$ $137,505$ Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method $4,869$ $5,515$ Share-based payment $6(18)$ $27,128$ $55,961$ Changes in operating assets and liabilities $($ $2,473$ $-$ Accounts receivable $($ $2,473$ $-$ Accounts receivable $10,430,574$ $12,402,761$ Accounts receivable due from related parties $639,662$ $157,860$ Other receivables $173,763$ $547,302$ Inventories $5,012,036$ $1,440,240$ Prepayments ($181,095$ $598,317$ Other current assets - 91 $Changes in operating liabilities Accounts payable (5,992,255) 3,677,448 260,440 Other current iabilities (150,536) 260,440 260,440 260,440 260,440 260,440 260,440 260,440 46,599 260,440 46,599 260,440 46,599 260,440 46,599 260,440 $	Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(28)	(23,524) (18,647)
Interest expenses $6(29)$ $384,540$ $137,505$ Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method $4,869$ $5,515$ Share-based payment $6(18)$ $27,128$ $55,961$ Changes in operating assets and liabilities $Changes in operating assets$ $(2,473)$ $-$ Accounts receivable $(10,430,574$ $12,402,761$ Accounts receivable due from related parties $639,662$ $157,860$ Other receivables $173,763$ $547,302$ Inventories $5,012,036$ $(1,440,240)$ Prepayments $($ $181,095$ $598,317$ Other current assets $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $ 91$ Other current assets $ 91$ Other current assets $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $(150,536)$ $260,440$ Accounts payable $(150,536)$ $260,440$ Other current liabilities $(146,899)$ $(76,773)$ Cash inflow generated from operations $12,680,940$ $14,514,203$ Income tax paid $(235,086)$ $(321,943)$	Losses on disposal of right-of-use assets	6(9)		80	-
Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method4,8695,515Share-based payment $6(18)$ $27,128$ $55,961$ Changes in operating assets and liabilities $24,73$ $-$ Changes in operating assets $(2,473)$ $-$ Accounts receivable $10,430,574$ $12,402,761$ Accounts receivable due from related parties $639,662$ $157,860$ Other receivables $173,763$ $547,302$ Inventories $5,012,036$ $1,440,240$ Prepayments $(181,095)$ $598,317$ Other current assets $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $ 91$ Changes in operating liabilities $(150,536)$ $260,440$ Accounts payable $(150,536)$ $260,440$ Other current liabilities $(146,899)$ $(76,773)$ Cash inflow generated from operations $12,680,940$ $14,514,203$ Income tax paid $(2935,086)$ $(321,943)$	Interest income	6(26)	(494,542) (66,994)
using equity method 4,869 5,515 Share-based payment 6(18) 27,128 55,961 Changes in operating assets and liabilities Changes in operating assets 55,961 Notes receivable (2,473) - Accounts receivable 10,430,574 12,402,761 Accounts receivable due from related parties 639,662 157,860 Other receivables 173,763 547,302 Inventories 5,012,036 (1,440,240) Prepayments (181,095) 598,317 Other current assets - 91 Changes in operating liabilities - 91 Accounts payable (5,992,255) (3,677,448) 3,677,448) Accounts payable to related parties (150,536 (260,440)) 0,460,999) Other current liabilities (146,899) (76,773) 76,773) Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 14,514,203 Income tax paid (2,935,086) (321,943) 321,943)	Interest expenses	6(29)		384,540	137,505
Changes in operating assetsNotes receivable $($ 2,473 $)$ -Accounts receivable10,430,57412,402,761Accounts receivable due from related parties639,662157,860Other receivables173,763547,302Inventories5,012,036 (1,440,240 $)$ Prepayments(181,095 $)$ 598,317Other current assets-91Changes in operating liabilities-91Accounts payable(5,92,255 $)$ (3,677,448 $)$ Accounts payable to related parties(150,536 $)$ (260,440 $)$ Other current liabilities(1,884,790 $)$ (646,699 $)$ Other current liabilities(14,6899 $)$ (76,773 $)$ Cash inflow generated from operations12,680,940 14,514,203Income tax paid(935,086 $)$ (321,943 $)$				4,869	5,515
Changes in operating assetsNotes receivable $($ 2,473 $)$ -Accounts receivable10,430,57412,402,761Accounts receivable due from related parties639,662157,860Other receivables173,763547,302Inventories5,012,036 (1,440,240)Prepayments(181,095)598,317Other current assets-91Changes in operating liabilities-91Accounts payable(5,992,255) (3,677,448)Accounts payable to related parties(150,536) (260,440)Other current liabilities(14,84,790) (646,999)Other current liabilities(146,899) (76,773)Cash inflow generated from operations12,680,94014,514,203Income tax paid(935,086) (321,943)	Share-based payment	6(18)		27,128	55,961
Notes receivable $($ $2,473$ $)$ -Accounts receivable10,430,57412,402,761Accounts receivable due from related parties639,662157,860Other receivables173,763547,302Inventories5,012,036 (1,440,240)Prepayments(181,095)598,317Other current assets-91Changes in operating liabilities-91Accounts payable(5,992,255) (3,677,448)Accounts payable to related parties(150,536) (260,440)Other current liabilities(146,899) (76,773)Cash inflow generated from operations12,680,94014,514,203Income tax paid(935,086) (321,943)	Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable 10,430,574 12,402,761 Accounts receivable due from related parties 639,662 157,860 Other receivables 173,763 547,302 Inventories 5,012,036 (1,440,240 Prepayments (181,095 598,317 Other current assets - 91 Changes in operating liabilities - 91 Accounts payable (5,992,255 (3,677,448 Other current liabilities (1884,790 (646,999) Other current liabilities (146,899 (76,773) Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 14,514,203) Income tax paid (935,086) (321,943)	Changes in operating assets				
Accounts receivable due from related parties $639,662$ $157,860$ Other receivables $173,763$ $547,302$ Inventories $5,012,036$ ($1,440,240$)Prepayments($181,095$) $598,317$ Other current assets- 91 Changes in operating liabilities- 91 Accounts payable($5,992,255$) ($3,677,448$)Accounts payable to related parties($150,536$) ($260,440$)Other current liabilities($146,899$) ($76,773$)Other current liabilities12,680,940 $14,514,203$ Income tax paid($935,086$) ($321,943$)	Notes receivable		(2,473)	-
Other receivables $173,763$ $547,302$ Inventories $5,012,036$ ($1,440,240$)Prepayments($181,095$) $598,317$ Other current assets-91Changes in operating liabilities-91Accounts payable($5,992,255$) ($3,677,448$)Accounts payable to related parties($150,536$) ($260,440$)Other current liabilities($184,790$) ($646,999$)Other current liabilities($146,899$) ($76,773$)Cash inflow generated from operations $12,680,940$ $14,514,203$ Income tax paid($935,086$) ($321,943$)	Accounts receivable			10,430,574	12,402,761
Inventories 5,012,036 (1,440,240) Prepayments (181,095) Other current assets - Accounts payable (5,992,255) (3,677,448) Accounts payable to related parties (150,536) (260,440) Other current liabilities (146,899) (76,773) Other current liabilities (12,680,940) Income tax paid (1935,086) (2321,943)	Accounts receivable due from related parties			639,662	157,860
Prepayments (181,095) 598,317 Other current assets - 91 Changes in operating liabilities - 91 Accounts payable (5,992,255) (3,677,448) Accounts payable to related parties (150,536) (260,440) Other payables (1,884,790) (646,999) Other current liabilities (146,899) (76,773) Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 14,514,203 Income tax paid (935,086) (321,943)	Other receivables			173,763	547,302
Other current assets - 91 Changes in operating liabilities - 91 Accounts payable (5,992,255) (3,677,448) Accounts payable to related parties (150,536) (260,440) Other payables (1,884,790) (646,999) Other current liabilities (146,899) (76,773) Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 14,514,203 Income tax paid (935,086) (321,943)	Inventories			5,012,036 (1,440,240)
Changes in operating liabilities Accounts payable (5,992,255) (3,677,448) Accounts payable to related parties (150,536) (260,440) Other payables (1,884,790) (646,999) Other current liabilities (146,899) (76,773) Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 (14,514,203) Income tax paid (935,086) (321,943)	Prepayments		(181,095)	598,317
Accounts payable (5,992,255) (3,677,448) Accounts payable to related parties (150,536) (260,440) Other payables (1,884,790) (646,999) Other current liabilities (146,899) (76,773) Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 14,514,203 Income tax paid (935,086) (321,943)	Other current assets			-	91
Accounts payable to related parties (150,536) (260,440) Other payables (1,884,790) (646,999) Other current liabilities (146,899) (76,773) Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 14,514,203 Income tax paid (935,086) (321,943)	Changes in operating liabilities				
Other payables (1,884,790) (646,999) Other current liabilities (146,899) (76,773) Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 14,514,203 Income tax paid (935,086) (321,943)	Accounts payable		(5,992,255) (3,677,448)
Other current liabilities (146,899) (76,773) Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 14,514,203 Income tax paid (935,086) (321,943)	Accounts payable to related parties		(150,536) (260,440)
Cash inflow generated from operations 12,680,940 14,514,203 Income tax paid (935,086) (321,943)	Other payables		(1,884,790) (646,999)
Income tax paid (<u>935,086</u>) (<u>321,943</u>)	Other current liabilities		(146,899) (76,773)
	Cash inflow generated from operations			12,680,940	14,514,203
Net cash flows from operating activities11,745,85414,192,260	Income tax paid		(935,086) (321,943)
	Net cash flows from operating activities			11,745,854	14,192,260

(Continued)

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS</u> FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

	Notes		Three-month period ended March 31, 2023		Three-month period ended March 31, 2022
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Decrease (Increase) in financial assets at amortised cost		\$	887,257	(\$	1,168,487)
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(87,688)) (180,981)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(33)	(7,925,716)	(7,660,954)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			80,465		150,436
Acquisition of intangible assets		(17,750)	(25,205)
Increase in restricted assets			-		49,296
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets			141,533	(207,576)
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities		(56,426)	1	37,976
Collected income distribution	6(2)		2,311		-
Interest received			521,924		47,746
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(6,454,090)	(8,957,749)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	6(33)		3,542,260	(3,050,032)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(33)		1,299,705		314,495
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6(33)		1,523,216		133,765
Payments of lease liabilities		(27,900)	(31,499)
Interest paid		(397,807)	(114,582)
Change in non-controlling interests – acquisition of shares of the subsidiary	6(32)		1,203,870		863,450
Change in non-controlling interests - disposal of shares from subsidiaries	6(32)		_		1,302,378
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities			7,143,344	(582,025)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(430,582)		1,543,703
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			12,004,526		6,196,189
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			55,243,562		33,789,530
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	67,248,088	\$	39,985,719

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited (the 'Company', formerly named as Foxconn Advanced Technology Limited) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands in June 2006. According to the resolution of the Board of Directors in May 2011, the Company was renamed to Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited and related registration was completed in July 2011. The registration address is Scotia Centre, 4th Floor, P.O. Box 2804, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the 'Group') are engaged in manufacturing, processing and selling printed circuit boards (PCBs). The Company has been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since December 26, 2011.

2. <u>THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED</u> <u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION</u>

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on May 10, 2023.

- 3. <u>APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS</u>
 - (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission ('FSC') (collectively referred herein as the 'IFRSs').

New, revised or amended standards and interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC effective from 2023 are as follows

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Standards Board
Amendment to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of Accounting Policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IAS 8, 'Definition of Accounting Estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, "Deferred Tax related to Assets and	January 1, 2023
Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effects of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations, and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

_ ...

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of	To be determined by
assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	IASB
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and	January 1, 2024
leaseback'	
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17 'Initial Application of IFRS 17 and	January 1, 2023
IFRS 9—Comparative Information'	
Amendments to IFRS 1 'Classification of Liabilities as	January 1, 2024
Current or Non-current'	
Amendments to IFRS 1 'Non-current Liabilities with	January 1, 2024
Covenants'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Except as stated otherwise, the principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of theses consolidated financial statements have been consistently applied to all the periods presented.

(1) <u>Compliance statement</u>

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the 'Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers' and the IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

- (2) <u>Basis of preparation</u>
 - A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets minus present value of defined benefit obligation.
 - B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The items involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or items where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.
- (3) <u>Basis of consolidation</u>
 - A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. 'Subsidiaries' are all entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) The profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income shall be attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, and total comprehensive income shall also be attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are equity transactions (i.e., transactions among owners in their capacity as owners). Difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received shall be recognised directly in equity.
- (e) When the Group loses control in a subsidiary, remaining investments in the former subsidiary shall be re-measured at fair value and serve as fair value of the initially recognized financial asset or the cost of initially recognized investment in associated company or joint venture. The difference between the fair value and book value of the investment is recognized in current profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income related to the subsidiary shall be accounted on the same basis as if the Group had directly disposed of such assets or liabilities. In other words, gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income will be reclassified to profit or loss when such assets or liabilities are disposed of, then if the Group loses control in a subsidiary, such gains or losses are reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

1. (0/)

			C	wnership (%	<u>(0)</u>	
Name of	Name of	Main Business	March	December	March	
Investor	subsidiary	Activities	31, 2023	31, 2022	31, 2022	Description
The Company	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	Trading company	100	100	100	
The Company	Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Holding company	100	100	100	
The Company	Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	Holding company	100	100	100	

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			O	wnership (%	6)	
Name of Investor	Name of subsidiary	Main Business Activities	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	Description
The Company	BoardTek Electronics corporation	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	FAT Holdings Limited (Cayman)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Coppertone Enterprises Limited (B.V.I.)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Pacific Fair International Limited (Hongkong)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Leading Interconnect International Limited (Formerly named: Henley International Limited (Hongkong))	Trading company	100	100	100	(e)
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Huaian Jia Wei Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	Trading company	100	100	100	
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	57.09	69.65	69.65	(b) (e)
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	13.99	-	-	(a)
Coppertone Enterprises Limited (B.V.I.)	Mayco Industrial Limited (Hongkong)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Mayco Industrial Limited (Hongkong)	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Manufacturing company	66.10	66.10	66.09	(c)
Pacific Fair International Limited (Hongkong)	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Manufacturing company	5.70	5.70	5.70	(c)
Avary Holding	Hong Qi Sheng	Manufacturing	100	100	100	

			0	wnership (%	(0)	
Name of Investor	Name of subsidiary	Main Business Activities	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	Description
(Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	company				
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Yu Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Fu Bo Industrial (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Trading company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Investment company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited (Hongkong)	Trading company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Logistics Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Property management company	100	100	100	(d)
Garuda International Limited (Hongkong)	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	Trading company	100	100	100	
Garuda International Limited (Hongkong)	Avary Japan Co., Ltd. (Japan)	Trading company	100	100	100	

			0	wnership (%	⁄0)	
Name of	Name of	Main Business	March	December	March	Description
Investor Avary Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	subsidiary Avary Technology (India) Private Limited (India)	Activities Manufacturing company	<u>31, 2023</u> 100	<u>31, 2022</u> 100	<u>- 31, 2022</u> 100	<u>Description</u>
BoardTek Electronics corporation	BoardTek Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment company	100	100	100	
Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited (India)	Manufacturing company	37.50	37.50	37.50	
Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited (India)	Property management company	99.997	99.997	100	
FAT Holding Limited (Cayman)	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited (India)	Manufacturing company	62.50	62.50	62.50	
FAT Holding Limited (Cayman)	Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited (India)	Property management company	0.003	0.003	-	

- (a) Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. did not participate in the cash capital increase of Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. in Q1 of 2023, thus the shareholding ratio became 13.99%.
- (b) Monterey Park Finance Limited did not participate in the cash capital increase of Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. in Q1 of 2023 and 2022, thus the shareholding ratio became 57.09% and 69.65%, respectively.
- (c) Pacific Fair International Limited (Hongkong) disposed some of its equity interest in Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited on March 31, 2022, causing its shareholding ratio to become 5.70%. Because Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited cancelled 320,000 shares after repurchasing restricted shares, the

shareholding ratios of Mayco Industrial Limited (Hong Kong) and Pacific Fair International Limited (Hong Kong) became 66.10% and 5.70%, respectively, on June 23, 2022.

- (d) On January 25, 2022, the Group invested in Avary Logistics Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. In Shenzhen, which has been included in the consolidated financial statements. It is mainly engaged in the property management business.
- (e) In 2023, the Group adjusted the investment structure. On April 4, 2023, Monterey Park Finance Limitedd transferred its 100% equity interest in Leading Interconnect International Limited to Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Nature and extent of the restrictions on fund remittance from subsidiaries to the parent company: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the non-controlling interests of the Group amounted to \$36,895,061, \$35,972,053 and \$32,379,727, respectively. The information on subsidiaries and their respective non-controlling interests is as follows:

			Non-controll					
	Principal place		March 31, 2023					
Name of subsidiary	of business		Amount	Ownership (%)	Description			
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	China	\$	35,059,144	28.20%				
			Non-controll	ing interests				
	Principal place		December	31, 2022				
Name of subsidiary	of business		Amount	Ownership (%)	Description			
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	China	\$	34,378,498	28.20%				
			Non-controll	ing interests				
	Principal place		March 3	1, 2022				
Name of subsidiary	of business		Amount	Ownership (%)	Description			
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	China	\$	30,640,320	28.21%				
			· · ·	20.2170				
Summary of the fina								
Consolidated balance sheets of Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited								

	Ν	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022
Current assets	\$	74,370,389	\$	81,746,914	\$	65,524,385
Non-current assets		94,452,515		90,129,068		89,012,552
Current liabilities	(39,225,541)(44,105,244)(40,656,268)
Non-current liabilities	(3,917,079)(4,530,438)(<	4,041,017)

Total net assets	\$	125,680,284	\$	123,240,300	\$	109,839,652
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The consolidated statements of comprehensive income of Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited

	p	Three-month eriod ended arch 31, 2023	р	Three-month eriod ended arch 31, 2022
Revenue	\$	29,609,284	\$	31,235,364
Profit before income tax		2,106,563		3,350,531
Income tax expense	(226,221)	(469,979)
Profit		1,880,342		2,880,552
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		1,064,128	(135,269)
Total comprehensive income	\$	2,944,470	\$	2,745,283
Comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests	\$	821,375	\$	765,810

The consolidated statements of cash flows of Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited

	Three-month period ended March 31, 2023			Three-month period ended March 31, 2022
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	13,086,766	\$	14,326,427
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,193,227)(4,948,744)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities		3,335,111 (2,785,273)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,122,628)		592,205
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	_	7,106,022		7,184,615
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_	35,744,799		13,783,793
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	42,850,821	\$	20,968,408
	_			

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The Company's functional currency is USD; however, the consolidated financial statements are presented in NTD because of regulatory requirements.

- A. Foreign currency transactions and balances
 - (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
 - (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
 - (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other

comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.
- B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the Group's entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

When presenting the Group's functional currency-denominated financial statements in NT dollar, the average exchange rates were US\$1=NT\$30.39 and US\$1=NT\$27.99 for the periods January 1 to March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The closing rates were US\$1=NT\$30.45, US\$1=NT\$30.71 and US\$1=NT\$28.63 as of March 31, 2023; December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively.

- (5) <u>Classification of current and non-current items</u>
 - A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date; or
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date

Assets not meeting the above criteria are classified by the Group as non-current assets.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date; or
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Liabilities not meeting the above criteria are classified by the Group as non-current liabilities.

(6) <u>Cash equivalents</u>

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

- (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. Financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are designated as the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition by the Group if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
 - C. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial assets are subsequently measured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognised in profit or loss.
 - D. The Group recognises the dividend income in profit or loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- (8) <u>Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income</u>
 - A. The Group may make irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise the changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for the investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading or the investments in debt instruments that meet both of the following conditions:
 - (a) The financial assets held within a business model whose objective is both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
 - (b) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - (a) The changes in fair value of equity instruments are recognised in other comprehensive income. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income shall be recorded to retained earnings and not be reclassified to profit or loss upon the derecognition. Dividends are recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
 - (b) Except for the impairment losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains or losses which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are recognised in other comprehensive income before derecognition. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

- (9) <u>Financial assets at amortised cost</u>
 - A. Financial assets at amortised cost are meet both of the following conditions:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
 - D. The Group's time deposits which do not meet the condition of cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (10) Notes and accounts receivable
 - A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
 - B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost including accounts receivable or contract assets containing a significant financing component, lease receivables, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, at each balance sheet date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information (including forecasts). On the other hand, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs for accounts receivable or contract assets containing a significant financing component.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) Leasing (lessor)

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

- (15) Investments recognized under the equity method—Associate
 - A. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence but not control and generally holds 20% or more of the voting power directly or indirectly. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized at cost upon acquisition.
 - B. Share of gain or loss from acquisition of associates is recognized as current profit or loss, and share of other comprehensive income upon acquisition is recognized as other comprehensive income. If the Group's share of losses of any associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (including any other unsecured receivables), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
 - C. The Group recognized all share of change in equity in "capital surplus" in proportion to its ownership, when there are changes in an associate's equity that are not recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associates and such changes do not affect the ownership percentage of the associate.
 - D. Unrealized gains or losses on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of its interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - E. When the Group subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.
- (16) Property, plant and equipment
 - A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
 - B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
 - C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
 - D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS

8, 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	5~54 years
Machinery and equipment	2~11 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Other facilities	3~16 years

(17) Leasing (lessee)

- A. The Group recognises lease assets as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the commencement date of the lease. For short-term leases or leases of low value assets, lease payments are recognised as expenses using the straight-line method during the lease term.
- B. The Group measures right-of-use assets at cost on the commencement date of the lease. The costs include the initial measurement amount of lease liabilities and any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets are subsequently measured by adopting the cost model. The Group depreciates the right-of-use assets at the earlier of the right-of-use assets' useful life or the end of lease term.
- C. On the commencement date, the Group measures lease liabilities by the present value of outstanding lease payments, using the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable. In subsequent periods, the Group measures lease liabilities at amortised cost using the effective interest method and recognises interest expense during the lease term. If the lease term or lease payment is changed due to reasons other than amendments to the lease contracts, the Group will remeasure the lease liabilities. The remeasurement amount is then recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets.
- (18) Investment properties

Investment properties are recognised as acquisition costs and subsequently measured using a cost model. With the exception of land, they are depreciated on a straight-line basis over useful life in years, which is 25 years.

- (19) Intangible assets
 - A. Patents and technological expertise

Separately acquired patents and technological expertise are recognised as acquisition costs because the patents and technological expertise acquired from business combinations are recognised at fair value on the date of acquisition. Patents and technical skills are assets with limited service life, and will be amortized in 5 years, based on the estimated service life using the straight-line method.

B. Computer software

Computer software is recognised as acquisition cost and is amortised on a straight-line basis using the estimated useful lives of 3-5 years.

C. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

- (20) Impairment of non-financial assets
 - A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there are any impairment indications. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising

impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated based on the operating segment to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination.
- (21) Borrowings
 - A. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
 - B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-own occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.
 - C. Extension option is not closed related to the host debt instruments, unless the rates are also adjusted close to current market rates when extending.
- (22) Accounts and notes payable
 - A. Accounts payable are the liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services.
 - B. The short-term accounts and notes payable without bearing interest are measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (23) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired.

(24) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Convertible corporate bonds issued by the Group are embedded with conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's ordinary shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of ordinary share), call options and put options. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the indenture, the Group classifies the convertible corporate bonds and the embedded derivative instruments on initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument (the 'capital surplus-share options'). Convertible corporate bonds are accounted for as follows:

- A. The exercise price of call options and put options embedded in the convertible corporate bonds is approximately equal to the amortised cost of the host debt instrument on each exercise date; therefore, call options and put options are closely related to the host debt contract.
- B. Call options, put options and host debt of the convertible corporate bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortised in

profit or loss as an adjustment to the 'finance costs' over the period of bond outstanding using the effective interest method.

- C. Conversion options embedded in convertible corporate bonds issued by the Group, which meet the definition of an equity instrument, are initially recognised in the 'capital surplus-share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less amounts of the 'bonds payable' as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of convertible corporate bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The carrying amount of ordinary shares issued due to the conversion shall be based on the remeasured carrying amount of the abovementioned liability component plus the carrying amount of 'capital surplus-share options'.
- (25) Employee benefits
 - A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service, and shall be recognised as expenses when the employees have rendered service.

- B. Pensions
 - (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions shall be recognised as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions shall be recognised that excess as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

- (b) Defined benefit plans
 - i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is accrued from the present value of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their services in the current or prior periods. The Group recognised the present value of the defined benefit obligation deducting the fair value of plan assets at the balance sheet date. Net obligation of the defined benefit is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method and is discounted by using the market yield on government bonds (at the balance sheet date).
 - ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
 - iii. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations and significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events since that time. Also, relevant information will be disclosed in conjunction with the above policy.
- C. Employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration

Employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for

as changes in estimates. If employees' remuneration (bonus) is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the fair value per share (closing price) at the previous day of the Board of Directors' resolution.

- (26) Employee share-based payment
 - A. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the quantity of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost is recognised based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.
 - B. Employee restricted stocks:
 - (a) Employee restricted stocks measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period.
 - (b) Those restricted stocks do not restrict distribution of dividends to employees and employees are not required to return the dividends received if they resign during the vesting period, the Group recognises the fair value of the dividends received by the employees who are expected to resign during the vesting period as compensation cost at the date of dividends declared.
 - (c) Employees have to pay to acquire those restricted stocks. If employees resign during the vesting period, the Group must refund their payments in exchange for the restricted stocks return by the employees. The Group recognises the payments to the employees who are expected to resign during the vesting period as liabilities at the grant date, and recognises the payments for the employees who are expected to be eventually vested with the stocks in 'capital surplus others'.
- (27) Income tax
 - A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
 - B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. Different tax regulations are applicable to the Group according to the countries where the companies are registered:
 - (a) Companies that are registered in Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands are exempted from income tax in accordance with local regulations.
 - (b) For the companies that are registered in the Republic of China, except for income tax that is estimated in accordance with the tax laws, an additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings. When calculating income tax, except for applying the tax laws to calculate regular tax, the basic tax is calculated under the 'Income Basic Tax Act.' If regular tax is

lower than basic tax, the difference between the two shall be added to income tax payable. The aforementioned difference shall not be offset with investment tax credits under other regulations.

- (c) Income taxes of companies that are registered in Mainland China are calculated in accordance with 'Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax' and its implementation and related notification letters.
- (d) Income taxes of companies that are registered in the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China are calculated based on the revenue earned in Hong Kong and in accordance with 'Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance'.
- (e) For companies registered in Singapore, India, and Japan, they shall estimate business income tax of the current year pursuant to local laws and regulations.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. The interim period income tax expense is accrued based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- G. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.
- (28) Dividends

Cash dividends to be distributed to the Company's shareholders are recorded as liabilities in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's Board of Directors; stock dividends to be distributed to the Company's shareholders are recorded as stock dividends distributable in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders, and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

- (29) <u>Revenue recognition</u>
 - A. Sales of goods
 - (a) The Group manufactures and sells PCBs and related products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has been transferred, i.e., when the products are delivered to the customer. The customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. Sales of PCBs and related products are recognised as the amount of contract price, net of the estimated discounts, credits and price concessions.
 - (b) Account receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.
 - B. Financial components

The contract between the Group and the customer, as the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.

(30) Government grants

Government grants shall not recognised at fair value until there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attaching to them, and that the grants will be received. Government grants shall be recognised in profit on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises as the related expenses for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to property, plant and equipment shall be recognised within non-current liabilities that are recognised in profit on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of related assets.

(31) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal management reports provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources to operating segments and evaluating their performance.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF</u> <u>ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, The Group has taken into consideration the economic impact caused by the novel coronavirus in its significant accounting estimates and will continue to evaluate such impact on its financial conditions and financial performance. and the related information is addressed below:

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Accounting estimates are based on the situation on the balance sheet date to estimate future events, though there could be differences between the actual events and estimation. Estimates

and assumptions on the risk of possible critical adjustments to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for the next fiscal year are as follows:

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgments and estimates. Because of the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Since an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for products within a specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation

As of March 31, 2023, the carrying amount of inventories was \$13,985,135.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022	
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	410	\$	408	\$	107
Checking accounts and demand deposits	41,220,991		30,697,545			23,474,142
Cash equivalents						
Time deposits		26,026,687		24,545,609		16,511,470
	\$	67,248,088	\$	55,243,562	\$	39,985,719

- A. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the Group's time deposits over three months which are recognised within 'financial assets at amortised cost' are referred to in Note 6(3).
- B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others except for restricted demand deposits which are recognised within 'other current assets' and 'other non-current assets'. Refer to Note 8 for details.
- March 31, 2023 December 31, 2022 March 31, 2022 Item Assets - Non-current items Private fund \$ 1.050.828 \$ 1,095,200 \$ 706,789 Unlisted partnership share 498,906 516,398 333,726 1,549,734 1,611,598 1,040,515 Net exchange differences 28,834 52,437 36,156 Total \$ 1,585,890 \$ 1,640,432 \$ 1,092,952
- (2) <u>Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</u>

- A. The Group recognised net loss of \$59,554 and \$60,202 within 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held for trading' for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- B. The distribution of income from private equity funds for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$2,311 and \$0, respectively.
- C. The Group has no unsettled forward foreign exchange transaction as of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022.
- D. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.
- (3) Financial assets at amortised cost

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March 31, 2023 December 31, 2022 March 31, 2022
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Current items:
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Time deposits with maturity			
of over three months	\$ 839,853	\$ 1,907,751	\$ 2,132,768
Guaranteed income financial			
products	-	-	486,625
	\$ 839,853	\$ 1,907,751	\$ 2,619,393
Non-current items:	 		
Time deposits with maturity			
of over three months	\$ 614,856	\$ 448,023	\$ 83,406

- A. Refer to Note 6(26) for interest income arising from financial assets at amortised cost recognized in profit or loss for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
- B. The Group's principal and income guaranteed financial product are income notes for receiving contracted cash flows. Under the contract, the principal will be redeemed on the maturity date with a fixed interest rate at 3.5%.
- C. The Group has no financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as tariff guarantee and government subsidy collateral, except for time deposits with maturity of over three months which are recognised within 'other current assets' and time deposits with maturity of over one year which are recognised within 'other non-current assets'. Refer to Note 8 for details.
- D. Refer to Note 12(2) for the information on credit risk.
- (4) <u>Notes and accounts receivable</u>

	Ma	March 31, 2023		ember 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Notes receivable	\$	32,310	\$	29,697	\$	-
Accounts receivable		16,374,362		26,993,667		23,591,539
		16,406,672		27,023,364		23,591,539
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(58,040) (90,384)	(87,046)
	\$	16,348,632	\$	26,932,980	\$	23,504,493
Accounts receivable due from related parties	\$	2,423,203	\$	3,080,912	\$	2,437,034
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(7,270) (9,247)	(7,298)
	\$	2,415,933	\$	3,071,665	\$	2,429,736

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	March 31, 2023		Dece	ember 31, 2022	March 31, 2022		
Not past due	\$	\$ 18,729,386		29,595,096	\$	25,815,014	
Between 1 and 90 days		67,902		491,345		187,668	
Between 91 and 180 days		19,081		8,972		7,710	
Over 180 days	_	13,506		8,863		18,181	
	\$	18,829,875	\$	30,104,276	\$	26,028,573	

- B. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. In addition, as of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables arising from contracts with customers amounted to \$37,624,006.
- C. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- D. Refer to Note 12(2) for the information on credit risk.
- (5) Other receivables and prepayments

	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022	
Other receivables						
Interest income receivable	\$	187,395	\$	214,777	\$	143,487
Business tax refundable		96,959		196,308		74,264
Receivables from disposal of investments		-		-		372,125
Other		13,344		112,911		44,478
	\$	297,698	\$	523,996	\$	634,354

	March 31, 2023		Dece	mber 31, 2022	March 31, 2022		
Prepayments							
Excess business tax paid	\$	3,598,450	\$	3,246,576	\$	1,795,170	
Prepaid expenses	1,486,738			1,636,965		1,847,158	
	\$	\$ 5,085,188		4,883,541	\$	3,642,328	

The Group's Mainland China subsidiaries are engaged in export sales. Under local regulations, the subsidiaries are entitled to tax benefits on business tax ('VAT') exemption, deduction and refund on the exports of goods. The subsidiaries calculate VAT refund and deductible amounts based on monthly sales by product types. The subsidiaries' counterparties and performing parties are mainly government organizations, so the possibility of default is remote. The subsidiaries recognise related refunds and deductibles within 'other receivables' and 'prepayments', respectively.

(6) <u>Inventories</u>

		Cost		Allowance for valuation losses	Ca	arrying amount
Raw materials	\$	3,441,709	(\$	173,948)	\$	3,267,761
Work in process		4,101,153	(384,141)		3,717,012
Finished goods		7,572,805	(572,443)		7,000,362
	\$	15,115,667	(\$	1,130,532)	\$	13,985,135
			Dec	cember 31, 2022		
		Cost		Allowance for valuation losses	Са	urrying amount
Raw materials	\$	4,341,095	(\$	127,077)	\$	4,214,018
Work in process		5,733,766	(350,732)		5,383,034
Finished goods		8,496,620	(368,828)		8,127,792
	\$	18,571,481	(<u></u>	846,637)	\$	17,724,844
			M	Iarch 31, 2022		
		Cost		Allowance for valuation losses	Са	arrying amount
Raw materials	\$	4,876,140	(\$	128,061)	\$	4,748,079
Work in process		5,686,762	(443,894)		5,242,868
Finished goods		10,416,775	(653,607)		9,763,168
	\$	20,979,677	(\$	1,225,562)	\$	19,754,115

Expenses and losses incurred on inventories for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	р	hree-month eriod ended arch 31, 2023	p	Three-month eriod ended arch 31, 2022
Cost of goods sold	\$	26,538,882	\$	27,955,346
Losses on valuation of inventory		336,349		37,927
Income from sale of scraps and wastes	(405,361)	(464,897)
	\$	26,469,870	\$	27,528,376

	(7)) Non-current financial assets at fair va	lue through other com	prehensive income
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	March 31, 2023		Decen	nber 31, 2022	March 31, 2022		
Equity instruments							
Listed stocks	\$	70,927	\$	70,927	\$	70,927	
Emerging stocks		120,992		120,992		-	
Unlisted stocks		589,957		502,269		519,498	
Valuation adjustment		130,187		48,334		13,331	
Net exchange differences		14,826		10,750		9,878	
Total	\$	926,889	\$	753,272	\$	613,634	

A. The Group has elected to classify the stocks that are considered to be strategic investment as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

B. Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Th	ee-month	Th	ree-month	
	per	iod ended	period ended		
	Marc	March 31, 2023		ch 31, 2022	
Equity instruments	\$	81,853	(\$	57,807)	

C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others.

(8) Property, plant and equipment

		Land]	Buildings and structures	Ν	fachinery and equipment	C	Other facilities		Unfinished construction nd equipment under acceptance		Total
At January 1, 2023												
Cost	\$	2,535,889	\$	32,809,165	\$	73,649,928	\$	40,291,883	\$	19,536,651	\$	168,823,516
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		-	(9,719,163)	(37,469,326)	(21,327,716)		-	(68,516,205)
	\$	2,535,889	\$	23,090,002	\$	36,180,602	\$	18,964,167	\$	19,536,651	\$	100,307,311
<u>2023</u>												
Opening net carrying amount	\$	2,535,889	\$	23,090,002	\$	36,180,602	\$	18,964,167	\$	19,536,651	\$	100,307,311
Additions (transfers)		-		5,464,893		2,114,268		1,843,480	(2,209,190)		7,213,451
Disposals		-		-	(38,485)	(18,456)		-	(56,941)
Depreciation			,		,		,	1 (11 000)			,	
		-	(578,882)	(1,486,737)	(1,644,228)		-	(3,709,847)
Net exchange differences	(16,910)		52,213		35,642		91,366		266,712		429,023
Closing net carrying amount at March 31, 2023	\$	2,518,979	\$	28,028,226	\$	36,805,290	\$	19,236,329	\$	17,594,173	\$	104,182,997
At March 31, 2023												
Cost	\$	2,518,979	\$	38,358,960	\$	75,516,506	\$	42,124,786	\$	17,594,173	\$	176,113,404
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		-	(10,330,734)	(38,711,216)	(22,888,457)		-	(71,930,407)
	\$	2,518,979	\$	28,028,226	\$	36,805,290	\$	19,236,329	\$	17,594,173	\$	\$ 104,182,997

At January 1, 2022		Land	E	Buildings and structures	N	fachinery and equipment	C	Other facilities		Unfinished construction nd equipment under acceptance		Total
Cost	\$	2,338,433	\$	27,766,519	\$	67,804,287	\$	29,653,914	\$	13,434,452	\$	140,997,605
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Ţ		(8,957,477)	(32,088,853)	(13,878,391)	Ŧ	-	(54,924,721)
1	\$	2,338,433	<u>\$</u>	18,809,042	<u>\$</u>	35,715,434	` <u></u>	15,775,523	\$	13,434,452	\$	86,072,884
2022												
Opening net carrying amount	\$	2,338,433	\$	18,809,042	\$	35,715,434	\$	15,775,523	\$	13,434,452	\$	86,072,884
Additions (transfers)		-		294,021		1,535,657		1,735,262		4,013,014		7,577,954
Disposals		-	(18,206)	(113,025)	(558)		-	(131,789)
Depreciation		-	(522,902)	(1,471,571)	(1,203,890)		-	(3,198,363)
Net exchange differences		61,862	_	676,759		1,292,968	_	614,635		503,865		3,150,089
Closing net carrying amount at March 31, 2023	\$	2,400,295	\$	19,238,714	\$	36,959,463	\$	16,920,972	\$	17,951,331	\$	93,470,775
At March 31, 2023												
Cost	\$	2,400,295	\$	29,354,267	\$	71,309,997	\$	32,019,108	\$	17,951,331	\$	153,034,998
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		-	(10,115,553)	(34,350,534)	(15,098,136)		-	(59,564,223)
	\$	2,400,295	\$	19,238,714	\$	36,959,463	\$	16,920,972	\$	17,951,331	\$	93,470,775

A. The significant parts of the Group's buildings and structures include main plants and auxiliary improvements, which are depreciated over 20~54 years and 3~10 years, respectively.

B. The Group assesses recoverable amount of assets at the end of the reporting period based on fair value less selling cost and value-in-use calculations. Additionally, the fair value using market approach valuation technique considering replacement cost belongs to Level 3.

- (9) <u>Right-of-use assets/lease liabilities</u>
 - A. The assets leased by the Group include right-of-use land, buildings, official vehicles and other facilities. The Group's subsidiaries signed right-of-use land contracts with local governments whom the subsidiaries will return the right to when the contract expires. Except for the lease term of right-of-use land of 20 to 50 years, the remaining lease terms are between 2 and 8 years. The lease contracts are negotiated individually and contain various terms and conditions without other restrictions except for the leased assets restricted to pledge to others.
 - B. The leases of buildings, parking space, etc. in the Group are with a lease term of 12 months or less, and the leases for which the underlying asset is of low value are all-in-one printers, etc.
 - C. The information on the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and the recognition of depreciation expense are as follows:

	Ma	March 31, 2023		mber 31, 2022	March 31, 2022			
	Carr	ying amount	Carr	ying amount	Carrying amount			
Right-of-Use Land	\$	8,198,881	\$	8,233,364	\$	8,623,037		
Buildings		59,866		69,631	131,71			
Transportation equipment (official vehicles)		17,076		17,355		25,837		
Other facilities		1,835		7,347	4,108			
	\$	8,277,658	\$	8,327,697	\$	8,784,699		
			pe	nree-month priod ended rch 31, 2023	pe	nree-month priod ended rch 31, 2022		
			pe Ma	eriod ended	pe Ma	eriod ended		
Right-of-Use Land			pe Ma	eriod ended rch 31, 2023	pe Ma	eriod ended rch 31, 2022		
Right-of-Use Land Buildings			pe Ma D	eriod ended rch 31, 2023 epreciation	pe Ma De	riod ended rch 31, 2022 epreciation		
0	cial veh	icles)	pe Ma D	eriod ended rch 31, 2023 epreciation 73,974	pe Ma De	eriod ended rch 31, 2022 epreciation 72,922		
Buildings	cial veh	icles)	pe Ma D	eriod ended rch 31, 2023 epreciation 73,974 11,629	pe Ma De	eriod ended rch 31, 2022 epreciation 72,922 26,087		

The acquisition of the right-of-use assets for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$7,511 and \$21,974, respectively.

- D. As of March 31, 2023, the amount of \$705,496 was still under the registration process in the land use rights contract signed between the Group's subsidiary and local government.
- E. The Group recognised as rental expense for either the lease term of less than 12 months or leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The information on the lease contract affecting profit or loss is as follows:

	peri	ee-month od ended h 31, 2023	Three-month period ended March 31, 2022		
Items affecting current profit or loss					
Interest expense from lease liabilities	\$	2,845	\$	3,953	
Rental expenses for short-term lease contracts	\$	33,384	\$	69,490	
Losses on disposal of right-of-use assets	\$	80	\$	-	

- F. The cash flows used in the lease payments of the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$64,129 and \$104,942, respectively.
- (10) <u>Investment properties</u>

		2023
	Buildin	gs and structures
Opening net carrying amount	\$	4,506,853
Depreciation	(46,018)
Net exchange differences		22,372
Closing net carrying amount	\$	4,483,207
At March 31		
Cost	\$	4,544,411
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(61,204)
	\$	4,483,207

A. Rental income and direct operating expenses arising from investment property:

	nth period ended ch 31, 2023
Rental income from investment property	\$ 7,803
Direct operating expenses arising from investment property that generated rental income during the period	\$ 46,018

- B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as of March 31, 2023 was \$9,171,677, which was revalued by independent appraisers. The valuation is based on income approach which is categorized within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.
- (11) Intangible assets

				20	23			
	tec	atents and hnological expertise		Computer software		Goodwill		Total
At January 1								
Cost	\$	444,365	\$	1,791,152	\$	1,335,623	\$	3,571,140
Accumulative amortisation	(193,058)	(1,239,496)		_	(1,432,554)
	\$	251,307	\$	551,656	\$	1,335,623	\$	2,138,586
Opening net amount	carrying \$	251,307	\$	551,656	\$	1,335,623	\$	2,138,586
Additions (transfe	ers)	-		178,423		-		178,423
Amortisation	(20,971)	(89,628)		-	(110,599)
Net exchange diff	ferences (2,168)		1,788	(11,307)	(11,687)
Closing net amount	carrying <u>\$</u>	\$ 228,168	\$	642,239	\$	1,324,316	\$	2,194,723
At March 31								
Cost	\$	440,603	\$	1,975,420	\$	1,324,316	\$	3,740,339

Accumulative								
amortisation	(212,435)	(1,333,181)		-	(1,545,616)
	\$	228,168	\$	642,239	\$	1,324,316	\$	2,194,723
				20	22			
	tecl	tents and nnological xpertise		Computer software		Goodwill		Total
At January 1								
Cost	\$	400,522	\$	1,400,642	\$	1,203,863	\$	3,005,027
Accumulative amortisation	(95,971)	(829,748)		-	(925,719)
	\$	304,551	\$	570,894	\$	1,203,863	\$	2,079,308
Opening net carryin amount Addition	g \$	304,551	\$	570,894 25,205	\$	1,203,863	\$	2,079,308 25,205
Amortisation	(20,944)	(88,655)		-	(109,599)
Net exchange differences		9,982		19,548		41,100		70,630
Closing net carryin amount	g <u>\$</u>	293,589	\$	526,992	\$	1,244,963	\$	2,065,544
At March 31								
Cost	\$	414,196	\$	1,512,061	\$	1,244,963	\$	3,171,220
Accumulative amortisation	(120,607)	(985,069)		-	(1,105,676)
	\$	293,589	\$	526,992	\$	1,244,963	\$	2,065,544

- A. The Group acquired 100% of the shares of BoardTek Electronics corporation on November 4, 2020 and Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd. in 2008, and recognised goodwill and patents and technological expertise under the acquisition method.
- B. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified by operating segments. The recoverable amount has been determined based on value-in-use calculations with operating income rate, growth rate and discount rate. Management determined budgeted operating income rate based on its expectations of market development, the growth rates based on the expectations of industry, and the discount rates based on the weighted average capital cost.
- (12) Other non-current assets

		Marc	ch 31, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022	Mar	ch 31, 2022
Prepayments for facilities	business	\$	826,714	\$	891,956	\$	452,168
Refundable deposits			86,903		229,363		104,782
Net defined benefit as	sets		82,302		82,309		47,403
Other			328,601		331,455		63,030
		\$	1,324,520	\$	1,535,083	\$	667,383

Information about the other non-current assets that were pledged to others as tariff guarantee and reserve accounts for long-term is described in Note 8.

(13) <u>Short-term borrownigs</u>						
Type of borrowings	Ma	arch 31, 2023	Inte	erest rate range		Collateral
Credit loans	\$	20,483,147	1.5%~8.25%		No	
Type of borrowings	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Interest rate range		Collateral	
Credit loans	\$	16,819,556	1	.25%~8.20%		No
Type of borrowings	N	larch 31, 2022	Inte	erest rate range		Collateral
Credit loans	\$	17,103,444	().34%~6.40%		No
(14) Other payables						
	Ma	urch 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Ma	urch 31, 2022
Payable on machinery and						
equipment	\$	9,557,719	\$	9,870,079	\$	6,406,465
Dividends payable		5,682,295		-		4,735,246
Wages and bonuses payable		4,696,489		5,270,984		4,235,590
Payable on mold and jig		574,332		683,966		716,082
Repairs and maintenance fees payable		474,447		763,148		461,789
Power expenses payable		296,268		326,086		319,430
Taxes Payable		264,030		409,036		182,926
Processing expenses payable		137,491		196,373		516,004
Other		2,089,133		2,662,094		2,081,721
	\$	23,772,204	\$	20,181,766	\$	19,655,253
(15) Bonds payable						
	Ma	arch 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Ma	urch 31, 2022
3rd overseas unsecured convertible bonds:						
Bonds payable	\$	12,180,000	\$	12,284,000	\$	11,450,000
Less: Discount on bonds						
payable	(487,146) (· 	545,895)	(661,482)
		11,692,854		11,738,105		10,788,518
Less: Current portion of bonds payable (within 'Long-term	(11 602 854)		11 729 105)		
liabilities, current portion')	(<u> </u>	11,692,854) (11,738,105)	<u>۴</u>	10 799 519
Bonds payable	\$		\$	-	\$	10,788,518

(13) <u>Short-term borrowings</u>

A. Conditions for issuance of 3rd overseas unsecured convertible bonds are as follows:

- (a) The competent authority has approved the Company's third issuance of overseas unsecured corporate bonds on June 16, 2020. The total issue amount of the bonds is USD 400,000 thousand, at a coupon rate of 0% and maturity of 5 years from June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2025.
- (b) The conversion price of the bonds is adjusted based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds. As of March 31, 2023, the conversion price was NT\$138.45 (exchange rate of NTD 29.593 to USD 1), and no convertible bonds had been converted to ordinary shares.

- (c) The bondholders have the right to require the Company to repurchase all or any portion of bonds at the price of the bonds' principal amount with an annual rate of 0% as interest compensation (100% of the principal amount of the corporate bonds) on the day when three years have elapsed since issuance of the bonds. Because of the above conditions, the Group transferred all convertible corporate bonds to current liabilities on March 31, 2023.
- (d) Except for bonds redeemed before maturity, repurchased and retired, or converted by the bondholders, the Company will fully redeem the bonds at the maturity date with an annual rate of 0% based on the principal amount. The redemption amount is about 100% of the principal amount of the corporate bonds, and the bonds will be redeemed in full.
- (e) According to the terms of the bonds, all bonds repurchased (including bonds repurchased from the secondary market), redeemed before or at maturity, or converted by the bondholders are retired and not to be re-issued.
- (f) According to the terms of the bonds, the rights and obligations of newly issued shares after conversion are the same as other issued ordinary shares.
- (g) The effective rate of the corporate bonds is 1.86%.
- B. Regarding the issuance of overseas unsecured corporate bonds, the equity conversion options were separated from the liability component in accordance with IAS 32. The issuance of the 3rd overseas unsecured corporate bonds in 2020 was recognised as 'capital surplus-stock options' of \$996,753 as of March 31, 2023.

(16) Long-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	March 31, 2022
Syndicated loans	Borrowing period is from April 6, 2021 to April 6, 2024; principal is repayable semiannually from October 6, 2023 in two installments; 50% of principal has to be repaid for each installment.	
		\$ 7,612,500
Credit loans	Borrowing period is from March 24, 2022 to March 24, 2036; principal is repayable semiannually after four years since the first drawdown in twenty installments; 5% of principal has to be repaid respectively.	4,509,739
	Borrowing period is from January 18, 2023 to January 18, 2025; principal is repayable semiannually after six months since the first drawdown in four installments; 5% of principal has to be repaid during each of the first three installments; principal has to be repaid at maturity.	443,122
	Borrowing period is from August 18, 2022 to July 29, 2036; principal is repayable semiannually after four years since the first drawdown in twenty installments; 5% of principal has to be repaid respectively.	1,994,048
	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2023 to March 30, 2026; principal and interest are payable in equal proportions at the end of each quarter.	301,267
	Borrowing period is from May 9, 2022 to May 9, 2035; principal is repayable semiannually after three years since the first drawdown in twenty installments; 5% of principal has to be repaid respectively.	1,224,922
	Borrowing period is from June 29, 2022 to June 28, 2035; principal is repayable semiannually after three years since the first drawdown in twenty installments; 5% of principal has to	1,237,771

Type of	Demonsing a seried and assessment to ass	Ма	mah 21, 2022
borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Ma	rch 31, 2022
	be repaid respectively. Borrowing period is from January 25, 2021 to July 25, 2024; interest is payable on a monthly basis; principal has to be		
	repaid in lump sum at maturity.		761,741
Subtotal			18,085,110
Less: Syndicat	ted loan arrangement fees	(6,344)
Less: Current	portion of long-term borrowings (within 'Long-term liabilities,		
current portion	1')	(3,803,078)
		\$	14,275,688
Interest rate		3	.30%~6.95%
Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	De	ecember 31, 2022
Syndicated	Borrowing period is from April 6, 2021 to April 6, 2024;		
loans	principal is repayable semiannually from October 6, 2023 in two installments; 50% of principal has to be repaid for each installment.	\$	7,677,500
Credit loans	Borrowing period is from March 24, 2022 to March 24, 2036; principal is repayable semiannually after four years since the first drawdown in twenty installments; 5% of principal has to be repaid respectively.		6,426,497
	Ten loans with borrowing period from January 25, 2021 to June 28, 2035 are payable on the due date.		2,704,919
Subtotal			16,808,916
Less: Syndicat	ted loan arrangement fees	(7,997)
-	portion of long-term borrowings (within 'Long-term liabilities,		, ,
current portion	ı')	(3,834,751)
		\$	12,966,168
Interest rate		1	.97%~4.73%
Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Ma	urch 31, 2022
Syndicated	Borrowing period is from April 6, 2021 to April 6, 2024;	IVIA	ileli 51, 2022
loans Credit loans	principal is repayable semiannually from October 6, 2023 in two installments; 50% of principal has to be repaid for each installment. Borrowing period is from March 24, 2022 to March 24, 2036;	\$	7,156,250
	principal is repayable semiannually after four years since the first drawdown in twenty installments; 5% of principal has to be repaid respectively.		316,437
	Borrowing period is from January 25, 2021 to July 25, 2024; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		286,887
	Borrowing period is from March 18, 2021 to July 25, 2024; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		143,444
	Borrowing period is from June 29, 2021 to July 25, 2024; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		286,887
Subtotal			8,189,905
Less: Syndicat	ted loan arrangement fees	(11,927)
		\$	8,177,978

Type of		
borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	March 31, 2022

Interest rate

1.01%~4.20%

During the terms of the syndicated loans, in accordance with the syndicated loan agreement, the Company is required to calculate and maintain certain level of current ratio, liability ratio, times-interest-earned ratio and net tangible asset balance based on the audited annual and semi-annual consolidated financial statements.

(17) Pensions

- A. Defined benefit plans
 - The Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan, Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd. and (a) BoardTek Electronics corporation, have defined benefit pension plans in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Taiwan subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent Supervisory Committee of Labor Retirement Reserve Fund (the 'Fund'). Before the end of each year, the Taiwan subsidiaries assess the balance in the aforementioned Fund. If the balance in the Fund is insufficient to pay the retirement benefits of employees who are eligible for retirement in the following year by the aforementioned method, the Taiwan subsidiaries are required to fund the deficit in one appropriation before the end of next March.
 - (b) The pension costs recognised by the Group in accordance with the above pension plan were \$10 and \$10 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
 - (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group amount to \$15 for the year ended December 31, 2024.
- B. Defined contribution plan
 - (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Taiwan subsidiaries of the Group have established a defined contribution pension plan (the 'New Plan') under the Labor Pension Act, covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Taiwan subsidiaries of the Group contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The contribution plan accrued dividends from an employee's individual account is paid monthly or in lump sum upon retirement of an employee. The pension expenses recognised by the Group in accordance with the above pension plan were \$20,286 and \$19,900 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
 - (b) The Mainland China subsidiaries of the Group have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages with the contribution percentage of 10%~20%, and pension is contributed to the

employees' individual pension accounts. Pension of each employee is managed by the government. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. The pension expenses recognised in accordance with local regulations were \$364,306 and \$386,123 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(18) Share-based payment

_

A. The share-based payment arrangements of the Company's subsidiary, Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited, are as follows:

Type of arrangements	Grant date	Quantity granted	Contract period	Vesting conditions
Restricted stocks to employees	2017.02.27	185,080 thousand shares	7 years	(a)(c)
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.06.15	10,045 thousand shares	6 years	(b)(c)(d)

- (a) A restricted stock has not vested until an employee remains the employ in the Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited for 2 years starting from the purchase date. Shares will be vested in accordance with the number of the grantees' shares at 20% every year. For an employee who does not satisfy the vesting conditions, the employee's investment would be refunded by the Group at the lower of the investment amount or the carrying amount of net assets. However, appropriated dividend is not required to be returned.
- (b) A restricted stock has not vested until an employee remains the employ in the Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited for 1 year starting from the purchase date. For an employee who does not satisfy the vesting conditions, the employee's investment would be refunded by the Group at the vested price and retired.
- (c) Until the achievement of the vesting conditions, the right and obligation: cannot sell, pledge, transfer, give to others, create a right in rem over it or any other disposal.
- (d) The vested conditions of the issuance of restricted shares for employees were the annual operating revenue reached a predetermined target and employees' individual performance reached a standard level. For an employee who does not satisfy the vesting conditions, the employee's investment would be refunded by the Group at the vested price and retired.
- B. Employee restricted stocks

The numbers of employees restricted stocks for the first time are as follows (in thousand shares):

		2023	2022
Outstanding as of January 1		70,874	109,917
Vested during the current period	(35,437) (36,639)
Outstanding at March 31		35,437	73,278

The numbers of employees restricted stocks for the second time are as follows (in thousand shares):

	2023	2022
Outstanding as of January 1	7,224	9,760
Returned during the current period	- (35)
Outstanding at March 31	7,224	9,725

C. Expenses incurred on the share-based payment are as follows:

	Three-month period ended March 31, 2023		Three-month period ended March 31, 2022	
Expenses incurred on employees restricted stocks	\$	27,128	\$	55,961

(19) Share capital

- A. As of March 31, 2023, the Company's authorised capital was \$16,000,000, and the issued capital was \$9,470,492, consisting of 947,049 thousand ordinary shares with a par value of NTD 10 per share.
- B. As of March 31, 2023, the number of ordinary shares of the Company held by the Group's subsidiary, BoardTek Investment Co., Ltd., was 2,093 thousand shares, and the acquisition cost amounted to \$257,489 within the 'treasury shares'. The treasury shares shall not be pledged to others, and the shareholders' rights shall not be enjoyed before transfer under Securities and Exchange Act.

(20) Capital surplus

						2	2023			
	Additional paid-in capital arising from ordinary share	Additional paid-in capital arising from bonds conversion	Sha		Expired share options	i i	Changes in ownership nterests in ubsidiaries	Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	Treasury share transactio ns	Total
At January 1	\$ 10,754,926	\$ 13,624,555	\$ 996	5,753 \$	59,426	\$	10,707,222	\$ 1,858,418	\$ 19,887	\$ 38,021,187
Employee restricted stocks	-	-		-	-		19,575	-	-	19,575
Recognition of changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-		_	-		490,856	-	-	490,856
At March 31	\$ 10,754,926	\$ 13,624,555	\$ 996	5,753 \$	59,426	\$	11,217,653	\$ 1,858,418	\$ 19,887 §	\$ 38,531,618
						2	2022			
	Additional paid-in capital arising from ordinary	Additional paid-in capital arising from bonds	Sha		Expired share	1	Changes in ownership interests in	Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or	Treasury share transactio	Total
	share	conversion	opti	ons	options	S	ubsidiaries	disposed	ns	
At January 1	share \$ 10,754,926			ons 5,753 \$	1		ubsidiaries 10,389,506		\$ 	\$ 36,937,742
At January 1 Employee restricted stocks					1				\$ 	\$ 36,937,742 40,350
•					1		10,389,506			\$

A. Capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of ordinary share is used to offset accumulated losses incurred in previous years or distribute dividends to shareholders.

B. Refer to Note 6(15) for capital surplus-share options.

C. Refer to Note 6(32) for capital surplus arising from the recognition of changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries.

(21) <u>Retained earnings</u>

- A. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors shall set aside out of the current year's earnings sequentially as follows:
 - (a) A reserve for payment of tax for the relevant financial year;
 - (b) An amount to offset losses incurred in previous years;
 - (c) Ten percent (10%) as a general reserve, and
 - (d) A special surplus reserve as required by the applicable securities authority under the applicable public company rules or a reserve as determined by the Board of Directors.

Dividends shall not be lower than 10% of the distributable amount, and the Board of Directors can determine to distribute in cash, in shares or to distribute in both ways. However, cash dividends shall not be lower than 50% of total dividends.

In addition, cash dividends shall be distributed upon the approval of a majority of the directors present at a meeting attended by at least two-thirds or more of the total number of the directors. Share dividends can be distributed after obtaining approval from the shareholders in each accounting year.

B. The appropriations of 2022 earnings have been proposed by the Board of Directors on March 13, 2023 and the appropriations of 2021 earnings have been approved by the shareholders' meetings on May 31, 2022. Details are summarised as follows:

		year ended per 31, 2022	For the year ended December 31, 2021			
	Amount	Dividends per share (in New Taiwan dollars)	Amount	Dividends per share (in New Taiwan dollars)		
Allocation to general reserve	\$ 1,421,842		\$ 965,710			
Allocation to (Reversal of) special reserve	(1,965,864)		717,985			
Cash dividends	5,682,295	6.00	4,735,246	5.00		
Total	\$ 5,138,273		\$ 6,418,941			

Information on the appropriation of the Company's earnings as proposed at the board meeting and resolved at the shareholders' meeting is posted in the 'Market Observation Post System' on the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(22) Other equity interest

	fro me	ealised gains (losses) om financial assets asured at fair value through other prehensive income	on tran foreigr	e differences Islation of I financial ements	Total
At January 1, 2023	\$	17,555	(\$	2,899,992) (\$	2,882,437)
Valuation adjustment		51,871		-	51,871
Currency translation differences:					
- Group		-		651,829	651,829
At March 31, 2023	\$	69,426	(\$	2,248,163) (\$	2,178,737)
	fro me	ealised gains (losses) om financial assets asured at fair value through other nprehensive income	on tran foreigr	e differences Islation of I financial ements	Total
At January 1, 2022	\$	38,071	(\$	4,886,372) (\$	4,848,301)
Valuation adjustment	(44,772)		- (44,772)
Currency translation differences:					
- Group		-		3,262,625	3,262,625
At March 31, 2022	(<u></u>	6,701)	(<u></u>	1,623,747) (\$	1,630,448)
(23) Operating revenue					
		Three-month per March 31, 2			
Revenue from contracts customers	s with	\$	31,545,153	\$	33,915,240

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time. The Group's geographical revenue based on the countries where customers are located:

		onth period ended arch 31, 2023	Three-month period ended March 31, 2022		
Revenue from contracts with customers					
U.S.A.	\$	24,422,425	\$	24,017,084	
Mainland China		3,732,557		5,988,467	
Taiwan		1,619,751		2,325,581	
Others	_	1,770,420		1,584,108	
	\$	31,545,153	\$	33,915,240	

(24) Expenses by nature

	onth period ended rch 31, 2023	Three-month period ended March 31, 2022		
Employee benefit expenses	\$ 4,489,272	\$	5,056,202	
Depreciation	3,847,394		3,303,062	
Amortisation	110,599		109,599	
	\$ 8,447,265	\$	8,468,863	
) Employee benefit expenses				
	onth period ended rch 31, 2023		onth period ended rch 31, 2022	
Wages and salaries	\$ 3,472,531	\$	3,937,709	
Employees' remuneration	2,885		78,216	
Labor and health insurance fees	241,141		229,003	
Pension expenses	384,602		406,033	

(25)

	Three-montl
	March
We are and solution	¢

		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Wages and salaries	\$	3,472,531	\$ 3,937,709
Employees' remuneration		2,885	78,216
Labor and health insurance fees		241,141	229,003
Pension expenses		384,602	406,033
Other personnel expenses		388,113	 405,241
	\$	4,489,272	\$ 5,056,202
	~		1 ~ 1 11

- In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall A. distribute employee's remuneration between zero point five percent (0.5%) and twenty percent (20%) and distribute directors' remuneration no higher than zero point five percent (0.5%) of the distributed earnings covering accumulated losses.
- B. In accordance with the above Articles of Incorporation, the Company recognised employees' remuneration of \$2,885 and \$78,216 and directors' remuneration of \$2,885 and \$4,375 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration as resolved by the Board of Directors' for the year ended December 31, 2022 were equal to the amount recognised in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- D. Information on employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and shareholders is posted in the 'Market Observation Post System' at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(26) Interest income

	Three-month period ended March 31, 2023		Three-month period ended March 31, 2022		
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	482,591	\$	50,122	
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		11,951		16,872	
	\$	494,542	\$	66,994	
(27) Other income					
	Three-month period ended March 31, 2023			th period ended h 31, 2022	
Government grants revenue	\$	114,116	\$	73,996	
Others		34,336		13,829	
	\$	148,452	\$	87,825	

(28) Other gains and losses

、		onth period ended rch 31, 2023		nth period ended ch 31, 2022
Net currency exchange (losses) gains	(\$	521,224)	\$	455,333
Net losses on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	(59,554)	(60,202)
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment		23,524		18,647
Others	(14,232)		
	(\$	571,486)	\$	413,778
(29) Finance costs				
		onth period ended rch 31, 2023		onth period ended ch 31, 2022
Interest expenses				
Bank borrowings	\$	326,087	\$	82,332
Amortisation of convertible bond discounts		54,025		49,762
Amortisation of syndicated loan arrangement fees		1,583		1,458
Interest expense from lease liabilities		2,845		3,953
	\$	384,540	\$	137,505
(30) <u>Income tax</u>				
A. Components of income tax	expense			
		onth period ended rch 31, 2023		onth period ended rch 31, 2022
Current tax:				
Tax payable arising from the current period	\$	44,714	\$	473,211
Adjustments in respect of prior years		-	(10,598)
Total current tax		44,714		462,613
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(7,040)		83,359
Total deferred tax	(7,040)		83,359
Income tax expense	\$	37,674	\$	545,972

B. The income tax returns of the Group's subsidiaries, Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd., Garuda Technology Co., Ltd., BoardTek Electronics corporation, and BoardTek Investment Co., Ltd. have been assessed and approved through 2020 and 2020, 2020 and 2021 by the Tax Authority.

(31) Earnings per share

	Three-month period ended March 31, 202				
	Amount after tax		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	s (in Ta	nings per share n New aiwan ollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	503,598	944,956	\$	0.53
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	503,598	944,956		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares and employees' earnings			3,627		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent considering assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	503,598	948,583	\$	0.53
ordinary shares	Ψ	505,570		Ψ	0.55
		Three-mon	th period ended Marc	ch 31, 2	2022
	A	mount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	s (i T	nings per share in New aiwan ollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	1,872,637	944,956	\$	1.98
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	1,872,637	944,956		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares					
Overseas convertible bonds		49,762	81,670		
Employees' remuneration		-	2,073		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent considering assumed conversion of all dilutive potential					
ordinary shares	\$	1,922,399	1,028,699	\$	1.87

As employees' remuneration might be distributed in the form of shares, the diluted EPS is calculated based on the assumption that all distribution will be in the form of shares in the calculation of the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the reporting period, taking into account the dilutive effects of stock bonus on potential ordinary shares.

- (32) Transactions with non-controlling interests
 - A. The Group did not participate in the capital increase raised by a subsidiary proportionally to its interest to the subsidiary.
 - (a) In the first quarter of 2023, the Group's subsidiary, Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has increased its capital by issuing new shares. As the Group did not acquire shares proportionately, the shareholding ratio decreased by 2.48%. The abovementioned transaction resulted in an increase in the non-controlling interest by \$713,014 and an increase in the equity attributable to owners of the parent by \$490,856.
 - (b) In the first quarter of 2022, the Group's subsidiary, Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has increased its capital by issuing new shares. As the Group did not acquire shares proportionately, the shareholding ratio decreased by 0.74%. The abovementioned transaction resulted in an increase in the non-controlling interest by \$720,409 and an increase in the equity attributable to owners of the parent by \$143,041.
 - (c) The effect of changes in interests in the Group on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 is shown below:

	Thr	ree-month period ended March 31, 2023	Tł	mree-month period ended March 31, 2022
Cash	\$	1,203,870	\$	863,450
Increase in carrying amount of non-controlling interests	(713,014)	(720,409)
Capital surplus - recognition of changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries	\$	490,856	\$	143,041

- B. Disposal of ownership interest in the subsidiary without losing control
 - (a) In January 2022, the Group's subsidiary, Pacific Fair International Limited, disposed the share equity of Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited which caused the Group's shareholding ratio to decrease by 0.31% in the amount of \$1,302,378. The carrying amount of the Group's non-controlling interest was \$547,116 on the day of sale. This transaction increased non-controlling interests by \$547,116, and equity attributable to owners of parent increased by \$755,262.
 - (b) The effect of changes in interests in the Group on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 is shown below:

	Three-month period ended March 31, 2022
Carrying amount disposed to non-controlling interest ($\$$	535,112)
Consideration paid from non-controlling interest	1,302,378
Other equity interest (e.g., as financial statements translation differences of foreign operations) (12,004)
Capital surplus - difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or	
disposed \$	755,262

(33) Additional information of cash flows

A. Investing activities with partial cash payment:

	onth period ended urch 31, 2023	Three-month period ended March 31, 2022			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$ 7,213,451	\$	7,577,954		
Add: Opening balance of payable on machinery and equipment (within 'other payables')	9,870,079		6,255,970		
Less: Ending balance of payable on machinery and equipment (within 'other	0.557.710)		6 406 465 \		
payables') (9,557,719) (<	6,406,465)		
Net exchange differences	 399,905		233,495		
Cash paid during the period	\$ 7,925,716	\$	7,660,954		

B. Financing activities without cash flow effects:

	e-month period ended March 31, 2023	Th	ree-month period ended March 31, 2022
Declared cash dividends	\$ 5,682,295	\$	4,735,246

C. Changes in liabilities from financing activities

e					U							
	2023											
			Lease liabilities				Long-term porrowings	Guarantee deposits received			tal liabilities om financing activities	
At January 1	\$	16,819,556	\$	423,659	\$	11,738,105	\$	16,800,920	\$ 10	,162,913	\$	55,945,153
Change in cash flow from financing activities		3,542,260	(30,745)		-		1,299,705	1	,523,216		6,334,436
Change in right-of-use assets		-		1,828		-		-		-		1,828
Losses on disposal of right-of-use assets		-		80		-		-		-		80
Amortisation on interest expenses		-		2,845		54,025		1,583		-		58,453
Effect of exchange rate fluctuation		121,331		4,762	(99,276)	(23,442) (46,440)	(43,065)
At March 31	\$ 2	20,483,147	\$	402,429	\$	11,692,854	\$	18,078,766	\$ 11	,639,689	\$	62,296,885
	2022						2					
		ort-term rowings		Lease liabilities		Bonds payable		Long-term porrowings	de	arantee posits ceived		otal liabilities om financing activities

	Short-termLeaseBondsLong-termborrowingsliabilitiespayableborrowings		0	received			from financing activities				
At January 1	\$	19,636,568	\$	517,316	\$ 10,383,152	\$	7,599,023	\$	4,600,762	\$	42,736,821
Change in cash flow from financing activities	(3,050,032)	(35,452)	-		314,495		133,765	(2,637,224)
Change in right-of-use assets		-		21,974	-		-		-		21,974
Amortisation on interes expenses	t	-		3,953	49,762		1,458		-		55,173
Effect of exchange rate fluctuation		516,908	(342)	 355,604		263,002		163,246		1,298,418
At March 31	\$	17,103,444	\$	507,449	\$ 10,788,518	\$	8,177,978	\$	4,897,773	\$	41,475,162

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) <u>Names of related parties and relationship</u>

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	The entity has significant influence over the Group
CyberTAN Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
Ennoconn Corporation and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
Foxconn Interconnect Technology Limited and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
Foxconn Technology Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
Guangdong Zhan Yang Intelligent Equipment Co., Ltd.	Associate

(2) Significant related parties transactions and balances

A. <u>Sales</u>

	e-month period March 31, 2023	Three-month period ended March 31, 2022		
Sale of goods:				
- Entity with significant influence over the Company	\$ 1,153,747	\$	1,383,830	
- Other related parties	895,725		666,673	
	\$ 2,049,472	\$	2,050,503	

Unless the prices and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements due to no similar transactions, the sales prices and credit terms to related parties were similar to regular parties. The normal credit term is around 1 to 4 months for general clients and related parties.

B. Purchases

		-month period March 31, 2023	-month period March 31, 2022
Purchase of goods:			
- Entity with significant influence over the Company	\$	42,898	\$ 210,768
- Other related parties		1,114,855	975,034
- Associate	_	649	 185
Total	\$	1,158,402	\$ 1,185,987

Unless the prices and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements due to no similar transactions, the purchase prices and payment terms to related parties were similar to third parties. The normal payment term is around 1 to 4 months for general suppliers and related parties.

C. Accounts receivable

]	<i>c</i>		,		March 31, 2022	
	Accounts receivable - related partie	s:						
	- Entity with significant influer over the Company	nce \$	1,425,407	\$	2,076,812	\$	1,690,599	
	- Other related parties	_	997,796		1,004,100		746,435	
			2,423,203		3,080,912		2,437,034	
	Less: Allowance for bad debts	(7,270) (9,247)) (7,298)	
	Total	\$	2,415,933	\$	3,071,665	\$	2,429,736	
D.	Notes and accounts payable							
]	March 31, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2022		March 31, 2022	
	Accounts payable - Related parties:							
	- Entity with significant influence over the Company	e \$	20,966	\$	24,839	\$	54,618	
	- Other related parties		768,741		910,292		786,131	
	- Associate		736		895		214	
		\$	790,443	\$	936,026	\$	840,963	
Key	management compensation							
	r L			nded		-	•	
Sho	rt-term employee benefits		2	7,033	\$		45,275	
	Key	 Entity with significant influer over the Company Other related parties Less: Allowance for bad debts Total D. Notes and accounts payable Accounts payable - Related parties: Entity with significant influence over the Company Other related parties Associate Key management compensation 	Accounts receivable - related parties: - Entity with significant influence over the Company \$ - Other related parties Less: Allowance for bad debts (Total \$ D. Notes and accounts payable Accounts payable - Related parties: - Entity with significant influence over the Company \$ - Other related parties - Associate <u>\$</u> <u>Key management compensation</u>	Accounts receivable - related parties: 	2023Accounts receivable - related parties:- Entity with significant influence over the Company\$ 1,425,407 \$- Other related parties $997,796$ 2,423,203 $2,423,203$ Less: Allowance for bad debts Total $7,270$ (\$ 2,415,933 \$D. Notes and accounts payableMarch 31, Dec 2023Accounts payable - Related parties: over the CompanyMarch 31, Dec 2023- Entity with significant influence over the Company\$ 20,966 \$- Other related parties768,741- Associate 736 \$ 790,443 \$Key management compensationThree-month period ended March 31, 2023	2023 2022 Accounts receivable - related parties:- Entity with significant influence over the Company\$ 1,425,407\$ 2,076,812- Other related parties $997,796$ $1,004,100$ 2,423,203 $3,080,912$ Less: Allowance for bad debts Total $(7,270)(9,247)$ D. Notes and accounts payable (2023) $3,071,665$ D. Notes and accounts payableMarch 31, 2023 2022 Accounts payable - Related parties: over the Company $(20,966)$ $24,839$ - Other related parties $768,741$ $910,292$ - Associate 736 \$ 790,443 895 Key management compensationThree-month period ended March 31, 2023Three-month March 31, 2023	2023 2022 Accounts receivable - related parties:- Entity with significant influence over the Company\$ 1,425,407 \$ 2,076,812 \$- Other related parties $997,796$ $1,004,100$ 2,423,203 $3,080,912$ Less: Allowance for bad debts $(7,270)(9,247)(9,247)(9,247)(9,247))(9,247)(9,247)(9,247))(9,247)(9,247)(9,247))(9,247)(9,247))Total$ 2,415,933 $ 3,071,665 $D.Notes and accounts payableMarch 31,20232022Accounts payable - Related parties: Entity with significant influenceover the Company$ 20,966 $ 24,839 $- Other related parties768,741 910,292- Associate736$ 936,026 $Key management compensationThree-month period endedMarch 31, 2023Three-month period endedMarch 31, 2023$	

8. <u>PLEDGED ASSETS</u>

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged assets	M	Iarch 31, 2023	December 31, 2022			March 31, 2022	Collateral purpose		
Other current assets									
- Time deposits with maturity of over three months	\$	4,638	\$	4,640	\$	4,718	Tariff guarantee and government subsidy guarantee		
- Demand deposits		-		-		64,480	Standby Letters of Credit and Other		
Other non-current assets									
- Demand deposits		219,834		221,711		-	Reserve accounts for long-term borrowings		
- Time deposits with maturity of over one							Tariff guarantee		
year		27,830		27,839		28,305			
	\$	252,302	\$	254,190	\$	97,503			

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT</u> COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

- (2) <u>Commitments</u>
 - A. Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet paid is as follows:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 33,642,2	80 \$ 35,412,514	\$ 16,897,784

B. The amount of unused letters of credit for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

	Ν	March 31, December 31, 2023 2022]	March 31, 2022
Unused letters of credit	\$	4,500,735	\$	3,743,437	\$	3,454,297

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u> None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares when convertible bonds are converted, or issue new shares for consideration to achieve optimal structure.

- (2) Financial instruments
 - A. Financial instruments by category

	 March 31, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022	 March 31, 2022
Financial assets				
Financial assets at amortised cost	\$ 88,017,362	\$	88,382,167	\$ 69,354,604
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,585,890		1,640,432	1,092,952
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	926,889		753,272	613,634
	\$ 90,530,141	\$	90,775,871	\$ 71,061,190
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	\$ 96,518,988	\$	92,603,898	\$ 77,379,796
Lease liabilities	 402,429		423,659	 507,449
	\$ 96,921,417	\$	93,027,557	\$ 77,887,245

Note: Financial assets at amortised cost include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable(including to related parties), other receivables, other current assets, and

other non-current assets-demand deposits and time deposits with maturity of over one year; financial liabilities at amortised cost include short-term borrowings, accounts payable (including due from related parties), other payables, current portion of long-term liabilities, bonds payable, long-term borrowings and guarantee deposits received.

- B. Risk management policies
 - (a) <u>Risk categories:</u>

The Group employs a comprehensive risk management and control system to clearly identify, measure, and control various kinds of financial risks it faces, including market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk.

- (b) <u>Management objectives</u>
 - i. Except for market risk, which is controlled by outside factors, the remainder of the foregoing types of risks can be eliminated via internal control or operational procedures. Therefore, the goal in managing each of these risks is to reduce them to zero.
 - ii. As for market risk, the goal is to optimise its overall position through strict analysis, suggestion, execution and audit processes, and proper consideration of trends in the external economic/financial environment, internal operating conditions and the actual effects of market fluctuations.
 - iii. The Group's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictable item of financial markets and seeks to reduce the risk that potentially pose adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
 - iv. The Group uses derivative financial instruments. Please refer to Note 6 for details.
- (c) <u>Management system</u>
 - i. Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (the Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units.
 - ii. The Board of Directors provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
 - (a) Market risk
 - Foreign exchange risk
 - i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from (a) the timing of recognition for accounts receivable, accounts payable, borrowings, and payables on machinery and equipment denominated in non-functional currencies is different, (b) recognised assets and liabilities and (c) net investments in foreign operations. Since the transacting currencies are different from functional currencies, foreign exchange risks arise.
 - ii. Management has set up a policy to require all subsidiaries within the Group to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional

currency. However, the overall foreign exchange risk is managed by the Group treasury for hedging.

- iii. The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. Currency exposure arising from the net assets of the Group's foreign operations is managed primarily through borrowings denominated in the relevant foreign currencies.
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB or NTD) so it is impacted by the exchange rate fluctuations. The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	Ν	March 31, 202	23		onth period ended rch 31, 2023
	Foreign		Carrying	Sensitivity analysis	
	currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	amount (In thousands of NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on comprehensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency)					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD: NTD	211,648	30.45	\$ 6,444,682	1%	\$ 64,447
USD: RMB	1,669,722	6.8717	50,843,039	1%	508,430
Net effect in consolidated entities with foreign currencies					
USD: NTD	3,957,946	30.45	120,519,456	1%	1,205,195
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD: NTD	109,558	30.45	3,336,041	1%	33,360
USD: RMB	655,160	6.8717	19,949,608	1%	199,496
JPY: RMB	13,395,429	0.0517	3,022,968	1%	30,230

	De	cember 31, 2	.022		he year ended mber 31, 2022	
	Foreign		Carrying	Sensi	tivity analysis	
_	currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	amount (In thousands of NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on comprehensive income	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)						
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD: NTD	274,810	30.71	\$ 8,439,415	1%	\$ 84,394	
USD: RMB	1,937,518	6.9646	59,501,172	1%	595,012	
Net effect in consolidated entities with foreign currencies						
USD: NTD	3,869,813	30.71	118,841,957	1%	1,188,420	
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD: NTD	116,680	30.71	3,583,243	1%	35,832	
USD: RMB	913,574	6.9646	28,055,851	1%	280,559	
JPY: RMB	12,064,299	0.0524	2,785,280	1%	27,853	
	Ν	March 31, 202	22	Three-month period ended March 31, 2022		
-	Foreign		Carrying	Sensi	tivity analysis	
	currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	amount (In thousands of NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on comprehensive income	
- (Foreign currency: functional currency)						
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD: NTD	246,690	28.63	\$ 7,061,501	1%	\$ 70,615	
USD: RMB	1,091,309	6.3482	31,239,052	1%	312,391	
<u>Net effect in</u> <u>consolidated entities</u> with foreign currencies						
USD: NTD	3,746,683	28.63	107,248,801	1%	1,072,488	
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD: NTD	145,774	28.63	4,172,781	1%	41,728	
USD: RMB	749,585	6.3482	21,457,096	1%	214,571	
JPY: RMB	8,146,198	0.0520	1,909,006	1%	19,090	
v. Please	e refer to Not	e 6(28) for	the total excha	inge gain	(loss) including	

Please refer to Note 6(28) for the total exchange gain (loss) including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Interest rate risk for cash flow and fair value

The Group's interest rate risk mainly arises from borrowings. Borrowings at floating rates expose the Group to interest rate risk of cash flow, which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at floating rates.

Based on the simulations performed, the impact on after-tax profit of a quarter-point shift would be a maximum increase or decrease of \$21,724 and \$15,801 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The simulation is based on a quarterly basis to ensure that the maximum potential loss is within the limit given by the management.

The financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group are fixed-rate products, and their changes of fair value arise from changes in market interest rate. However, the Group would hold the financial assets to the maturity because of the return at the effective rates for the duration, thus, there are no gains or losses on disposal or valuation arising from change in fair value.

Price risk

The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed stocks which are classified as investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The price of equity securities would be affected by the uncertainty of the future value of underlying investment. However, the Group expects the price fluctuations do not have significant impact on the price of equity securities.

- (b) Credit risk
 - i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments.

According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and other financial instruments, and is managed and monitored by the Group treasury. The clients and counterparties are government organisations, banks with high credit quality and financial institutions with investment grade; thus, there is no significant default risk and critical credit risk.

- ii. The Group assess whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
 - (i) If the contract payments were an underlying more than 30 days past due based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
 - (ii) If the credit rating grade of an underlying investment degrades two grades, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- iii. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:

- (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to their financial difficulties;
- (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
- (iii) Delinquency or default in interest or principal payments;
- (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- iv. The default occurs when the contract payment are more than 90 days past due.
- The credit quality information of financial assets that are neither overdue v. nor impaired is as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group's investments in debt classified as financial assets at amortised are low credit risk, and the carrying amount is measured as the expected credit loss for the 12 months following the balance sheet date.

Accounts receivable (including from related parties)

- The Group applies the following approaches to assess the expected (i) credit losses (the 'ECLs') of accounts receivable:
 - 1 Assess the ECLs on an individual basis if a significant default has been occurred to the certain customers.
 - 2 Classifies the other customers' accounts receivables based on the Group's credit rating standards and estimates the ECLs using loss rate methodology or provision matrix.
 - Adjust the loss rates constructed from historical and recent 3 information by taking into account the business cycle indicators of the National Development Council and forecasts of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision.
 - As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, 4 the individual provision for impairment of accounts receivable using loss rate methodology or provision matrix is as follows:

	Individual	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Total
March 31, 2023 Expected loss rate Total carrying		0.03%	0.07%	0.1%~1%	1%~5%	
amount	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 11,488,805</u>	\$ 4,580,792	<u>\$ 1,594,050</u>	\$ 1,166,228	\$ 18,829,875
Loss allowance	<u> </u>	(<u>\$ 3,447</u>)	(<u>\$ 3,207</u>) (<u>\$ 15,938</u>)	(<u>\$ 42,718</u>)	(<u>\$ 65,310</u>)
December 31, 2022	Individual	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Total
Expected loss rate		0.03%	0.07%	0.1%~1%	1%~5%	
Total carrying amount Loss allowance	<u>\$</u>	$(\frac{\$}{\$ \ 6,182})$	6,144,649 <u>\$</u> (<u>\$4,301</u>) (1,837,272 <u>\$</u> <u>18,373</u>)	$(\frac{\$ 1,517,271}{\$ 70,775})$	\$ 30,104,276 (<u>\$ 99,631</u>)
March 31, 2022	Individual	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Total
Expected loss rate		0.03%	0.07%	0.1%~1%	1%~5%	
Total carrying amount	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 15,837,781</u>	\$ 7,013,073	<u>\$ 1,644,214</u>	<u>\$ 1,533,505</u>	<u>\$ 26,028,573</u>

Loss allowance	\$ - (<u>\$</u>	4,751) (§	4,909) (<u>\$</u>	16,442) (§	<u></u>	94,344)

- Group 1: Standard Poor's, Fitch Ratings or Moody's ratings in A category, or A category rated based on the Group's Credit Quality Control Policy for those that have no external credit ratings.
- Group 2: Standard Poor's or Fitch Ratings in BBB category, Moody's ratings in Baa category, or in B or C category rated based on the Group's Credit Quality Control Policy for those that have no external credit ratings.
- Group 3: Standard Poor's or Fitch Ratings in BB+ category or below, or Moody's ratings in Bal category or below.
- Group 4: Having no external agency rating. Ratings other than A, B, or C based on the Group's Credit Quality Control Policy.
- (ii) Movements on allowance for accounts receivable adopting the modified approach (including due from related parties) as follows:

		e-month period ed March 31, 2023	e-month period ed March 31, 2022
Opening balance	\$	99,631	\$ 90,665
(Reversal of) provision for	or		
impairment	(33,961)	2,104
Net exchange differences	(360)	 1,575
Ending balance	\$	65,310	\$ 94,344

Other receivables

The Group's subsidiaries incorporated in Mainland China are engaged in export sales. Under local regulations, the subsidiaries are entitled to tax benefits on VAT exemption, deduction and refund on the exports of goods. The subsidiaries calculate VAT refund and deductible amounts based on monthly sales by product types. The subsidiaries' counterparties and performing parties are mainly government organisations, so the possibility of default is remote. The Group's other receivables recognised expected credit loss of \$50 and gain of \$2,149 on reversal of expected credit loss for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The equity securities issuer has high credit quality and the Group controls its credit risk through transaction limits control and critical assessment of credit rating levels, so it expects that the probability of default is remote.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The bond securities issuer has high credit quality and the Group controls its credit risk through transaction limits control and critical assessment of credit rating levels, so it expects that the probability of default is remote.

- (c) Liquidity risk
 - i. Cash flow forecasting is performed by each Group entity and aggregated by the Group treasury. The Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach

borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and applicable external regulatory or legal requirements, such as foreign currency restrictions.

ii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	March 31, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Expiring within one year	\$ 34,768,919	\$	41,104,713	\$ 47,860,830
Expiring beyond one year	 12,783,672		10,342,382	 10,302,965
	\$ 47,552,591	\$	51,447,095	\$ 58,163,795

iii. The following table analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the following table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. The remaining period of corporate bonds payable is expressed as the period between the balance sheet date and the redeemable date by holders. Except those listed in the following table, all of the Group's derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities will attain maturity within one year:

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

March 31, 2023	Less th	an one year	O	ver one year	Total
Bonds payable (Note 1)	\$	12,180,000	\$	-	\$ 12,180,000
Long-term borrowings (Note 2)		8,011,398		18,709,090	26,720,488
Guarantee deposits received		3,568,900		8,070,789	11,639,689
Lease liabilities		174,022		271,068	445,090
	\$	23,934,320	\$	27,050,947	\$ 50,985,267
Non-derivative financial	liabiliti	es:			
December 31, 2022	Less the	an one year	Ov	ver one year	Total
Bonds payable (Note 1)	\$	12,284,000	\$	-	\$ 12,284,000
Long-term borrowings (Note 2)		10,975,067		17,159,176	28,134,243
Guarantee deposits received		2,905,427		7,257,486	10,162,913
Lease liabilities		106,286		381,487	487,773
	\$	26,270,780	\$	24,798,149	\$ 51,068,929
Non-derivative financial	liabiliti	es:			
March 31, 2022	Less the	an one year	0	ver one year	 Total
Bonds payable (Note 1)	\$	-	\$	11,450,000	\$ 11,450,000
Long-term borrowings (Note 2)		99,570		8,423,857	8,523,427
Guarantee deposits		1,228,903		3,668,870	4,897,773

received

Lease liabilities	_	139,471	 422,603	 562,074
	\$	1,467,944	\$ 23,965,330	\$ 25,433,274

- Note: 1. In accordance with the conditions of issuance, bondholders have the right to repurchase bonds on the day when three years have elapsed since issuance of the bonds; therefore, the Group transferred all convertible corporate bonds to current liabilities on March 31, 2023; Please refer to Note 6(15) for the conditions of issuance of bonds payable.
 - 2. Including imputed interest payable.
- iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount would be significantly different.
- (d) Cash flow risk of changes from interest rate

For the Group's borrowings at floating rates, the effective interest rate changes according to market interest rates. However, the working capital of the Group is sufficient to hedge the cash flow risk due to changes in interest rate. Furthermore, the Group's borrowings as fixed rates and lease payable have no cash flow risk due to changes in market interest rate.

- (3) <u>Fair value estimation</u>
 - A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Inputs that are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. A market is regarded as active if it meets all the following conditions: the items traded in the market are homogeneous; willing buyers and sellers can normally be found at any time; and prices are available to the public. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (e.g., as prices) or indirectly (e.g., derived from prices). The fair value of the Group's investment in derivative instruments is included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.
 - B. Please refer to Note 6(10) for information on the fair value of investment property measured at cost.
 - C. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
 - (a) Except for those listed in the following table below, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortised cost-time deposits due for more than three months, financial assets at amortised cost-guaranteed income financial products, accounts receivable (including due from related parties), other receivables, other current assets, other non-current assets time deposits with maturity of over one year, short-term borrowings, accounts payable (including related parties), other payables, lease liabilities, and long-term borrowings (including current portion) is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

March 31, 2023

		Fair value
	Carrying amount	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3
Financial liabilities:		
Bonds payable	\$ 11,692,854	\$ - \$ 11,725,054 \$ -
Guarantee deposits received	11,639,689	- 11,557,630 -
Total	\$ 23,332,543	\$ \$ 23,282,684 \$
		December 31, 2022
		Fair value
	Carrying amount	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3
Financial liabilities:		
Bonds payable	\$ 11,738,105	\$ - \$ 11,745,760 \$ -
Guarantee deposits received	10,162,913	- 10,141,616 -
Total	\$ 21,901,018	\$ - \$ 21,887,376 \$ -
		March 31, 2022
		Fair value
	Carrying amount	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3
Financial liabilities:		
Bonds payable	\$ 10,788,518	\$ - \$ 11,032,320 \$ -
Guarantee deposits received	4,897,773	- 4,891,414 -
Total	\$ 15,686,291	<u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u> 15,923,734 <u>\$</u> -

- (b) The methods and assumptions of fair value measurement are as follows:
 - i. Bonds payable: Regarding the convertible bonds issued by Group, the fair value is estimated based on the expected cash flows using the present value and market rate.
 - ii. Guarantee deposits received: The fair value is estimated using the present value of the expected cash flows. The discount rate refers to the fixed interest rate of postal savings for a one-year time deposit.
 - iii. Financial assets at amortised cost-corporate bonds: The fair value is the quoted price in active markets.
- D. Financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value
 - (a) The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:

March 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss	\$	\$ 346,964	\$ 1,238,926	\$ 1,585,890
Financial assets at fair	\$ 294,810) <u>\$</u>	\$ 632,079	\$ 926,889

value through other comprehensive income

December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ -	\$ 367,924	\$ 1,272,508	\$ 1,640,432
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 197,437	\$	\$ 555,835	\$ 753,272
March 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
March 31, 2022 Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
,	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets <u>Recurring fair value</u>	Level 1	Level 2 \$ 238,083		
Assets <u>Recurring fair value</u> <u>measurements</u> Financial assets at fair value through profit or		\$ 238,083		

- (b) The methods and assumptions that the Group used to measure the fair value are as follows:
 - i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (i.e., Level 1).
 - ii. Except for the financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
 - iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, foreign exchange swap contracts, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
 - iv. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
 - v. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement,

management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.

- vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. The Level-3 movement for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2022 and 2023, is as follows:

	Three-month period ended March 31, 2023				Th	Three-month period ended March 31, 2022			
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- debt securities		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- equity securities		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- debt securities		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- equity securities		
Opening balance	\$	1,272,508	\$	555,835	\$	806,034	\$	476,619	
Acquisition of financial assets		-		87,688		-		110,054	
Income distribution	(2,311)		-		-		-	
Unrealised (losses) gains on valuation	(36,779)	(15,006)		21,496	(95,138)	
Net exchange differences		5,508		3,562		27,339		12,906	
Ending balance	\$	1,238,926	\$	632,079	\$	854,869	\$	504,441	

(a) External appraiser is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in accordance with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

(b) The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at March 31, 2023	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range [Weighted average]	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Equity securities:					
Unlisted stocks	\$ 153,960	Market comparable companies		11.11~109.9 5 [37.74]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	21,592	Market comparable companies		3.51~7.57 [3.78]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
			Price to net value multiple	0.68~2.05 [1.16]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	122,494	Market comparable companies		0.00~20.71 [9.62]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	28,877	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted stocks	99,702	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted stocks	57,761	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted stocks	59,069	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted stocks	88,624	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
-	\$ 632,079				
Debt Securities:					
Private fund	\$ 917,919	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Private fund	155,320	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership share	78,992	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership share	86,695	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
-	\$ 1,238,926				

	Fair value at December 31, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range [Weighted average]	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Equity securities:					
Unlisted stocks	\$ 144,884	Market comparable companies	Stock Price Volatility	48.11%	The higher volatility of stock price, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	24,258	Market comparable companies		3.20~7.50 [3.66]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
			Price to net value multiple	0.61~1.61 [1.09]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	143,991	Market comparable companies		3.30~18.42 [7.75]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	27,235	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted stocks	99,212	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted stocks	57,477	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted stocks	58,778	The last transaction	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	\$ 555,835	price			
Debt Securities:	\$ 555,655				
Private fund	\$ 956,370	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Private fund	156,521	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership share	73,173	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership share	86,444	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	\$ 1,272,508				

	Fair value at March 31, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range [Weighted average]	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Equity securities:					
Unlisted stocks	\$ 96,197	Market comparable companies		6.12~23.26 [7.75]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
			Price to net value multiple	2.63~4.55 [3]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	120,638	Market comparable companies	Stock Price Volatility	50.25%	The higher volatility of stock price, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	21,885	Market comparable companies		3.09~11.73 [4.17]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
			Price to net value multiple	0.79~1.78 [1.28]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	155,247	Market comparable companies		2.70~17.18 [7.61]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
Unlisted stocks	42,837	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted stocks	67,637	The last transaction	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	¢ 202.077	price			
Debt Securities:	\$ 393,967				
	\$ 648,062	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Private fund	94,149	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership share	90,112	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership	22,546	The last transaction	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
share	\$ 854,869	price			
-					

(c) The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, the use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

				Three-month period ended March 31, 2023										
				Re	cognised	in	ı pr	ofit or loss		Recogn compreh				
	Input	Ch	ange		vourable hange		Ur	nfavourable change	1	vourable change			àvourable change	
Financial assets														
Debt instruments	Enterprise	±	1%	\$	12,389	(\$	12,389)	\$	-		\$	-	
Equity instruments	value to EBIT multiple, etc.	±	1%		-					6,321	(6,321)	
Total				\$	12,389	(\$	12,389)	\$	6,321	(\$	6,321)	
				Three-month period										
				Re	cognised	ir	ı pr	ofit or loss		Recogn compreh				
	Input	Ch	ange		vourable hange		Ur	nfavourable change		vourable change			avourable change	
Financial assets														
Debt instruments	Enterprise	±	1%	\$	8,549	(\$	8,549)	\$	-		\$	-	
Equity instruments	value to EBIT multiple, etc.	±	1%		-			_		5,044	(5,044)	
Total				\$	8,549	(\$	8,549)	\$	5,044	(\$	5,044)	

- F. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2022 and 2023, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- G. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2022 and 2023, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.

13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

(1) <u>Significant transactions information</u>

(The portions of transaction information with the investees were based on the financial statements of the investees for the same period which were reviewed by independent accountants. All the transactions with subsidiaries disclosed below had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. The disclosure information below is for reference only.)

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exxcerding NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchase or sale of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
- I. Trading in derivatives: None.
- J. The business relationship and significant transactions between the inter-companies: Please refer to table 7.
- (2) Information on investees

(The portions of transaction information with the investees were based on the financial statements of the investees for the same period which were reviewed by independent accountants. All the transactions with subsidiaries disclosed below had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. The disclosure information below is for reference only.)

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (excluding the investees in Mainland China): Please refer to Table 8.

- (3) Information on investments in Mainland China
 - A. Basic information: Please refer to Table 9.
 - B. Significant transactions with the investees in Mainland China either directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas: None.

(4) INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS

Information on major shareholders: Please refer to Table 10.

14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

(1) General information

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing of various types of PCB products. The chief operating decision-maker considers the business and operations from the product perspective. Currently, the Group only discloses one reportable segment as all operating segments meet the aggregation criteria (similar gross profit margin and expected growth rate). In allocating resources and assessing performance of the Group, the chief operating decision-maker uses operating segments' revenue and net income, which reflect internal cost and expense allocation. Except for inter-segment charges, which were determined based on the Group's internal policy, accounting policies of operating segments are in agreement with Note 4, 'Summary of significant accounting policies'.

(2) <u>Reportable segment information</u>

Reportable segment information provided to the chief operating decision maker is as follows:

	month period ended Iarch 31, 2023	onth period ended arch 31, 2022
Revenue from external customers	\$ 31,545,153	\$ 33,915,240
Inter-segment revenue	 -	 -
Segments' revenue	\$ 31,545,153	\$ 33,915,240
Measure of segment profit	\$ 1,335,690	\$ 2,299,553

(3) <u>Reconciliation of reportable segment's revenue and measure of profit and loss</u>

Sales between segments are carried out at fair value. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

The reconciliation from total reportable segment's revenue to the enterprise income and from segment profit from reportable segment to the net income for the current period is as follows:

	Th	ree-month period ended March 31, 2023	Tł	nree-month period ended March 31, 2022
Reportable segment's revenue	\$	31,545,153	\$	33,915,240
	Th	ree-month period ended March 31, 2023	Tł	nree-month period ended March 31, 2022
Reportable segment's profit	\$	1,335,690	\$	2,299,553
Interest income and finance costs		110,002	(70,511)
Net currency exchange (losses) gains (521,224)		455,333
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment		23,524		18,647
Net losses on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value				
through profit or loss		59,554)	(60,202)
Others	<	25,346)		132,673
Profit	\$	\$ 863,092	\$	2,775,493

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES LOANS TO OTHERS Three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 1

N	Techo	D	General ledger	Related	Maximum outstanding balance during the current period	Ending balance	Actual amount	Interest rate		Amount of	Reason for short-term	Allowance for doubtful		ateral	Limit on loans granted to a single party	Limit on total lender's loans granted	F. to to
<u>No.</u>	Lender Mayco	Borrower	Other	party Yes	$\frac{\text{(Note 3)}}{\$ 3,3}$	()	drawn down \$ 2,	range 3.1717%-	loan Short-term	transaction	financing Operation	accounts \$ -	Name No	Value \$ -	$\frac{(\text{Notes 1 \& 2})}{\$ 462,901,2}$	(Notes 1 & 2) \$ 648,061	Footnote
1	Industrial Limited	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	receivables	ies	\$	3,34	\$2,	5.6384%	financing	э -	requirements		INO	\$ -	\$ 462,901,2	\$ 048,001 _:	
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Leading Interconnect International Limited	Other receivables	Yes	913,500	913,500	66,990	5.6384%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	462,901,231	648,061,724	
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited	Other receivables	Yes	1,522,500	1,522,500	-		- Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	462,901,231	648,061,724	
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	4,263,000	4,263,000	-		- Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	37,032,098	37,032,098	
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	BoardTek Electronics corporation	Other receivables	Yes	3,654,000	3,654,000	1,218,000	5.6384%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	37,032,098	37,032,098	
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	3,045,000	3,045,000	-		- Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No		37,032,098	37,032,098	
2	Pacific Fair International Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	2,740,500	2,740,500	609,000	4.7300%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	5,785,096	5,785,096	
2	Pacific Fair International Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	913,500	913,500	913,500	1.8116%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	72,313,699	101,239,179	

No.	Lender	Borrower	General ledger account	Related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the current period (Note 3)	Ending balance (Note 4)	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate range	Nature of loan	Amount of transaction	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Coll	lateral Value	Limit on loans granted to a single party (Notes 1 & 2)	Limit on total lender's loans granted (Notes 1 & 2) I	Footnote
	Qi Ding	Leading	Other		\$ 1,1 \$	1,1(3.65%	Short-term		Operation				\$ 1,585,3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	receivables						financing		requirements						
3	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	3,101,854	3,101,854	1,440,147	3.65%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	19,816,548	27,743,167	
4	Garuda International Limited	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	1,522,500	1,522,500	-	-	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	45,565,006	63,791,009	
4	Garuda International Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Other receivables	Yes	2,436,000	2,436,000	-	-	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	45,565,006	63,791,009	
4	Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	3,045,000	3,045,000	3,045,000	4.23%-4.73%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	45,565,006	63,791,009	
4	Garuda International Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	3,045,000	3,045,000	-	-	Short-term financing		Operation requirements	-	No	-	3,645,200	3,645,200	
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	4,431,220	4,431,220	221,561	3.65%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	50,272,113	50,272,113	
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	15,509,270	15,509,270	8,004,999	3.65%-3.70%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	50,272,113	50,272,113	
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	6,646,830	6,646,830	4,409,064	3.65%-3.70%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	50,272,113	50,272,113	
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen)	Yu Ding Precision Electronics	Other receivables	Yes	\$ (\$	6(\$	3.65%-3.70%	Short-term financing	\$ -	Operation requirements	\$ -	No	\$ -	\$ 50,272,1	\$ 50,272	

					Maximum												
					outstanding												
					balance												
					during the										Limit on loans	Limit on total	
			General		current	Ending	Actual				Reason for	Allowance	C 11		granted to a	lender's loans	
			ledger	Related	period	balance	amount	Interest rate	Nature of	Amount of	short-term	for doubtful	Coll	ateral	single party	granted	
No.	Lender	Borrower	account	party	(Note 3)	(Note 4)	drawn down	range	loan	transaction	financing	accounts	Name	Value	(Notes 1 & 2)	(Notes 1 & 2)	Footnote
	Co., Limited	(Huaian) Co.,															

Ltd.

Note 1: Financial limit on total loans granted to others by the Group is 50% of the lender's net assets based on their most recent audited or reviewed consolidated financial statements, of which:

- (1) For parties having business relationship with the Company, the financial limit on total loans shall not exceed 10% of the Company's net worth and the financial limit on loans granted to a single party shall not exceed the year-to-date purchased amount or sales amount, whichever is higher, and shall not exceed 10% of the net worth of the Company as indicated in the financial statements for the most recent period certified or reviewed by a certified public accountant.
- (2) For parties in need of short-term financing, the financial limit on total loans shall not exceed 40% of the Company's net worth and the financial limit on loans granted to a single party shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company as indicated in the financial statements for the most recent period certified or reviewed by a certified public accountant.
- Note 2: The amount of loans between subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares or between the Company and overseas subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares is not limited to 40% of the borrower's net worth.

In accordance with the subsidiaries' respective Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties, the total amount of loans between subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares or between the Company and overseas subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares is limited to 700% of the lender's net worth based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

In accordance with the subsidiaries' respective Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties, for loans between subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares or between the Company and overseas subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares, the limit on loans to a single enterprise is limited to 500% of the lender's net assets based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

- Note 3: Maximum amount for the period ended on the balance sheet date.
- Note 4: The amount of loans granted as resolved by the Company's Board of Directors.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES PROVISION OF ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES TO OTHERS Three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 2

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

		Entity for which t	he											
		endorsement/guarantee	is made											
									Cumulative					
									endorsed/					
					Maximum				guaranteed					
					outstanding	Ending			amount as a		Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
				Limit on	endorsement/	balance of		Endorsed/	percentage of		endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/	
				endorsements/	guarantee	endorsements/		Guaranteed	the net value	Maximum	guarantees by	guarantees by	guarantees to	
				guarantees to	amount during	guarantees at	Actual	amount	in the most	endorsed/	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
				a single	the current	March 31,	amount	with	recent	guaranteed	company to	parent	Mainland	
No.			Relationship	enterprise	period	2023	drawn down	property as	financial	amount	subsidiary	company	China	
(Note 1) Endorser/	guarantor	Company	(Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	(Note 7)	collateral	statements	(Note 4)	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	Footnote
0 Zhen Ding 7	Fechnology	BoardTek Electronics	2	\$ 9,29	\$ 7,70	\$ 7,70	\$ 6	\$	8.29%	\$ 92,9	Y	N	N	
Holding I	Limited	corporation												

Note 1: The explanation for numbers is as follows:

(1) Issuer is 0.

(2) Investees are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationships between endorser/guarantor and the entity for which the endorsement/guarantee is made are classified into the following six categories (simply specify the respective category):

- (1) Companies in a business relationship with the Company.
- (2) Subsidiaries in which the Company directly holds more than 50% of its total outstanding ordinary shares.

 $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{t}^{\dagger} \mathbf{t} + \mathbf{f} = -\mathbf{1}^{\dagger} \mathbf{t} + \mathbf{1}^{\dagger}$

- (3) Investees in which parent company and subsidiary hold more than 50% of total outstanding ordinary shares combined.
- (4) Parent company in which the Company directly or indirectly (along with subsidiary) holds more than 50% of its total outstanding ordinary shares.
- (5) Companies providing mutual endorsements/guarantees for industry peers for purposes of undertaking a construction project.
- (6) Companies where all capital-contributing shareholders make endorsements/guarantees for their jointly invested company in proportion to their shareholding percentages.
- Note 3: Limit on endorsements/guarantees to a single enterprise: Endorsements/guarantees that the Company makes for a single enterprise shall not exceed 10% of the parent company's net worth.
- Note 4: Total amount of endorsements/guarantees: The total amount of endorsements/guarantees the Company makes for others shall not exceed 100% of the parent company's net worth.
- Note 5: Highest balance of endorsements/guarantees to others for the year.
- Note 6: Endorsement/guarantee liabilities are assumed when the amount of the endorsement/guarantee contracts or bills signed with the bank by the Company is approved as of the end of the year. Other matters related to endorsement/guarantees shall be included in the endorsement/guarantee balance.
- Note 7: Actual amount drawn down by the companies for which the endorsements/guarantees are made within the range of endorsement/guarantee balance.
- Note 8: Endorsements/guarantees made by TWSE/TPEx listed parent company for subsidiary, endorsements/guarantees made by subsidiary for TWSE/TPEx listed parent company, and endorsements/guarantees made in Mainland China are must be indicated with 'Y'.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES HOLDING OF MARKETABLE SECURITIES AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (EXCLUDING INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES) March 31, 2023

Table 3

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

		Relationship			As of Mar	ch 31, 2023		
Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	with securities issuer (Note 2)	General ledger account	Number of shares	Carrying amount (Note 3)	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote (Note 4)
Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	SynPower Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,437,697	\$ 112	8.12%	\$ 112,	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Jiangsu Aisen Semiconductor Material Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,600,000	153,960	3.93%	153,960	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Dongguan Sixpure Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,461,039	122,494	3.55%	122,494	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Sanying Precision Instruments Co.,Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,212,009	182,067	3.70%	182,067	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Sanying Precision Instruments (Tianjin) Co.,Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	540,580	28,877	5.18%	28,877	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Wuxi iData Technology Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,352,651	99,702	3.46%	99,702	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Hubei Omar Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,370,000	57,761	3.60%	57,761	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Shenzhen Hangsheng Electronics Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,000,000	59,069	3.36%	59,069	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Hostar Intellegence Technology Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	750,000	88,624	2.11%	88,624	
BoardTek Electronics corporation	Chipboard Technology Corporation	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,337,068	21,592	15.60%	21,592	
					\$ 926			
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Jingning Dingqing Electronic Technology Limited Partnership	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 346	12.53%	\$ 346,	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Beijing chenyi M&A Fund	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	917,919	2.94%	917,919	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Zhuhai Hengqin New Area Leishi Tianhe Technology Industry Investment Partnership (Limited Partnership)	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	78,992	99.39%	78,992	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Primavera Jingzhi (Beijing) Equity Investment Fund L.P.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	86,695	20.00%	86,695	
Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	Zoyi Capital Investment Fund II L.P	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		155,320 \$ 1,585	10.59%	155,320	

Note 1: In accordance with IFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments', marketable securities in the table refer to shares, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost excerding NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more Three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 4

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

					Initia	l period	Buy-	in (Note 3)		Sell-	-out (Note 3)		As of Mar	rch 31, 2023
Companies purchased and sold	Marketable securities (Note 1)	General ledger account	Counterparty (Note 2)	Relationship (Note 2)	Number of shares	Amount (Note 5)	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Selling price	Carrying amount (Note 5)	Gain or loss on disposal (Note 4)	Number of shares	Amount (Note 5)
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Investments accounted for using equity method	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Brother companie s	_			\$ 4,187,501	-	-	-	-	- \$	1,402,563

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to shares, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Filling in the two fields is not required, except for investors whose securities are recognised under the equity method.

Note 3: Cumulative amount of acquisition or sale shall be separately calculated by their market value to determine whether it exceeds NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital.

Note 4: Non-controlling interest transactions and gain/loss on disposal are reconised as Capital surplus - Difference between the actual and the carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of.

Note 5: Including income on investment and adjustments not proportional to shareholding ratio.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES PURCHASE OR SALE OF GOODS FROM OR TO RELATED PARTIES REACHING NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF PAID-IN CAPITAL OR MORE Three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 5

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

				Tra	ansaction		terms comp	in transaction bared to third insactions	N	lotes/accounts rec	eivable (payable)	
Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship	Purchases (sales)	 Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	\$ 9,973,904	87	60 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	\$	8,890,047	86	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	1,103,955	10	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		875,387	8	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	4,699,095	75	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		4,166,242	76	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	1,333,971	21	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		1,079,437	20	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	146,600	2	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		155,855	3	
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	1,018,218	69	60 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		711,628	64	
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	302,018	20	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		223,200	20	
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	BoardTek Electronics corporation	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	100,723	7	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		112,416	10	
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	9,946,551	94	60 days from the invoice date	Note 2	Note 2		8,814,524	92	
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	200,501	2	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		182,179	2	
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	282,108	3	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		510,289	5	
Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	414,205	84	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		377,238	83	
Avary Technology (India)	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	\$ 250,439	95	60 days from the shipping	Note 2	Note 2	\$	231,518	94	

Table 5 Page 1

				Tra	insaction		terms comp	in transaction ared to third nsactions	Notes/accounts rec	eivable (payable)	
Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
Private Limited						date					
Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	227,449	100	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	256,338	100	
Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	100,448	81	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	77,518	73	
Garuda International Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	873,302	3	90 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	849,469	6	
Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	1,084,200	4	90 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	1,058,249	7	
Garuda International Limited	Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	Sales	1,030,667	4	90 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	1,230,850	8	
Garuda International Limited	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	Sales	159,955	1	60 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	126,971	1	
Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	Sales	730,578	24	90 days from the first day of next month of shipping	Note 2	Note 2	847,915	29	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited		An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	Purchases	482,380	8	90 days from invoice date	Note 2	Note 2	(485,994)	10	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	Purchases	528,362	19	30 days from invoice date	Note 2	Note 2	(190,300)	8	

Note 1: The opposite related party transactions are not disclosed. Note 2: Unless the transaction terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements due to no similar transactions, the transaction terms to related parties were similar to third parties.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES REACHING NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF PAID-IN CAPITAL OR MORE March 31, 2023

Table 6

			Deres	ivables from	T		Overdue re	eceivables		t collected uent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship		ted parties	Turnover rate	A	Amount	Action taken	1	sheet date	doubtful accounts
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	\$	8,890,047	1	\$		-	\$	4,261,353	\$ -
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		875,387	1		-	-		146,628	-
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		109,664	0		71,628	Subsequent collection		-	-
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		4,166,242	1		-	-		1,906,209	-
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		1,079,437	1		-	-		348,627	-
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		155,855	1		1,463	Subsequent collection		98,417	-
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		711,628	1		-	-		189,235	-
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		223,200	1		-	-		28,461	-
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	BoardTek Electronics corporation	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		112,416	1		12,609	Subsequent collection		4,135	-
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		8,814,524	1		-	-		3,055,967	-
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		182,179	1		-	-		27,326	-
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		510,289	1		207,258	Subsequent collection		-	-
Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		377,238	1		-	-		63,934	-
Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		231,518	1		-	-		30,270	-
Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		256,338	1		-	-		88,224	-
Garuda International Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary		849,469	1		-	-		300,208	-
Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co.,	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	\$	1,058,249	1	\$	-	-	\$	304,358	-

				_	Overdue	receivables	Amount collected		
Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship	Receivables from related parties	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts	
	Ltd.								
Garuda International Limited	Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	1,230,850	1	4,597	Subsequent collection	354,860	-	
Garuda International Limited	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	126,971	1	-	-	59,224	-	
Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	847,915	1	-	-	281,784	-	
BoardTek Electronics corporatio	n Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	156,659	0	26,911	Subsequent collection	13,019	-	

As to receivables from loans to related parties exceeding NT\$100 million or 20% of issued capital, please refer to Table 1.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES THE BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE PARENT COMPANY AND THE SUBSIDIARIES AND BETWEEN EACH SUBSIDIARY Three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 7

					Tran	saction	
No. (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount (Note 3)	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 4)
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	\$ 2,740,	Note 5	1
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	BoardTek Electronics corporation	3	Other receivables	1,218,000	"	1
2	FAT Holdings Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	913,500	"	-
2	FAT Holdings Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	609,000	"	-
3	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	1,440,147	"	1
3	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	775,464	"	-
4	Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	3,045,000	"	1
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	221,561	"	-
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	8,004,999	"	3
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	4,409,064	"	2
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Yu Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	301,323	"	-
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	3	Sales	9,973,904	Note 8	32
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	3	Accounts receivable	8,890,047	"	4
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	1,103,955	Note 7	3
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	875,387	"	-
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	3	Accounts receivable	109,664	"	-
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.		3	Sales	4,699,095	Note 8	15
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.		3	Accounts receivable	4,166,242		2
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.		3	Sales	1,333,971	Note 7	4
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.		3	Accounts receivable	1,079,437	"	-
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.		3	Sales	146,600	Note 9	-
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.		3	Accounts receivable	155,855	"	-
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.		3	Sales	1,018,218	Note 8	3
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.		3	Accounts receivable	711,628	"	-
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.		3	Sales	302,018	Note 7	1
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.		3	Accounts receivable	223,200	"	-
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	•	3	Sales	100,723	"	-
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	•	3	Accounts receivable	112,416	"	-
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	3	Sales	9,946,551	Note 8	32
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	3	Accounts receivable	8,814,524	"	4
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	200,501	Note 7	1

					Tran	saction	
No. (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount (Note 3)	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 4)
(Note 1) 8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	(1000 2)	Accounts receivable \$	182,	"	(1000 4)
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Etd.	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	3	Sales	282,108	"	- 1
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	3	Accounts receivable	510,289	"	-
9	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	414,205	Note 6	1
9	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	377,238	Note 6	-
10	Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Sales	227,449	Note 7	1
10	Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Accounts receivable	256,338	"	-
11	Garuda International Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Sales	873,302	Note 6	3
11	Garuda International Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Accounts receivable	849,469	"	-
11	Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	1,084,200	"	3
11	Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	1,058,249	"	-
12	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Garuda International Limited	3	Sales	250,439	"	1
12	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Garuda International Limited	3	Accounts receivable	231,518	"	-
13	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen)	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	100,448	"	-

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Co., Ltd.
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Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories: Example: For transactions between parent company and subsidiary, if disclosure is made by the parent company, then repeated disclosure is not required for the part regarding the subsidiary; for transactions between subsidiaries, if disclosure is made by one of the subsidiaries, then repeated disclosure is not required for the part regarding the other subsidiary):

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company.

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Only the related party transactions exceeding the amount of NT\$100 million or 20% paid-in capital are disclosed, and the opposite related party transactions are not disclosed.

Note 4: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is calculated based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

All the transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 5: Nature of other receivables and other payables are loans to (from) others. Please refer to Note 13(1) A for interest rate and limit on loans.

Note 6: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 90 days from the shipping date.

Note 7: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 90 days from the shipping date.

Note 8: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 60 days from the shipping date.

Note 9: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 30 days from the shipping date.

Note 10: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 60 days from the received date.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES NAMES, LOCATIONS AND OTHER INFORMATION ON INVESTEE COMPANIES (EXCLUDING THE INVESTEE COMPANIES IN MAINLAND CHINA) Three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 8

				Initial investm	ent amount	Shares hel	d as of March 3	31, 2023	Net profit Investment (loss) of income (loss)		
Name of Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of 1 March 31, 1 2023	Balance as of December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)			recognised by the Company for the current period	
The Company	Monterey Park Finance Limited	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	\$ 29,726	29,726	976,250,000	100 \$	113,528	\$ 1,1	\$ 1,100,94	
The Company	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Trading company	125,488	125,488	12,548,800	100	2,021,353	(((68,31	
The Company	BoardTek Electronics corporation	Taiwan	Manufacturing company	5,512,771	5,512,771	95,918,453	100	3,682,544	(34	(357,92	
The Company	Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited	Singapore	Holding company	913,500	913,500	30,000,000	100	873,241	11,108	11,108	
Monterey Park Finance Limited	Coppertone Enterprises Limited	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	3,129,828	3,129,828	102,785,806	100	92,581,777	1,327,466	1,327,385	
Monterey Park Finance Limited	Pacific Fair International Limited	Hong Kong	Holding company	8,328,075	8,328,075	2,133,300,000	100	14,462,740	186,382	186,382	
Monterey Park Finance Limited	Leading Interconnect International Limited	Hong Kong	Trading company	-	-	1	100 (10,	((3,03	
Coppertone Enterprises Limited	Mayco Industrial Limited	Hong Kong	Holding company	36,391,037	36,391,037	9,321,841,932	100	92,580,246	1,327,466	1,327,466	
Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	FAT Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands	Holding company	152	152	5,000	100	789,354	9,381	9,381	
BoardTek Electronics corporation	BoardTek Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment company	248,294	248,294	24,829,362	100	281,085	((1	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	Hong Kong	Trading company	1,796,550	1,796,550	460,200,000	72	6,228,123	30,025	373,113	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Singapore Private Limited	Singapore	Holding company	1,952,759	1,952,759	64,130,000	72	286,490	(1)	(83,84	4
Garuda International Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Trading company	1,525,000	1,525,000	152,500,000	72	1,257,315	(1	(85,73	
Garuda International Limited	Avary Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan	Trading company	22,448	22,448	4,660	72	4,146	((1,82	
Avary Singapore Private Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	India	Manufacturing company	998,334	998,334	269,044,910	72 (360,	(11	(90,28	
FAT Holdings Limited	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited	India	Manufacturing company	23	23	6,250	63 (28	17	
Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited	India	Manufacturing company	14	14	3,750	37 (28	10	
FAT Holdings Limited	Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited	India	Property management company	23	23	6,250	-	-	10,987	-	
Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited	Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited	India	Property management company	779,252	779,252	210,003,750	100	822,031	10,987	10,987	

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES INFORMATION ON THE INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA Three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 9

Investees in Mainland	Main business		Investment method	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1,	Amount rem Taiwan to I China/Amou back to Taiw current Remitted to Mainland	Mainland nt remitted van for the period Remitted back to	from Taiwan to Mainland China as of March 31,	Net profit (loss) of investee for the	2	period	Carrying amount of investments as of March 31,	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of March 31,	
China		Paid-in capital	(Note 2)	2023	China	Taiwan	2023	current period	Company	(Note 3)	2023	2023	Footnote
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of PCB	\$ 10,158	2	\$	\$	\$	\$	(\$ 40,2	72	\$ 123	\$ 24,288	\$	
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of PCB	4,024,660	2	-	-	-	-	(84,3	72	(62,:	173,123	-	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Manufacture and sales of PCB	10,083,080	2	-	-	-	-	1,880,342	72	1,334,316	90,671,339	-	Note 4
Fu Bo Industrial (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of PCB	478,144	2	-	-	-	-	10,353	72	7,465	517,833	-	
Yu Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of PCB	1,046,644	2	-	-	-	-	(72	(705,384	-	
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of PCB	13,729,568	2	-	-	-	-	278,718	72	481,652	18,488,570	-	
Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Development, manufacture and sales of electronic products	2,072,201	2	-	-	-	-	(129,	67	(90,:	2,662,263	-	
Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Manufacture and sales of PCB	86,880	2	-	-	-	-	3,096	72	2,081	132,998	-	
Huaian Jia Wei Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of construction materials, furniture and hardware tools	723,119	2	-	-	-	-	7	100	7	720,769	-	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Investments	1,575,728	2	-	-	-	-	(28,4	72	(20,4	1,222,940	-	
Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Development, manufacture and sales of electronic products	3,141,385	2	-	-	-	-	(643,8	67	(450,1	6,733,313	-	
Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Development, manufacture and sales of electronic products	1,750,688	2	-	-	-	-	(203,8	67	(142,	735,002	-	

				Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland	Amount rem Taiwan to M China/Amou back to Taiw current j	Mainland nt remitted van for the	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland		Ownership held directly	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company	Carrying amount of	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back	
Investees in Mainland	Main business	D 11 1 1	Investment method	China as of January 1,	Remitted to Mainland	back to	China as of March 31,	(loss) of investee for the	or indirectly by the	in the current period	investments as of March 31,	of March 31,	T
China Avary Logistics Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	activities Property management business	Paid-in capital \$ 22	(Note 2) 2	2023 \$	China \$	Taiwan \$	2023 \$	s 11,	Company 72	(Note 3) \$ 8	2023 \$ 10	2023 \$	Footnote
Guangdong Zhan Yang Intelligent Equipment Co., Ltd.	Research, development, sales, and processing of automated equipment and cargo or technology import/export	42,298	2	-	-	-	-	(8,4	32	(4,	30,102		

Note 1: The amounts in the table are shown in New Taiwan Dollars. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the spot exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Note 2: The methods of investments to Mainland China are as follows:

1. The Group remits its own funds directly to the investee companies located in Mainland China.

2. Investee company, Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.), established by the Company and located outside of Taiwan and Mainland China, remits its own funds directly to the investee companies located in Mainland China.

3. Others

Note 3: The columns investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the current period were based on the audited financial statements of the investees in Mainland China for the same period.

Note 4: The cumulative earnings distributed to the parent company by Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. amounted to RMB 5,614,870 thousand as of March 31, 2023

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS March 31, 2023

Table 10

	Shares						
Major Shareholder Name	Number of Shares Held	Ownership (%)					
Foxconn (Far East) Limited	305,515,627	32.26%					