ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited

Introduction

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month periods and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021; consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the nine-month periods then ended September 30, 2022 and 2021; and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited and its subsidiaries as at September 30, 2022 and 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and nine-month periods then ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 and its consolidated cash flows for the nine-month period then ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Hsu, Sheng-Chung Hsu, Chieh-Ju

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan November 4, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022; DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022; DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021 HAVE ONLY BEEN REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			September 30,	2022		December 31, 2	021	September 30,	2021
	Assets	Notes	Amount	%		Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	<u>2021</u> %
	Current assets		7 infount			7 iniount		7 milount	
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1) and 8	\$ 47,853,747	21	\$	33,789,530	17	\$ 30,336,245	16
1136	Current financial assets at amortised cost	6(3) and 8	680,436	-		1,389,177	1	1,893,109	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	33,232,759	15		35,002,337	18	26,249,334	14
1180	Accounts receivable due from related parties, net	6(4) and 7	2,841,415	1		2,531,004	1	2,450,436	1
1200	Other receivables	6(5)	251,703	-		1,135,584	1	347,924	-
130X	Inventories	6(6)	24,053,378	11		17,675,165	9	27,232,512	14
1410	Prepayments	6(5)	5,178,839	2		4,297,594	2	5,288,807	3
1470	Other current assets	8	4,870	-		114,643	-	96,701	-
11XX	Total current assets		114,097,147	50		95,935,034	49	93,895,068	49
	Non-current assets								
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(2)	1,497,934	1		1,114,588	1	1,154,838	1
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(7)	701,578	-		476,619	-	442,078	-
1535	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	6(3) and 8	423,097	-		78,408	-	-	-
1550	Investments recognized under the equity method		7,940	-		23,430	-	36,158	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8	99,514,309	43		86,072,884	44	82,386,833	43
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	8,536,985	4		8,545,293	4	8,568,161	5
1780	Intangible assets	6(10)	2,124,273	1		2,079,308	1	2,036,620	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets		1,814,167	1		1,199,753	1	1,447,295	1
1990	Other non-current assets	6(11) and 8	989,293		_	229,977		239,565	
15XX	Total non-current assets		115,609,576	50		99,820,260	51	96,311,548	51
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 229,706,723	100	\$	195,755,294	100	\$ 190,206,616	100

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

(Continued)

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>SEPTEMBER 30, 2022; DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021</u> (CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021 HAVE ONLY BEEN REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			_	September 30, 2022			December 31, 20	21	September 30, 20)21
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current liabilities									
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12)	\$	19,325,823	8	\$	19,636,568	10	\$ 22,466,577	12
2170	Accounts payable			23,184,021	10		19,030,051	10	22,247,955	12
2180	Accounts payable to related	7								
	parties			745,798	-		1,066,691	-	1,376,869	1
2200	Other payables	6(13)		15,844,434	7		14,820,927	8	16,560,762	9
2230	Current income tax liabilities			1,694,760	1		1,029,989	-	730,988	-
2280	Current lease liabilities			87,760	-		133,689	-	131,040	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(14) (15)		12,079,180	5		-	-	69,987	-
2399	Other current liabilities			2,064,728	1		1,161,811	1	171,522	-
21XX	Total current liabilities			75,026,504	32		56,879,726	29	63,755,700	34
	Non-current liabilities			<u> </u>			i		i	
2530	Bonds payable	6(14)		-	-		10,383,152	5	10,397,416	6
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(15)		15,110,330	7		7,599,023	4	7,654,240	4
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities			3,137,840	1		2,750,027	2	2,278,653	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			365,176	-		383,627	-	414,716	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities			8,234,020	4		4,239,800	2	746,710	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			26,847,366	12		25,355,629	13	21,491,735	11
2XXX	Total liabilities			101,873,870	44		82,235,355	42	85,247,435	45
	Equity									
	Equity attributable to owners of									
	parent									
	Share capital	6(18)								
3110	Ordinary share			9,470,492	4		9,470,492	5	9,470,492	5
	Capital surplus	6(19)								
3200	Capital surplus			37,979,926	17		36,937,742	19	36,000,857	19
	Retained earnings	6(20)								
3310	Legal reserve			6,995,473	3		6,029,763	3	6,029,763	3
3320	Special reserve			4,848,301	2		4,130,316	2	4,130,316	2
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			35,971,214	16		32,898,629	17	28,023,217	15
	Other equity interest	6(21)								
3400	Other equity interest		(1,502,676) (1)	(4,848,301) (3)(5,406,260) (3)
3500	Treasury shares	6(18)	(257,489)	-		257,489)	- (257,489)	-
31XX	Total equity attributable to		·	·					;	
	owners of parent			93,505,241	41		84,361,152	43	77,990,896	41
36XX	Non-controlling interests	6(31)		34,327,612	15		29,158,787	15	26,968,285	14
3XXX	Total equity			127,832,853	56		113,519,939	58	104,959,181	55
	Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognised contract commitments	9								
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity			229,706,723	100		195,755,294	100	\$ 190,206,616	100

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE)

				ee-month period e September 30, 202		Three-month perio September 30, 2		Nine-month period e September 30, 202		Nine-month period e September 30, 202	
	Item	Notes		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(22), 7 and 14	\$	50,004,714	100	\$ 41,618,582	100	\$ 118,454,269	100	\$ 98,579,882	100
5000	Operating costs	6(6) and 7	(37,018,883) (74) (32,835,731)(79)	(92,478,936) (78) (80,209,437) (82)
5950	Gross profit from operations			12,985,831	26	8,782,851	21	25,975,333	22	18,370,445	18
	Operating expenses	6(23)									
6100	Selling expenses		(534,468) (1)(430,039)(1)	(1,358,094) (1)(1,206,411)(1)
6200	Administrative expenses		(1,965,963) (4) (1,484,730)(3)	(4,957,042) (5)(4,194,905)(4)
6300	Research and development expenses		(2,390,810) (5) (1,921,872)(5)	(5,883,859) (5)(5,498,039)(6)
6450	Reversal of (expected credit loss) in accordance with IFRS 9	12	(27,572)	- (15,108) - ((22,843)	-	6,882	-
6000	Total operating expenses		(4,918,813) (10) (3,851,749			11)(11)
6900	Net operating income		`	8,067,018	16	4,931,102	12	13,753,495	11	7,477,972	7
	Non-operating income and expenses										
7100	Interest income	6(25)		199,158	-	50,956	-	361,652	-	242,993	-
7010	Other income	6(26)		293,708	1	195,811	-	609,948	1	954,154	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(27)		78,590	-	93,527	-	1,586,063	1 (54,212)	-
7050	Finance costs	6(28)	(220,721)	- (133,480) - (545,773)	- (384,759)	-
7060	Share of gain or loss from affiliates and joint										
	ventures recognized under the equity method		(6,213)	-	-		(16,833)			
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses			344,522	1	206,814		1,995,057	2	758,176	1
7900	Profit before income tax			8,411,540	17	5,137,916	12	15,748,552	13	8,236,148	8
7950	Income tax expense	6(29)	(1,239,564) (3)(793,242)()	(2,070,887) (2)(1,402,345)(1)
8200	Profit for the period		\$	7,171,976	14	\$ 4,344,674	10	\$ 13,677,665	11	\$ 6,833,803	7

(Continued)

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE)

				ree-month period September 30, 20		Tł	nree-month period September 30, 20			ne-month period of September 30, 20		N	Nine-month period en September 30, 202	
	Item		_	Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount		%		Amount	%
	Other comprehensive income													
	Components of other comprehensive income that will not													
	be reclassified to profit or loss													
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(7)(21)	\$	31,283	_	(\$	2,695)	_	(\$	82,261)	_	\$	15,894	_
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive	6(29)	Ψ	01,200		(\$	=,0,0)		(\$	02,201)		Ψ	10,071	
0517	income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	0(25)	(4,868)	-		6,704	-		10,838	-		2,404	-
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			26,415			4,009		(71,423)			18,298	_
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss													
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial	6(21)												
	statements			2,004,341	4	(107,036)			4,531,659	4	(1,743,916) (2)
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income		\$	2,030,756	4	(<u></u>	103,027)		\$	4,460,236	4	(\$	1,725,618) (2)
8500	Total comprehensive income		\$	9,202,732	18	\$	4,241,647	10	\$	18,137,901	15	\$	5,108,185	5
	Profit attributable to:													
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	4,984,512	10	\$	3,074,487	7	\$	9,491,526	7	\$	4,781,686	5
8620	Non-controlling interests			2,187,464	4		1,270,187	3		4,186,139	4		2,052,117	2
			\$	7,171,976	14	\$	4,344,674	10	\$	13,677,665	11	\$	6,833,803	7
	Comprehensive income attributable to:													
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	6,477,707	13	\$	3,005,726	7	\$	12,837,151	11	\$	3,505,742	3
8720	Non-controlling interests			2,725,025	5		1,235,921	3		5,300,750	4		1,602,443	2
			\$	9,202,732	18	\$	4,241,647	10	\$	18,137,901	15	\$	5,108,185	5
	Basic earnings per share													
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(30)	\$		5.27	\$		3.25	\$		10.04	\$		5.06
	Diluted earnings per share													
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(30)	\$		4.87	\$		3.04	\$		9.33	\$		4.80

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021 (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

						Equity	attr	ributable to own	ers of	f parent								
					Re	tained earnings	5			Other equity interest								
	Notes	Ordinary share	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Sp	ecial reserve		Unappropriated etained earnings	fe	Exchange differences on translation of oreign financial statements	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		reasury shares	Total		-controlling nterests	Tot	tal equity
Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021								Ĭ										
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 9,470,492	\$ 35,671,212	\$ 5,219,158	\$	5,014,697	\$	27,429,476	(\$	4,136,945)	\$ 6,629	(\$	257,489) \$	78,417,230	\$	25,620,646	\$ 10	04,037,876
Profit for the period						-		4,781,686	` —			` —		4,781,686		2,052,117		6,833,803
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(21)	-	-	-		-		-	(1,292,420)	16,476		- (1,275,944) ((449,674) (1,725,618)
Total comprehensive income			-			-		4,781,686	(1,292,420)	16,476			3,505,742		1,602,443		5,108,185
Appropriation and distribution of 2020 earnings:																		
General reserve		-	-	810,605		- (810,605)		-	-		-	-		-		-
reversal of special reserve		-	-	-	(884,381)		884,381		-	-		-	-		-		-
Cash dividends		-	-	-		- (4,261,721)		-	-		- (4,261,721)		- (4,261,721)
Compensation cost of employee restricted stock	6(19)	-	87,034	-		-		-		-	-		-	87,034		32,825		119,859
Distribution of subsidiary's dividends for																		
adjustment of capital surplus		-	9,420	-		-		-		-	-		-	9,420		-		9,420
Change in non-controlling interests - issuance of common stock by subsidiaries			233,191	-		-		-		-	-		-	233,191		1,079,559		1,312,750
Change in non-controlling interests - distribution of retained earnings by subsidiaries	f			-		-		-		-	-		-	- ((1,343,549) (1,343,549)
Change in non-controlling interests - disposal of shares from subsidiaries		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	- ((23,639) (23,639)
Balance at September 30, 2021		\$ 9,470,492	\$ 36,000,857	\$ 6,029,763	\$	4,130,316	\$	28,023,217	(\$	5,429,365)	\$ 23,105	(\$	257,489) \$	77,990,896	\$	26,968,285	\$ 10	04,959,181
Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022									` —			` —						
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 9,470,492	\$ 36,937,742	\$ 6,029,763	\$	4,130,316	\$	32,898,629	(\$	4,886,372)	\$ 38,071	(\$	257,489) \$	84,361,152	\$	29,158,787	\$ 1	13,519,939
Profit for the period					<u> </u>	-		9,491,526	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		9,491,526		4,186,139		13,677,665
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(21)	-	-	-		-				3,382,268 (36,643)		-	3,345,625		1,114,611		4,460,236
Total comprehensive income						-		9,491,526		3,382,268 (36,643)			12,837,151		5,300,750		18,137,901
Appropriation and distribution of 2021 earnings:	6(20)										·			· · ·				
General reserve		-	-	965,710		717,985 (1,683,695)		-	-		-	-		-		-
Cash dividends		-	-	-		- (4,735,246)		-	-		- (4,735,246)		- (4,735,246)
Compensation cost of employee restricted stock	6(19)	-	133,414	-		-		-		-	-		-	133,414		47,935		181,349
Distribution of subsidiary's dividends for adjustment of capital surplus	6(31)	-	10,467	-		-		-		-	-		-	10,467		-		10,467
Difference between consideration and the carrying amount of subsidiaries disposed of	6(31)	-	755,262	-		-				-	-			755,262		547,116		1,302,378
Change in non-controlling interests - issuance of common stock by subsidiaries	6(31)	-	143,041	-		-		-		-	-		-	143,041		720,409		863,450
Change in non-controlling interests - distribution of retained earnings by subsidiaries	f	-		-		-		-		-	-		-	- (ſ	1,447,385) (1,447,385)
Balance at September 30, 2022		\$ 9,470,492	\$ 37,979,926	\$ 6,995,473	\$	4,848,301	\$	35,971,214	(\$	1,504,104)	\$ 1,428	(\$	257,489) \$	93,505,241	` <u> </u>	34,327,612	\$ 12	27,832,853
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021 (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

	Notes	5	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021
ASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			<u> </u>	
Profit before tax		\$	15,748,552	\$ 8,236,148
Adjustments				
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)				
Depreciation	6(23)		10,173,363	8,370,542
Amortisation expense	6(23)		324,968	280,019
Net gains on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	6(2)	(11,097) (277,925
Impairment losses	6(8)		764,249	59,339
Expected credit (gain) loss in accordance with IFRS 9	12		22,843 (6,882
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(27)	(3,510) (5,664
Interest income	6(25)	(361,652)(242,993
Interest expenses	6(28)		545,773	384,759
Share of loss from affiliates and joint ventures recognized under the equity method			16,833	
Lease modification gains	6(9)	(1,943)	
Share-based payment	6(17)		181,349	119,859
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Changes in operating assets				
Notes receivable			13,392	25,231
Accounts receivable			5,363,055	4,270,693
Accounts receivable due from related parties		(53,345)	116,603
Other receivables			891,902	677,460
Inventories		(6,079,763) (14,563,485
Prepayments		(741,233) (602,032
Other current assets			91 (83,263
Changes in operating liabilities				
Accounts payable			3,587,537 (146,230
Accounts payable to related parties		(350,082)	410,655
Other payables			1,566,476	554,529
Other current liabilities			6,355	35,081
Cash inflow generated from operations			31,604,113	7,612,444
Income tax paid		(1,751,032)(1,322,301
Net cash from operating activities			29,853,081	6,290,143

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ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

	Notes		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit		(•	252.052.).(¢ 120.0(())
or loss		(\$	353,053)(
Decrease in financial assets at amortised cost			455,634	570,209
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(352,382)	-
Disposal of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income			66,595	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(32)	(23,462,291) (23,561,324)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			207,168	385,566
Acquisition of right-of-use assets			- (403,532)
Decrease in restricted assets			112,297	-
Increase of other non-current assets		(690,672)(54,431)
Increase in other non-current liabilities			428,133	7,869
Collected income distribution	6(2)		13,745	-
Interest received			378,108	252,158
Net cash used in investing activities		(23,196,718) (22,941,551)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans	6(32)	(750,026)	9,868,563
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(32)		- (949,335)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(32)		6,401,417	7,811,554
Repayments of long-term borrowings	6(32)		- (8,664,783)
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received	6(32)		3,587,001	138,638
Cash dividends paid	6(20)	(4,735,246) (4,261,721)
Repayments of lease liabilities		(85,234) (100,339)
Interest paid		(447,828) (206,992)
Change in non-controlling interests - distribution of retained earnings by subsidiaries		(1,447,385) (1,343,549)
Change in non-controlling interests - issuance of common stock by subsidiaries	6(31)		863,450	1,312,750
Change in non-controlling interests - disposal of shares from subsidiaries	6(31)		1,480,120	-
Net cash flow (used in) from financing activities			4,866,269	3,604,786
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents			2,541,585 (840,020)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			14,064,217 (13,886,642)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			33,789,530	44,222,887
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$		\$ 30,336,245

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021 (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

1. <u>HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION</u>

Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited (the 'Company', formerly named as Foxconn Advanced Technology Limited) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands in June 2006. According to the resolution of the Board of Directors in May 2011, the Company was renamed to Zhen Ding Technology Holding Limited and related registration was completed in July 2011. The registration address is Scotia Centre, 4th Floor, P.O. Box 2804, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the 'Group') are engaged in manufacturing, processing and selling printed circuit boards (PCBs). The Company has been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since December 26, 2011.

2. <u>THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED</u> <u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION</u> The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on November 4, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ('FSC') (collectively referred herein as the 'IFRSs').

New, revised or amended standards and interpretations endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the Conceptual	January 1, 2022
Framework'	
Amendments to IFRS 16 'Property, Plant and Equipment —	January 1, 2022
Proceeds before Intended Use'	
Amendments to IFRS 37 'Onerous Contracts — Cost of	January 1, 2022
Fulfilling a Contract'	
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle	January 1, 2022
$T_{1} = 1$	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effects of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New, revised or amended standards and interpretations endorsed by the FSC effective from 2023 are as follows

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Standards Board
Amendment to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of Accounting Policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IAS 8, 'Definition of Accounting Estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, "Deferred Tax related to Assets and	January 1, 2023
Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations, and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of	To be determined by
assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	IASB
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and	January 1, 2024
leaseback'	
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17 'Initial Application of IFRS 17 and	January 1, 2023
IFRS 9—Comparative Information'	-
Amendments to IFRS 1 'Classification of Liabilities as	January 1, 2023
Current or Non-current'	•
The above standards and interpretations have no significant im	pact to the Group's financial

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as stated otherwise, the principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of theses consolidated financial statements have been consistently applied to all the periods presented.

(1) <u>Compliance statement</u>

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the 'Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers' and the IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) <u>Basis of preparation</u>

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets minus present value of defined benefit obligation.

- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The items involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or items where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.
- (3) Basis of consolidation
 - A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. 'Subsidiaries' are all entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) The profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income shall be attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, and total comprehensive income shall also be attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are equity transactions (i.e., transactions among owners in their capacity as owners). Difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received shall be recognised directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control in a subsidiary, remaining investments in the former subsidiary shall be re-measured at fair value and serve as fair value of the initially recognized financial asset or the cost of initially recognized investment in associated company or joint venture. The difference between the fair value and book value of the investment is recognized in current profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income related to the subsidiary shall be accounted on the same basis as if the Group had directly disposed of such assets or liabilities. In other words, gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income such assets or liabilities are disposed of, then if the Group loses control in a subsidiary, such gains or losses are reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

		Main Business		wnership (% December		
Name of Investor	Name of subsidiary	Activities	30, 2022	31, 2021	30, 2021	
The Company	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	Trading company	100	100	100	
The Company	Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Holding company	100	100	100	
The Company	Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	Holding company	100	100	100	
The Company	BoardTek Electronics Corp.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	FAT Holdings Limited (Cayman)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Coppertone Enterprises Limited (B.V.I.)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Pacific Fair International Limited (Hongkong)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Leading Interconnect International Limited (formerly: Henley International Limited (Hongkong))	Trading company	100	100	100	
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	-	-	100	(f)
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Huaian Jia Wei Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	Trading company	100	100	100	
Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.)	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	69.65	70.39	70.39	(a)
Coppertone Enterprises Limited (B.V.I.)	Mayco Industrial Limited (Hongkong)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Mayco Industrial Limited (Hongkong)	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Manufacturing company	66.10	66.09	66.09	(e)
Pacific Fair International Limited (Hongkong)	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Manufacturing company	5.70	6.01	6.42	(e)
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Yu Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			()			
		Main Business	September		September	
Name of Investor Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Name of subsidiary Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Activities Manufacturing company	<u>30, 2022</u> 100	<u>31, 2021</u> 100	<u>30, 2021</u> 100	<u>Description</u>
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Fu Bo Industrial (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Trading company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Name of Investor	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited (Hongkong)	Trading company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	Holding company	100	100	100	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Logistics Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Property management company	100	-	-	(g)
Garuda International Limited (Hongkong)	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	Trading company	100	100	100	
Garuda International Limited (Hongkong)	Avary Japan Co., Ltd. (Japan)	Trading company	100	100	100	
Avary Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited (India)	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	
BoardTek Electronics Corp.	BoardTek Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment company	100	100	100	
Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	100	(b)
Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100	100	-	(f)
Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited (India)	Manufacturing company	37.50	37.50	37.50	(c)
Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited (Singapore)	Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited (India)	Property management company	99.997	99.997	99.997	(d)

		Main Business	1		September	
Name of Investor	Name of subsidiary	Activities	30, 2022	31, 2021	30, 2021	Description
FAT Holding Limited (Cayman)	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited (India)	Manufacturing company	62.50	62.50	62.50	(c)
FAT Holding Limited (Cayman)	Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited (India)	Property management company	0.003	0.003	0.003	(d)

- (a) The Group invested in Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. in Shenzhen and included the entity in the consolidated financial statement on September 4, 2020. The entity mainly engages in electronics processing and manufacturing business. Monterey Park Finance Limited did not subscribe for the issuance of common stock by Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. in percentage of their ownership ratios in Q1 of 2022 and 2021, thus its ownership ratios became 69.65% and 70.39%, respectively.
- (b) The Group invested in Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd. in Qinhuangdao and included the entity in the consolidated financial statement on April 16, 2021. The entity mainly engages in electronics processing and manufacturing business.
- (c) The Group invested in Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited in India and included the entity in the consolidated financial statements on May 27, 2021. The entity mainly engages in electronics processing and manufacturing.
- (d) The Group invested in Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited in India and included the entity in the consolidated financial statements on April 16, 2021. The entity mainly engages in property leasing. Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited increased the cash capital of Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited on July 26 and 27, 2021, causing the ownership ratio of Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited and FAT Holdings Limited to equal 99.997% and 0.003%.
- (e) Because Avary Holding issued employee restricted stocks, the ownership ratios of Mayco Industrial Limited (Hong Kong) and Pacific Fair International Limited (Hong Kong) became 66.09% and 6.42%, respectively, on June 23, 2021. Pacific Fair International Limited (Hongkong) sold some of the equity of Avary Holding on December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2022, causing its ownership ratio to become 6.01% and 5.70%. Because Avary Holding cancelled 320,000 shares after repurchasing restricted stocks, the ownership ratios of Mayco Industrial Limited (Hong Kong) and Pacific Fair International Limited (Hong Kong) and Pacific Fair International Limited (Hong Kong) became 66.10% and 5.70%, respectively, on June 23, 2022.
- (f) The Group adjusted its investment framework in 2021, prompting Monterey Park Finance Limited to transfer 100% of the equity of Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd. to Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. on December 20, 2021.
- (g) The Group invested in vary Logistics Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. in Shenzhen and included the entity in the consolidated financial statement on January 25, 2022. The entity mainly engages in property management business.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Nature and extent of the restrictions on fund remittance from subsidiaries to the parent company: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of September 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and September 30, 2021, the noncontrolling interests of the Group amounted to \$34,327,612, \$29,158,787 and \$26,968,285, respectively. The information on subsidiaries and their respective noncontrolling interests is as follows:

	Principal place of	 Septembe	lling interests er 30, 2022	
Name of subsidiary	business	 Amount	Ownership (%)	Description
Avary Holding (Shenzhen)	China			
Co., Limited		\$ 32,664,040	28.20%	
		 Non-contro	lling interests	
	Principal place	Decembe	er 31, 2021	
Name of subsidiary	of business	 Amount	Ownership (%)	Description
Avary Holding (Shenzhen)	China			
Co., Limited		\$ 28,511,717	27.90%	
		 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		Non-contro	lling interests	
	Principal place	 Septembe	er 30, 2021	
Name of subsidiary	of business	 Amount	Ownership (%)	Description
Avary Holding (Shenzhen)	China		.	•
Co., Limited		\$ 26,384,848	27.49%	

Summary of the financial information of subsidiaries

Consolidated balance sheets of Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited

	September 30, 2022		Γ	December 31, 2021	September 30, 2021		
Current assets	\$	84,506,173	\$	70,532,575	\$	72,013,246	
Non-current assets		89,044,064		85,604,868		84,104,844	
Current liabilities	(51,761,831)	(48,888,899)	(56,747,614)	
Non-current liabilities	(4,694,109)	(3,938,671)	()	3,454,177)	
Total net assets	\$	117,094,297	\$	103,309,873	\$	95,916,299	

The consolidated statements of comprehensive income of Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited

Revenue Profit before income tax Income tax expense Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income Comprehensive income, attributable to non- controlling interests	$\begin{array}{c cccc} Three-month \\ period ended \\ September 30, \\ \hline 2022 \\ \hline $ 47,215,316 \\ 9,470,018 \\ (1,198,185 \\ (1,198,185 \\ 8,271,833 \\ (263,432 \\ \hline $ 8,008,401 \\ \hline $ 2,233,984 \\ \hline $ 2,233,984 \\ \hline $ 1,250,510 \\ \hline \end{array}$
Revenue Profit before income tax Income tax expense Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income Comprehensive income, attributable to non- controlling interests	$\begin{array}{c cccc} \text{Nine-month} & \text{Nine-month} \\ \text{period ended} & \text{period ended} \\ \text{September 30,} & 2022 & 2021 \\ \hline \$ & 110,096,665 \\ \hline 16,500,109 & \$,666,253 \\ (& 1,828,648 \\ (& 1,235,015 \\ \hline 14,671,461 & 7,431,238 \\ \hline 22,507 & 2,609 \\ \hline \$ & 14,693,968 & \$ & 7,433,847 \\ \hline \$ & 4,098,956 & \$ & 1,617,032 \\ \hline \end{array}$

The consolidated statements of cash flows of Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited

2022 2021	
Net cash from operating activities $$$ 25,053,305$$ $$$ 6,674,841$$	
Net cash used in investing activities (13,105,103)(20,607,090))
Net cash flow (used in) from financing activities (124,232) 4,471,097	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 658,529 (390,977))
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	
equivalents 12,482,499 (9,852,129))
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 13,783,793 24,797,571	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 26,266,292\$ 14,945,442	

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The Company's functional currency is USD; however, the consolidated financial statements are presented in NTD because of regulatory requirements.

- A. Foreign currency transactions and balances
 - (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.
- B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the Group's entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

When presenting the Group's functional currency-denominated financial statements in NT dollar, the average exchange rates were US\$1=NT\$29.28 and US\$1=NT\$28.07 for the periods January 1 to September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The closing rates were US\$1=NT\$31.75, US\$1=NT\$27.68 and US\$1=NT\$27.85 as of September 30, 2022; December 31, 2021 and September 30, 2021, respectively.

- (5) <u>Classification of current and non-current items</u>
 - A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date; or
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date

Assets not meeting the above criteria are classified by the Group as non-current assets.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date; or

(d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Liabilities not meeting the above criteria are classified by the Group as non-current liabilities.

(6) <u>Cash equivalents</u>

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

- (7) <u>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</u>
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. Financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are designated as the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition by the Group if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
 - C. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial assets are subsequently measured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognised in profit or loss.
 - D. The Group recognises the dividend income in profit or loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- (8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
 - A. The Group may make irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise the changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for the investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading or the investments in debt instruments that meet both of the following conditions:
 - (a) The financial assets held within a business model whose objective is both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
 - (b) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - (a) The changes in fair value of equity instruments are recognised in other comprehensive income. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income shall be recorded to retained earnings and not be reclassified to profit or loss upon the derecognition. Dividends are recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that

the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

- (b) Except for the impairment losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains or losses which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are recognised in other comprehensive income before derecognition. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.
- (9) <u>Financial assets at amortised cost</u>
 - A. Financial assets at amortised cost are meet both of the following conditions:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
 - D. The Group's time deposits which do not meet the condition of cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (10) Notes and accounts receivable
 - A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
 - B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost including accounts receivable or contract assets containing a significant financing component, lease receivables, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, at each balance sheet date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information (including forecasts). On the other hand, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs for accounts receivable or contract assets containing a significant financing component.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) Leasing (lessor)

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(15) Investments recognized under the equity method—Associate

- A. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence but not control and generally holds 20% or more of the voting power directly or indirectly. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized at cost upon acquisition.
- B. Share of gain or loss from acquisition of associates is recognized as current profit or loss, and share of other comprehensive income upon acquisition is recognized as other comprehensive income. If the Group's share of losses of any associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (including any other unsecured receivables), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. The Group recognized all share of change in equity in "capital surplus" in proportion to its ownership, when there are changes in an associate's equity that are not recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associates and such changes do not affect the ownership percentage of the associate.
- D. Unrealized gains or losses on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of its interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. When the Group subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.
- (16) Property, plant and equipment
 - A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
 - B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	$3 \sim 54$ years
Machinery and equipment	2~11 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Other facilities	2~16 years

(17) Leasing (lessee)

- A. The Group recognises lease assets as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the commencement date of the lease. For short-term leases or leases of low value assets, lease payments are recognised as expenses using the straight-line method during the lease term.
- B. The Group measures right-of-use assets at cost on the commencement date of the lease. The costs include the initial measurement amount of lease liabilities and any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets are subsequently measured by adopting the cost model. The Group depreciates the right-of-use assets at the earlier of the right-of-use assets' useful life or the end of lease term.
- C. On the commencement date, the Group measures lease liabilities by the present value of outstanding lease payments, using the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable. In subsequent periods, the Group measures lease liabilities at amortised cost using the effective interest method and recognises interest expense during the lease term. If the lease term or lease payment is changed due to reasons other than amendments to the lease contracts, the Group will remeasure the lease liabilities. The remeasurement amount is then recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets.

(18) <u>Intangible assets</u>

A. Patents and technological expertise

Separately acquired patents and technological expertise are recognised as acquisition costs because the patents and technological expertise acquired from business combinations are recognised at fair value on the date of acquisition. Patents and technological expertise are assets with limited service life, and will be amortized in 5 years, based on the estimated service life using the straight-line method.

B. Computer software

Computer software is recognised as acquisition cost and is amortised on a straight-line basis using the estimated useful lives of 3-5 years.

C. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

(19) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there are any impairment indications. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated based on the operating segment to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination.

(20) Borrowings

- A. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-own occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.
- C. Extension option is not closed related to the host debt instruments, unless the rates are also adjusted close to current market rates when extending.
- (21) Accounts and notes payable
 - A. Accounts payable are the liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services.
 - B. The short-term accounts and notes payable without bearing interest are measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (22) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired.

(23) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Convertible corporate bonds issued by the Group are embedded with conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's ordinary shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of ordinary share), call options and put options. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the indenture, the Group classifies the convertible corporate bonds and the embedded derivative instruments on initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument (the 'capital surplus-share options'). Convertible corporate bonds are accounted for as follows:

- A. The exercise price of call options and put options embedded in the convertible corporate bonds is approximately equal to the amortised cost of the host debt instrument on each exercise date; therefore, call options and put options are closely related to the host debt contract.
- B. Call options, put options and host debt of the convertible corporate bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to the 'finance costs' over the period of bond outstanding using the effective interest method.
- C. Conversion options embedded in convertible corporate bonds issued by the Group, which meet the definition of an equity instrument, are initially recognised in the 'capital surplus-share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less amounts of the 'bonds payable' as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of convertible corporate bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The carrying amount of ordinary shares issued due to the conversion shall be based on the remeasured carrying amount of the abovementioned liability component plus the carrying amount of 'capital surplus-share options'.

(24) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service, and shall be recognised as expenses when the employees have rendered service.

- B. Pensions
 - (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions shall be recognised as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions shall be recognised that excess as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

- (b) Defined benefit plans
 - i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is accrued from the present value of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their services in the current or prior periods. The Group recognised the present value of the defined benefit obligation deducting the fair value of plan assets at the balance sheet date. Net obligation of the defined benefit is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method and is discounted by using the market yield on government bonds (at the balance sheet date).
 - ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

- iii. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations and significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events since that time. Also, relevant information will be disclosed in conjunction with the above policy.
- C. Employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration

Employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employees' remuneration (bonus) is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the fair value per share (closing price) at the previous day of the Board of Directors' resolution.

- (25) Employee share-based payment
 - A. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the quantity of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost is recognised based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.
 - B. Employee restricted stocks:
 - (a) Employee restricted stocks measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period.
 - (b) Those restricted stocks do not restrict distribution of dividends to employees and employees are not required to return the dividends received if they resign during the vesting period, the Group recognises the fair value of the dividends received by the employees who are expected to resign during the vesting period as compensation cost at the date of dividends declared.
 - (c) Employees have to pay to acquire those restricted stocks. If employees resign during the vesting period, the Group must refund their payments in exchange for the restricted stocks return by the employees. The Group recognises the payments to the employees who are expected to resign during the vesting period as liabilities at the grant date, and recognises the payments for the employees who are expected to be eventually vested with the stocks in 'capital surplus others'.

(26) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. Different tax regulations are applicable to the Group according to the countries where the companies are registered:

- (a) Companies that are registered in Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands are exempted from income tax in accordance with local regulations.
- (b) For the companies that are registered in the Republic of China, except for income tax that is estimated in accordance with the tax laws, an additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings. When calculating income tax, except for applying the tax laws to calculate regular tax, the basic tax is calculated under the 'Income Basic Tax Act.' If regular tax is lower than basic tax, the difference between the two shall be added to income tax payable. The aforementioned difference shall not be offset with investment tax credits under other regulations.
- (c) Income taxes of companies that are registered in Mainland China are calculated in accordance with 'Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax' and its implementation and related notification letters.
- (d) Income taxes of companies that are registered in the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China are calculated based on the revenue earned in Hong Kong and in accordance with 'Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance'.
- (e) For companies registered in Singapore, India, and Japan, they shall estimate business income tax of the current year pursuant to local laws and regulations.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. The interim period income tax expense is accrued based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

- G. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.
- (27) Dividends

Cash dividends to be distributed to the Company's shareholders are recorded as liabilities in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's Board of Directors; stock dividends to be distributed to the Company's shareholders are recorded as stock dividends distributable in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders, and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

- (28) Revenue recognition
 - A. Sales of goods
 - (a) The Group manufactures and sells PCBs and related products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has been transferred, i.e., when the products are delivered to the customer. The customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. Sales of PCBs and related products are recognised as the amount of contract price, net of the estimated discounts, credits and price concessions.
 - (b) Account receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.
 - B. Financial components

The contract between the Group and the customer, as the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.

(29) Government grants

Government grants shall not recognised at fair value until there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attaching to them, and that the grants will be received. Government grants shall be recognised in profit on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises as the related expenses for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to property, plant and equipment shall be recognised within non-current liabilities that are recognised in profit on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of related assets.

- (30) **Business combinations**
 - A. The Group accounts for a business combination by applying the acquisition method, unless it is a combination involving entities or businesses under common control or the acquire is a subsidiary of an investment entity, as defined in IFRS 10, 'Consolidated financial statements', which is required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and

contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.

- B. If the total of the fair values of the consideration of acquisition, non-controlling interest in the acquiree, and previous equity interest in the acquiree is higher than the fair value of the identifiable assets and obligations acquired, the difference is recorded as goodwill; if the fair value of the identifiable assets and obligations acquired is higher than the total of the fair values of the consideration of acquisition, non-controlling interest in the acquiree, and previous equity interest in the acquiree, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as 'gain recognised in bargain purchase transaction'.
- (31) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal management reports provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources to operating segments and evaluating their performance.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF</u> <u>ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, The Group has taken into consideration the economic impact caused by the novel coronavirus in its significant accounting estimates and will continue to evaluate such impact on its financial conditions and financial performance. and the related information is addressed below:

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Accounting estimates are based on the situation on the balance sheet date to estimate future events, though there could be differences between the actual events and estimation. Estimates and assumptions on the risk of possible critical adjustments to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for the next fiscal year are as follows:

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgments and estimates. Because of the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Since an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for products within a specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of inventories was \$24,053,378.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	September 30, 2022		D	ecember 31, 2021	September 30, 2021		
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	174	\$	137	\$	403	
Checking accounts and demand deposits Cash equivalents		24,791,136		16,326,795		11,017,731	
Time deposits	\$	23,062,437 47,853,747	\$	17,462,598 33,789,530	\$	19,318,111 30,336,245	

A. As of September 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and September 30, 2021, the Group's time deposits with maturity of over three months which are recognised within 'financial assets at amortised cost' are referred to in Note 6(3).

B. Except for demand deposits whose purpose is restricted that are recognised within other current assets, the Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as referred to in Note 8.

(2)	Financial	assets	and	liabilities	at f	air	value	through	profit	or loss

Item		September 30, 2022		ecember 31, 2021	September 30, 2021		
Assets - Non-current items							
Private fund	\$	1,089,454	\$	698,688	\$	820,888	
Unlisted partnership share		361,671		402,029		329,362	
		1,451,125		1,100,717		1,150,250	
Net exchange differences		46,809		13,871		4,588	
Total	\$	1,497,934	\$	1,114,588	\$	1,154,838	

A. The Group recognised net loss of \$39,208, and net gain of \$75,399, \$11,097 and \$277,925 on 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

- B. The distribution of income from private equity funds for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$13,475 and \$0, respectively.
- C. The Group has no outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts as of September 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and September 30, 2021.
- D. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.
- (3) Financial assets at amortised cost

	September 30, 2022		De	ecember 31, 2021	September 30, 2021	
Current items:						
Time deposits with maturity of over three months	\$	540,736	\$	558,777	\$	222,109
Guaranteed income financial products		139,700		830,400		1,671,000
-	\$	680,436	\$	1,389,177	\$	1,893,109
Non-current items: Time deposits with maturity of						
over three months	\$	423,097	\$	78,408	\$	

A. The Group recognised interest income in profit or loss for amortised cost for the threemonth and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Please refer to Note 6(25).

B. Principal- and interest-guaranteed wealth management products held by the Group are revenue notes aimed at collecting contractual cash flows. Principal is redeemed on the agreed date of maturity and interest is calculated at a fixed rate of 3.5%.

- C. Except for time deposits with maturity of over three months, whose purpose is restricted to paying customs duty guarantees and government-subsidised security, that are recognised within other current assets and time deposits due for more than a year that are recognised within other non-currenet assets, the Group has no financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as referred to in Note 8.
- D. Please refer to Note12(2) for relevant credit risk information.
- (4) <u>Notes and accounts receivable</u>

	September 30,		December 31,		September 30,	
		2022		2021		2021
Notes receivable	\$	13,452	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable		33,331,643		35,088,596		26,345,614
		33,345,095		35,088,596		26,345,614
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(112,336) (86,259)	(96,280)
	\$	33,232,759	\$	35,002,337	\$	26,249,334
Accounts receivable due from						
related parties	\$	2,849,966	\$	2,535,410	\$	2,453,687
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(8,551) (4,406)	()	3,251)
	\$	2,841,415	\$	2,531,004	\$	2,450,436

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Se	eptember 30, 2022	Γ	December 31, 2021	September 30, 2021		
Not past due	\$	35,873,758	\$	36,996,371	\$	28,521,291	
Between 1 and 90 days		294,225		601,247		230,284	
Between 91 and 180 days		6,038		2,336		10,976	
Over 180 days		21,040		24,052		36,750	
	\$	36,195,061	\$	37,624,006	\$	28,799,301	

- B. The balance of accounts and notes receivable as of September 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and September 30, 2021 is generated from customer contracts. The balance of receivables on customer contracts as of January 1, 2021 was \$33,848,614.
- C. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- D. Please refer to Note12(2) for relevant credit risk information.
- (5) Other receivables and prepayments

	September 30, 2022			ecember 31, 2021	September 30, 2021		
<u>Other receivables</u> Receivables from disposal of investments	\$	-	\$	177,742	\$	_	
Interest income receivable		107,794		123,566		209,944	
Business tax refundable		91,427		791,807		87,079	
Other		52,482		42,469	_	50,901	
	\$	251,703	\$	1,135,584	\$	347,924	
	Sej	otember 30, 2022	De	ecember 31, 2021	Sej	ptember 30, 2021	
Prepayments							
Excess business tax paid	\$	3,025,786	\$	1,836,797	\$	2,914,565	
Prepaid expenses		2,153,053		2,460,797		2,374,242	
	\$	5,178,839	\$	4,297,594	\$	5,288,807	

The Group's Mainland China subsidiaries are engaged in export sales. Under local regulations, the subsidiaries are entitled to tax benefits on business tax ('VAT') exemption, deduction and refund on the exports of goods. The subsidiaries calculate VAT refund and deductible amounts based on monthly sales by product types. The subsidiaries' counterparties and performing parties are mainly government organizations, so the possibility of default is remote. The subsidiaries recognise related refunds and deductibles within 'other receivables' and 'prepayments', respectively.

(6) <u>Inventories</u>

	 September 30, 2022									
			Allowance for							
	 Cost	V	valuation losses	Ca	arrying amount					
Raw materials	\$ 6,381,042	(\$	120,596)	\$	6,260,446					
Work in process	6,432,275	(331,688)		6,100,587					
Finished goods	12,202,959	(510,614)		11,692,345					
	\$ 25,016,276	(\$	962,898)	\$	24,053,378					
		Dee	cember 31, 2021							
			Allowance for							
	Cost	V	valuation losses	Ca	arrying amount					
Raw materials	\$ 4,279,701	(\$	116,703)	\$	4,162,998					
Work in process	5,421,186	(337,134)		5,084,052					
Finished goods	9,137,752	(709,637)		8,428,115					
	\$ 18,838,639	(<u></u>	1,163,474)	\$	17,675,165					
		Sep	tember 30, 2021							
			Allowance for							
	Cost	V	valuation losses	Ca	arrying amount					
Raw materials	\$ 6,030,513	(\$	139,881)	\$	5,890,632					
Work in process	6,102,686	(319,152)		5,783,534					
Finished goods	16,452,554	(894,208)		15,558,346					
	\$ 28,585,753	(\$	1,353,241)	\$	27,232,512					

Expenses and losses incurred on inventories for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Т	hree-month	Three-month			Nine-month	Nine-month			
	р	eriod ended	р	eriod ended	р	eriod ended	period ended			
	Se	ptember 30,	Se	eptember 30,	Se	eptember 30,	Se	September 30,		
		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Cost of goods sold	\$	37,606,188	\$	33,478,579	\$	94,212,392	\$	81,143,827		
Impairment losses on										
equipment		-		11,923		-		59,339		
Losses (gains on price										
recovery) on inventory										
valuation	(79,303)	(19,446)	(173,895)		340,671		
Income from sale of										
scraps and wastes	(508,002)	(635,325)	(1,559,561)	(1,334,400)		
	\$	37,018,883	\$	32,835,731	\$	92,478,936	\$	80,209,437		

Gain on price recovery was created because loss on allowance valuation decreased due to the Group's clearance of inventory, which is recognised as allowance for valuation losses.

(7) Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Ser	otember 30, 2022	D	ecember 31, 2021		September 30, 2021		
Equity instruments								
Listed/OTC-traded shares	\$	70,927	\$	-	\$	-		
Unlisted shares		623,261		409,954		409,954		
Valuation adjustment	(11,123)		71,138		39,402		
Net exchange differences		18,513	(4,473)	(7,278)		
Total	\$	701,578	\$	476,619	\$	442,078		

A. The Group has elected to classify the stocks that are considered to be strategic investment as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

B. Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Three-month	Three-month	Nine-month	Nine-month		
	period ended	period ended	period ended	period ended		
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,		
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Equity instruments	\$ 31,283	(<u>\$ 2,695</u>)	(\$ 82,261)	\$ 15,894		

C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others.

(8) <u>Property</u>, plant and equipment

	 Land		Buildings and structures			C	Other facilities	Unfinished instruction and uipment under acceptance	Total	
January 1, 2022										
Cost	\$ 2,338,433	\$	27,766,519	\$	67,804,287	\$	29,653,914	\$ 13,434,452	\$	140,997,605
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	 	(8,957,477)	(32,088,853)	(13,878,391)	 	(54,924,721)
	\$ 2,338,433	\$	18,809,042	\$	35,715,434	\$	15,775,523	\$ 13,434,452	\$	86,072,884
<u>2022</u>										
At January 1	\$ 2,338,433	\$	18,809,042	\$	35,715,434	\$	15,775,523	\$ 13,434,452	\$	86,072,884
Additions (transfers)	-		1,392,586		4,694,098		4,585,264	10,836,710		21,508,658
Disposal	-	(21,188)	(158,732)	(23,738)	-	(203,658)
Depreciation	-	(1,631,359)	(4,474,967)	(3,758,456)	-	(9,864,782)
Impairment losses	-		-	(546,072)	(218,177)	-	(764,249)
Net exchange differences	 265,090		550,980		929,124		604,021	 416,241		2,765,456
At September 30	\$ 2,603,523	\$	19,100,061	\$	36,158,885	\$	16,964,437	\$ 24,687,403	\$	99,514,309
September 30, 2022										
Cost	\$ 2,603,523	\$	30,239,090	\$	73,416,832	\$	34,322,072	\$ 24,687,403	\$	165,268,920
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	 	(11,139,029)	(37,257,947)	(17,357,635)	 	(65,754,611)
	\$ 2,603,523	\$	19,100,061	\$	36,158,885	\$	16,964,437	\$ 24,687,403	\$	99,514,309

		Land	E	Buildings and structures	N	Machinery and equipment	(Other facilities		Unfinished onstruction and quipment under acceptance	Total
January 1, 2021											
Cost	\$	2,390,675	\$	26,672,561	\$	55,750,789	\$	21,315,866	\$	8,410,005 \$	114,539,896
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	_	_	(9,090,514)	(27,570,839)	(9,701,368)		- (46,362,721)
	\$	2,390,675	\$	17,582,047	\$	28,179,950	\$	11,614,498	\$	8,410,005 \$	68,177,175
<u>2021</u>											
At January 1	\$	2,390,675	\$	17,582,047	\$	28,179,950	\$	11,614,498	\$	8,410,005 \$	68,177,175
Additions (transfers)		-		2,257,267		9,492,895		6,273,282		5,886,070	23,909,514
Disposal		-	(7,522)	(259,014)	(146,886)		8,989 (404,433)
Depreciation		-	(1,209,708)	(3,855,262)	(3,002,734)		- (8,067,704)
Impairment losses		-		-	(59,339)		-		- (59,339)
Net exchange differences	(40,881)	()	279,537)	(477,396)	(211,095)	(159,471) (1,168,380)
At September 30	\$	2,349,794	\$	18,342,547	\$	33,021,834	\$	14,527,065	\$	14,145,593 \$	82,386,833
September 30, 2021											
Cost	\$	2,349,794	\$	26,874,612	\$	63,645,037	\$	27,045,142	\$	14,145,593 \$	134,060,178
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		_	(8,532,065)	(30,623,203)	(12,518,077)		- (51,673,345)
	\$	2,349,794	\$	18,342,547	\$	33,021,834	\$	14,527,065	\$	14,145,593 \$	82,386,833

- A. The significant parts of the Group's buildings and structures include main plants and auxiliary improvements, which are depreciated over 20~54 years and 3~10 years, respectively.
- B. The Group evaluates the recoverable amount of assets at the end of the reporting period of the financial statements. The recoverable amount is calculated on the basis of value in use and fair value minus costs to sell. The discount rate for estimating value in use was 5.73% and 6.43%. In addition, fair value is recognised with reference to the replacement cost in accordance with market approach, and the fair value is categorised within Level 3. According to the results of evaluation using the aforementioned method, the Group recognised \$764,249 and \$59,339 in impairment losses on property, plant and equipment for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, operating costs were \$0 and \$59,339, respectively; while other gains and losses were \$764,249 and \$0, respectively. The aforementioned losses were attributed to the PCB segment.

- (9) <u>Right-of-use assets/lease liabilities</u>
 - A. The assets leased by the Group include land right-of-use, buildings, official vehicles and other facilities. The Group's subsidiaries signed land right-of-use contracts with local governments whom the subsidiaries will return the right to when the contract expires. Except for the lease term of land right-of-use of 20 to 50 years, the remaining lease terms are between 2 and 8 years. The lease contracts are negotiated individually and contain various terms and conditions without other restrictions except for the leased assets restricted to pledge to others.
 - B. The Group has rented buildings and parking spaces for a lease tenor of not more than 12 months. The Group also rented office machines, which are low-value underlying assets.
 - C. The information of the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and the recognition of depreciation expense are as follows:

		-	nber 30, 122	Dee	cember 2021	31,		September 30, 2021			
			g amount		Carrying amount			arryir	ng amount		
Land right-of-use		\$	8,419,188	3 \$	8,37	75,406	\$		8,373,483		
Buildings			86,787	7	15	54,404			178,491		
Transportation equipment											
(official vehicles)			22,499)	1	10,986			11,196		
Other facilities			8,511			4,497			4,991		
		\$	8,536,985	\$	8,54	15,293	\$		8,568,161		
	Thre	e-month	Three-month		Nin	e-montl	ı	Ni	ne-month		
	perio	d ended	period	l ended	peri	period ended			period ended		
	Septe	mber 30,	Septen	nber 30,	September 30,			September 30,			
	2	2022	20)21	2022			2021			
	Depr	reciation	Depre	ciation	Depreciation			De	preciation		
Land right-of-use	\$	73,604	\$	78,236	\$	220,20	02	\$	219,076		
Buildings		11,940		19,652		70,7	15		74,720		
Transportation equipment		, ,		, ,		,					
(official vehicles)		5,272		2,460		15,50	08		7,428		
Other facilities		1,055		534	2,1				1,614		
	\$	91,871	\$	100,882	\$	308,5		\$	302,838		

The acquisition of the right-of-use assets for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$61,089 and \$416,226, respectively.

- D. As of September 30, 2022, the amount of \$719,677 was still under the registration process in the land use rights contract signed between the Group's subsidiary and local government.
- E. The Group recognised as rental expense for either the lease term of less than 12 months or leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The information on the lease contract affecting profit or loss is as follows:

	peri Septe	ee-month od ended ember 30, 2022	perio Septe	e-month od ended ember 30, 2021	peri Sept	ne-month iod ended ember 30, 2022	per	ne-month iod ended tember 30, 2021
Items affecting current profit or loss								
Interest expense from								
lease liabilities	\$	3,495	\$	4,139	\$	11,671	\$	13,631
Rental expenses for short-								
term lease contracts	\$	67,949	\$	77,058	\$	206,867	\$	201,317
Lease modification gains	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,943	\$	-

F. The total cash outflow from leases for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$302,986 and \$718,819, respectively.

(10) Intangible assets

				20	<u> </u>			
	Pa	tents and		20.				
		nological	(Computer				
		xpertise		software	(Goodwill		Total
At January 1		•						
Cost	\$	400,522	\$	1,400,642	\$	1,203,863	\$	3,005,027
Accumulated amortisation ((95,971)	()	829,748)		-	(925,719)
	\$	304,551	\$	570,894	\$	1,203,863	\$	2,079,308
At January 1	\$	304,551	\$	570,894	\$	1,203,863	\$	2,079,308
Addition		-		140,815		-		140,815
Amortisation ((62,912)	(262,056)		-	(324,968)
Net exchange differences		39,392		12,735		176,991		229,118
At September 30	\$	281,031	\$	462,388	\$	1,380,854	\$	2,124,273
At September 30								
Cost	\$	459,413	\$	1,619,980	\$	1,380,854	\$	3,460,247
Accumulated amortisation (178,382)	(1,157,592)	+	-,	(1,335,974)
	<u>\$</u>	281,031	\$	462,388	\$	1,380,854	<u>\$</u>	2,124,273
				20	21			
	Da	tents and		20.	21			<u> </u>
		inological	(Computer				
		xpertise		software		Goodwill		Total
At January 1		(pertise		sonware		Goodwill		10101
Cost	\$	412,098	\$	1,088,808	\$	1,238,657	\$	2,739,563
Accumulated amortisation (13,459)	(561,075)	Ŷ		(574,534)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		398,639	\$	527,733	\$	1,238,657	<u></u>	2,165,029
At January 1	<u>\$</u> \$	398,639	\$	527,733	\$	1,238,657	\$	2,165,029
Addition	Ŷ	-	Ψ	191,708	Ŷ		Ŷ	191,708
Amortisation ((62,867)	(213,766)		-	(276,633)
Net exchange differences (8,325)	Ì	7,759)	(27,400)	Ì	43,484)
At September 30	\$	327,447	\$	497,916	\$	1,211,257	\$	2,036,620
At September 30								
Cost	\$	402,982	\$	1,246,972	\$	1,211,257	\$	2,861,211
Accumulated amortisation (*	75,535)	(749,056)	Ψ		(824,591)
	\$	327,447	` \$	497,916	\$	1,211,257	\$	2,036,620
		,		,				

- A. The Group acquired 100% shares of BoardTek Electronics Corp. on November 4, 2020 and 100% shares of Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd. in 2008, and recognised them as goodwill and patents and technological expertise under the acquisition method.
- B. Goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating units of the Group which are recognised by the operating segment, and the recoverable amount is evaluated on the basis of value in use. Value in use is calculated mainly by considering the operating net interest rate, growth rate, and discount rate. Management determined budgeted operating profit margin based on its expectations of market development; the growth rates used are based on industry expectations; the discount rates used are based on the weighted average capital cost of peer industry. The discount rate used in 2022 and 2021 was 5.73% and 6.43%, respectively.

(11) Other non-current assets

	September 30, 2022		Dec	ember 31, 2021	September 30, 2021		
Prepayments for fixed assets	\$	615,858	\$	16,549	\$	59,673	
Refundable deposits		253,679		103,179		103,664	
Net defined benefit assets		55,726		47,408		-	
Other		64,030		62,841		76,228	
	\$	989,293	\$	229,977	\$	239,565	

Please refer to Note 8 for other non-current assets - other pledges provided for customs duty guarantees.

(12) Short-term borrowings

	September 30,		
Type of borrowings	2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Credit loans	\$ 19,325,823	1.25%~7.75%	No
	December 31,	Interest rate	
Type of borrowings	2021	range	Collateral
Credit loans	\$ 19,636,568	0.38%~6.40%	No
	September 30,	Interest rate	
Type of borrowings	2021	range	Collateral
Credit loans	\$ 22,466,577	0.33%~6.40%	No

Please refer to Note 8 for information on collaterals for short-term borrowings.

(13) Other payables

	S	eptember 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		September 30, 2021
Wages and bonuses payable Payable on machinery and	\$	5,794,453	\$	4,328,423	\$	4,727,531
equipment		4,480,678		6,255,970		7,289,125
Payable on mold and jig Repairs and maintenance fees		880,421		649,026		1,124,599
payable		832,808		652,163		708,059
Power expenses payable		321,130		238,620		198,578
Processing expenses payable		250,577		259,730		136,098
Other		3,284,367		2,436,995		2,376,772
	\$	15,844,434	\$	14,820,927	\$	16,560,762
(14) Bonds payable						
	S	eptember 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		September 30, 2021
3rd overseas unsecured convertible bonds:					_	
Bonds payable Less: Discount on bonds	\$	12,700,000	\$	11,072,000	\$	11,140,000
payable	(620,820)	(688,848)	(742,584)
		12,079,180		10,383,152		10,397,416
Less: Current portion of long- term borrowings (within 'Long-term liabilities, current						
portion')	(12,079,180)				
Bonds payable	\$		\$	10,383,152	\$	10,397,416

- A. Conditions for 3rd issuance of overseas unsecured convertible bonds are as follows:
 - (a) The competent authority has approved the Company's third issuance of overseas unsecured corporate bonds on June 16, 2020. The total issue amount of the bonds is USD 400,000 thousand, at a coupon rate of 0% and maturity of 5 years from June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2025.
 - (b) The conversion price of the bonds is adjusted based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds. As of September 30, 2022, the conversion price was NT\$138.45 (exchange rate of NTD 29.593 to USD 1), and no convertible bonds had been converted to ordinary shares.
 - (c) The bondholders have the right to require the Company to repurchase all or any portion of bonds at the price of the bonds' principal amount with an annual rate of 0% as interest compensation (100% of the principal amount of the corporate bonds) on the day when three years have elapsed since issuance of the bonds. Because of the above conditions, the Group transferred all convertible corporate bonds to current liabilities on September 30, 2022.
 - (d) Except for bonds redeemed before maturity, repurchased and retired, or converted by the bondholders, the Company will fully redeem the bonds at the maturity date with an annual rate of 0% based on the principal amount. The redemption amount is about 100% of the principal amount of the corporate bonds, and the bonds will be redeemed in full.
 - (e) According to the terms of the bonds, all bonds repurchased (including bonds repurchased from the secondary market), redeemed before or at maturity, or converted by the bondholders are retired and not to be re-issued.
 - (f) According to the terms of the bonds, the rights and obligations of newly issued shares after conversion are the same as other issued ordinary shares.
 - (g) The effective rate of the corporate bonds is 1.86%.
- B. Regarding the issuance of overseas unsecured corporate bonds, the equity conversion options were separated from the liability component in accordance with IAS 32. The issuance of the 3rd overseas unsecured corporate bonds in 2020 was recognised as 'capital surplus-stock options' of \$996,753 as of September 30, 2022.

(15) Long-term borrowings

) <u>Long-term bo</u>	<u>nownigs</u>		
Type of		Se	ptember 30,
borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term		2022
Syndicated	Borrowing period is from April 6, 2021 to April 6, 2024;		
loans	principal is repayable semiannually from October 6, 2023		
	in two installments; 50% of principal has to be repaid		
	respectively.	\$	7,937,500
Credit loans	Borrowing period is from March 24, 2022 to March 24,	Ŷ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Civan Iouns	2036; principal is repayable semiannually after four years		
	since the first withdrawal in twenty installments; 5% of		
	principal has to be repaid respectively.		4,878,928
	Borrowing period is from May 9, 2022 to May 9, 2035;		4,070,920
	principal has to be repaid at maturity.		321,984
	· · · ·		521,964
	Borrowing period is from May 26, 2022 to May 9, 2035;		214 057
	principal has to be repaid at maturity.		314,857
	Borrowing period is from June 23, 2022 to May 9, 2035;		71 (72)
	principal has to be repaid at maturity.		71,653
	Borrowing period is from June 29, 2022 to June 28, 2035;		
	principal has to be repaid at maturity.		459,198
	Borrowing period is from July 28, 2022 to June 28, 2035;		
	principal has to be repaid at maturity.		45,650
	Borrowing period is from August 25, 2022 to June 28,		
	2035; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		300,142
	Borrowing period is from January 25, 2021 to July 25,		
	2024; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		316,136
	Borrowing period is from March 18, 2021 to July 25,		
	2024; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		158,068
	Borrowing period is from June 29, 2021 to July 25, 2024;		
	principal has to be repaid at maturity.		316,136
Subtotal			15,120,252
Less: Syndica	ted loan arrangement fees	(9,922)
-		\$	15,110,330
Interest rate		1.	97%~4.20%
Type of		De	ecember 31,
borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term		2021
Syndicated	Borrowing period is from April 6, 2021 to April 6, 2024;		
loans	principal is repayable semiannually from October 6, 2023		
	in two installments; 50% of principal has to be repaid		
	respectively.	\$	6,920,000
Credit loans	Borrowing period is from January 25, 2021 to July 25,		
	2024; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		276,799
	Borrowing period is from March 18, 2021 to July 25,		
	2024; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		138,400
	Borrowing period is from June 29, 2021 to July 25, 2024;		
	principal has to be repaid at maturity.		276,799
Subtotal			7,611,998
Less: Syndica	ted loan arrangement fees	(12,975)
-	-	\$	7,599,023
Interest rate		1.	01%~2.04%

Type of		Se	eptember 30,
borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term		2021
Syndicated	Borrowing period is from April 6, 2021 to April 6, 2024;		
loans	principal is repayable semiannually from October 6, 2023		
	in two installments; 50% of principal has to be repaid		
	respectively.	\$	6,962,500
Credit loans	Borrowing period is from December 3, 2011 to December		
	3, 2021; principal is repayable every 3 months; 20% of		
	principal has to be repaid respectively.		29,994
	Borrowing period is from November 18, 2019 to		
	November 17, 2022; principal is repayable every 3		
	months; 10% of principal has to be repaid respectively.		49,991
	Borrowing period is from January 25, 2021 to July 25,		
	2024; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		278,499
	Borrowing period is from March 18, 2021 to July 25,		
	2024; principal has to be repaid at maturity.		139,249
	Borrowing period is from June 29, 2021 to July 25, 2024;		
	principal has to be repaid at maturity.		278,499
Subtotal			7,738,732
Less: Syndica	ated loan arrangement fees	(14,505)
Less: Curren	t portion of long-term borrowings (within 'Long-term		
liabilities, cui	rent portion')	(69,987)
		\$	7,654,240
Interest rate		1.	.06%~2.04%
D 1 1			

During the terms of the syndicated loans, in accordance with the syndicated loan agreement, the Company is required to calculate and maintain certain level of current ratio, liability ratio, times-interest-earned ratio and net tangible asset balance based on the audited and reviewed annual and semi-annual consolidated financial statements.

(16) Pensions

- A. Defined benefit plan
 - The Group's subsidiary in Taiwan, Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd. and (a) BoardTek Electronics Corp., has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent Supervisory Committee of Labor Retirement Reserve Fund (the 'Fund'). Before the end of each year, the Taiwan subsidiary assesses the balance in the aforementioned Fund. If the balance in the Fund is inadequate to pay the retirement benefits of employees who are eligible for retirement in the following year by the aforementioned method, the Taiwan subsidiary is required to fund the deficit in one appropriation before the end of next March.

- (b) The pension costs recognised by the Group in accordance with the above pension plan were \$11, \$9, \$31 and \$28 for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group are \$15 for the year ended December 31, 2023.
- B. Defined contribution plan
 - (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Taiwan subsidiaries of the Group have established a defined contribution pension plan (the 'New Plan') under the Labor Pension Act, covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Taiwan subsidiaries of the Group contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The contribution plan accrued dividends from an employee's individual account is paid monthly or in lump sum upon retirement of an employee. The pension expenses recognised by the Group in accordance with the New Plan were \$19,824, \$20,486, \$59,755 and \$59,745 for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
 - (b) The Mainland China subsidiaries of the Group have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages with the contribution percentage of 10%~20%, and pension is contributed to the employees' individual pension accounts. Pension of each employee is managed by the government. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. The pension expenses recognised in accordance with local regulations were \$378,139, \$339,217, \$1,154,375 and \$928,023 for the threemonth and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- (17) Share-based payment
 - A. The share-based payment arrangements of the Company's subsidiary, Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited, are as follows:

Type of arrangements	Grant date	Quantity granted	Contract period	Vesting conditions
Restricted	2017.02.27	185,080	7	(a)(c)
stocks to employees		thousand shares		
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.06.15	10,045 thousand shares	6	(b)(c)(d)

- (a) 20% of employee subscription right are subscribed in installment each year when an employee remains employed by Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. for 2 years starting from the subscription date. For an employee who does not satisfy the vesting conditions, the employee's investment will be refunded net by the Group at the investment amount or the carrying amount of assets, whichever is lower. However, appropriated dividends are not required to be returned.
- (b) 20% of employee subscription right are subscribed in installment each year when an employee remains employed by Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. for 1 year starting from the subscription date. For an employee who does not satisfy the vesting conditions, the employee's investment will be repurchased and cancelled by the Group at the subscription price.

- (c) Until the achievement of the vesting conditions, the right and obligations are as follows: cannot sell, pledge, transfer, give to others, create a right in rem over the stocks, or any other form of disposal.
- (d) Outstanding restricted stock awards are released from trading restrictions only when the annual operating revenues reach the set target and employee's individual performance meets criteria. If the vesting conditions are not satisfied, the employee's investment will be repurchased and cancelled by the Group at the subscription price.
- B. Employee restricted stocks

The numbers of first employees restricted stocks are as follows (in thousand shares):

		2022	2021
Outstanding as of January 1		109,917	146,618
Numbers vested for the current period	(36,639) (36,654)
Outstanding as of September 30		73,278	109,964

The numbers of second employees restricted stocks are as follows (in thousand shares):

		2022	2021
Outstanding as of January 1		9,760	-
Numbers granted for the current period		-	10,045
Numbers vested for the current period	(1,931)	-
Numbers returned for the current period	(401)	
Outstanding as of September 30		7,428	10,045

C. Expenses incurred on the share-based payment are as follows:

	Three-month	Three-month	Nine-month	Nine-month	
	period ended	period ended	period ended	period ended	
	September	September	September	September	
	30, 2022	30, 2021	30, 2022	30, 2021	
Expenses incurred on employees restricted stocks	<u>\$ 68,245</u>	<u>\$ 78,358</u>	<u>\$ 181,349</u>	<u>\$ 119,859</u>	

(18) Share capital

- A. As of September 30, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$16,000,000, and the issued capital was \$9,470,492, consisting of 947,049 thousand ordinary shares with a par value of NTD 10 per share.
- B. As of September 30, 2022, the number of ordinary shares of the Company held by the Group's subsidiary, BoardTek Investment Co., Ltd., was 2,093 thousand shares, and the acquisition cost amounted to \$257,489 within the 'treasury shares'. The treasury shares shall not be pledged to others, and the shareholders' rights shall not be enjoyed before transfer under Securities and Exchange Act.

(19) Capital surplus

				Nif	e-n	nonth period end	aea Se	eptember 3	0, 2	2022			
	Additional paid-in apital arising rom ordinary share	l capi fro	lditional paid-in tal arising m bonds nversion	Share option	s	Expired share options	co	nanges in non- ontrolling nterests		Difference between the actual and the carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of	reasury	Total	
At January 1	\$ 10,754,926	\$ 1	3,624,555	\$ 996,75	3 \$	\$ 59,426	\$ 1	0,389,506	\$	1,103,156	\$ 9,420 \$	36,937,74	42
Employee restricted stocks	-		-		-	-		133,414		-	-	133,41	14
Distribution of subsidiary's dividends for adjustment of capital surplus	-		-		-	-		-		-	10,467	10,46	67
Changes in subsidiaries' equity recognised	-		-		-	-		143,041		755,262	 <u>-</u>	898,30	03
At September 30	\$ 10,754,926	\$ 1	3,624,555	\$ 996,75	3 \$	\$ 59,426	\$ 1	0,665,961	\$	1,858,418	\$ 19,887 \$	37,979,92	26
				Nir	e-n	nonth period end	ded Se	eptember 3	0, 2	2021			
	Additional pa capital arising ordinary sh	g from	capita	tional paid-in al arising from ls conversion		Share I options	-	d share	Cł	nanges in non- controlling interests	easury nares	Total	
At January 1	\$ 10,7	54,920	5 \$	13,624,555	\$	996,753 \$		59,426	5	10,235,552 \$	- \$	35,671,21	12
Employee restricted stocks			-	-		-		-		87,034	-	87,03	34
Distribution of subsidiary's dividends for adjustment of capital surplus			-	-		-		-		-	9,420	9,42	20
Changes in subsidiaries' equity recognised			-	-		-		-		233,191	-	233,19	9 1
At September 30	\$ 10,7	/54,920	5 \$	13,624,555	\$	996,753 \$		59,426	5	10,555,777 \$	9,420 \$	36,000,85	57
									_				

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022

A. Capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of ordinary share is used to offset accumulated losses incurred in previous years or distribute dividends to shareholders.

B. Please refer to Note 6(14) for the details of capital surplus-share options.

C. Please refer to Note 6(31) for the details of capital surplus from changes in subsidiaries' equity recognised.

(20) <u>Retained earnings</u>

A. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation,

The Company shall set aside out of the current year's earnings sequentially as follows:

- (a) A reserve for payment of tax for the relevant financial year;
- (b) An amount to offset losses incurred in previous years;
- (c) Ten percent (10%) as a general reserve, and
- (d) A special surplus reserve as required by the applicable securities authority under the applicable public company rules or a reserve as determined by the Board of Directors.

Dividends equaling no less than 10% of the distributable amount shall be distributed. The Board of Directors may decide to use cash, the undistributed shares paid for with the cash amount, or both for the distribution of dividends, provided however that the cash dividends distributed may not be less than 50% of the total dividends.

Cash dividends shall be distributed following approval and resolution by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors; stock dividends shall be distributed following resolution and approval at the shareholders' meeting in each fiscal year.

B. The appropriations of 2021 and 2020 earnings have been approved in the shareholders' meeting on May 31, 2022 and after the electronic voting rate in the shareholders' meeting reached the statutory threshold of a resolution on June 15, 2021. Details are summarised as follows:

	For the year	ended December 31, 2021	For the year ended December 31, 2020			
		Dividends per share (in New Taiwan		Dividends per share (in New Taiwan		
	Amount	dollars)	Amount	dollars)		
Allocation to general reserve Allocation to (Reversal of)	\$ 965,710	<u></u>	\$ 810,605			
special reserve Cash dividends Total	717,985 4,735,246 \$ 6,418,941	5.50	$(\begin{array}{r} 884,381)\\ \underline{4,261,721}\\ \underline{\$ \ 4,187,945}\end{array}$	4.50		

Information on the appropriation of the Company's earnings as resolved at the shareholders' meeting is posted in the 'Market Observation Post System' at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(21) Other equity interest

	Unrealised gains	(losses)		
	from financial	assets Exch	ange differences	
	measured at fai	r value on	translation of	
	through oth		reign financial	
	comprehensive		statements	Total
January 1, 2022	\$	38,071 (\$	4,886,372) (\$	4,848,301)
Valuation adjustment	(36,643)	- (36,643)
Currency translation differences:				
- Group			3,382,268	3,382,268
September 30, 2022	\$	1,428 (\$	1,504,104) (\$	1,502,676)
	Unrealised gains	(losses)		
	from financial	· /	ange differences	
	measured at fai	r value on	translation of	
	through oth		reign financial	
	comprehensive		statements	Total
January 1, 2021	\$	6,629 (\$	4,136,945) (\$	4,130,316)
Valuation adjustment		16,476	-	16,476
Currency translation differences:				
- Group		- (1,292,420) (1,292,420)
September 30, 2021	\$	23,105 (\$	5,429,365) (\$	5,406,260)
A	ψ	25,105 (0	<u> </u>	5,400,200)
(22) Operating revenue				
	Three-month	Three-month	Nine-month	Nine-month
	period ended	period ended	period ended	period ended
	September 30,	September 30,		September 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue from contracts		b 11 (10 - 0 -		
with customers	\$ 50,004,714	<u>\$ 41,618,582</u>	\$ 118,454,269	<u>\$ 98,579,882</u>
The Group's revenue	comes from prod	luct and service	s transferred at a c	ertain time.
Revenue by region is fu	_			
		•	NT: (1	

	-	Three-month period ended		hree-month eriod ended	Nine-month period ended		Nine-month period ended		
	Se	2022 eptember 30,	Se	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2022		September 30, 2021	
Revenue from contracts with customers									
U.S.A.	\$	37,629,529	\$	29,883,443	\$	85,656,559	\$	65,846,674	
Mainland China		6,689,140		7,022,859		19,194,450		19,522,072	
Taiwan		2,080,850		1,984,012		6,669,518		6,034,530	
Other regions		3,605,195		2,728,268		6,933,742		7,176,606	
-	\$	50,004,714	\$	41,618,582	\$	118,454,269	\$	98,579,882	

(23) Expenses by nature

	Three-mon period end September 2022	ed p	hree-month eriod ended ptember 30, 2021	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021
Employee benefit	• • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •
expenses	\$ 6,042,		6,042,616	\$ 16,491,997	\$ 15,663,945
Depreciation	3,440,	262	2,918,243	10,173,363	8,370,542
Amortisation	107,	313	94,468	324,968	280,019
	\$ 9,590,	510 \$	9,055,327	\$ 26,990,328	\$ 24,314,506
(24) Employee benefit expense	ses				
	Three-mon period end September 2022	ed p	hree-month eriod ended ptember 30, 2021	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021
Wages and salaries	\$ 4,755.	013 \$	4,754,036	\$ 12,927,136	\$ 12,525,602
Employees' remuneration	199.	333	28,202	345,987	46,428
Labor and health					
insurance fees	265.	071	247,769	724,582	683,479
Pension expenses	397.	974	359,712	1,214,161	987,796
Other personnel expenses	425.		652,897	1,280,131	1,420,640
	\$ 6,042,		6,042,616	\$ 16,491,997	\$ 15,663,945

- A. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall distribute employee's remuneration between zero point five percent (0.5%) and twenty percent (20%) and distribute directors' remuneration no higher than zero point five percent (0.5%) of the distributed earnings covering accumulated losses.
- B. In accordance with the above Articles of Incorporation, the Company recognised employees' remuneration of \$199,333, \$28,202, \$345,987 and \$46,428; and directors' remuneration of \$56,082, \$4,348, \$64,895 and \$13,137 for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- C. Employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration of the Board of Directors' resolution for the year ended December 31, 2021 were equal to the amount recognised in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- D. Information on employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and shareholders is posted in the 'Market Observation Post System' at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(25) Interest income

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2022		Three-month period ended September 30, 2021		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021	
Interest income from bank deposits Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised	\$	188,705	\$	36,814	\$	329,485	\$	197,424
cost		10,453		14,142		32,167		45,569
	\$	199,158	\$	50,956	\$	361,652	\$	242,993

(26) Other income

	per	Three-month period ended September 30, 2022		Three-month period ended September 30, 2021		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021	
Government grants revenue Other income	rnment grants enue \$ 271,382		\$	139,767 56,044	\$ 526,189 83,759		\$	806,328 147,826	
	\$	293,708	\$	195,811	\$	609,948	\$	954,154	

(27) Other gains and losses

	pe	riee-month riod ended ptember 30, 2022	pe	ree-month riod ended otember 30, 2021	pe	ine-month priod ended ptember 30, 2022	pe	ine-month priod ended ptember 30, 2021
Net currency exchange								
gains (losses)	\$	919,332	\$	65,915	\$	2,407,900	(\$	180,649)
Net gains (losses) on								
financial assets and								
liabilities measured at								
fair value through profit	t							
or loss	(39,208)		75,399		11,097		277,925
Net gains (losses) on								
disposal of property,		1.070	(000)		2 5 1 0		5 (()
plant and equipment		1,276	(808)		3,510		5,664
Impairment losses on property, plant and								
equipment	(734,451)		-	(764,249)		-
Other	(68,359)	()	46,979)	()	72,195)	(157,152)
	\$	78,590	\$	93,527	\$	1,586,063	(\$	54,212)

(28) Finance costs

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2022		per	ree-month iod ended tember 30, 2021	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021	
Interest expenses								
Bank borrowings	\$	161,596	\$	78,362	\$	370,050	\$	213,251
Amortisation of								
convertible bond								
discounts		54,046		49,541		159,382		149,690
Amortisation of								
syndicated loan								
arrangement fees		1,584		1,438		4,670		8,187
Interest expense from								
lease liabilities		3,495		4,139	11,671		13,631	
	\$	220,721	\$	133,480	\$	545,773	\$	384,759

(29) Income tax

A. Components of income tax expense

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2022		Three-month period ended September 30, 2021		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021	
Current tax:								
Tax payable arising								
from the current								
period	\$	1,724,803	\$	501,369	\$	2,557,459	\$	1,147,978
Adjustments in respect								
of prior years	(901)	()	134)	(137,087)		4,562
Total current tax		1,723,902		501,235		2,420,372		1,152,540
Deferred tax:								
Origination and reversa	.1							
of temporary								
differences	(484,338)		292,007	(349,485)		249,805
Total deferred tax	(484,338)		292,007	(349,485)		249,805
Income tax expense	\$	1,239,564	\$	793,242	\$	2,070,887	\$	1,402,345

B. The income tax returns of the Group's subsidiaries, Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd., Garuda Technology Co., Ltd., BoardTek Electronics Corp., and BoardTek Investment Co., Ltd. have been assessed and approved through 2019 and 2020, 2019 and 2020 by the Tax Authority.

(30) Earnings per share

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2022							
	Weighted							
			average					
			number of	т -				
			ordinary shares		ngs per			
	٨٠	nount after	outstanding (shares in		nare New			
	AI	tax	thousands)		n dollars)			
Basic earnings per share		tax	mousanusj	141 wa	<u>r uonarsj</u>			
Dasie earnings per share								
Profit attributable to ordinary								
shareholders of the parent	\$	4,984,512	944,956	\$	5.27			
Diluted earnings per share								
Profit attributable to ordinary								
shareholders of the parent	\$	4,984,512	944,956					
Assumed conversion of all dilutive								
potential ordinary shares								
Overseas convertible bonds		54,046	85,498					
Employees' remuneration		_	3,264					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders								
of the parent considering assumed								
conversion of all dilutive potential	¢	5 020 550	1 022 719	¢	4 97			
ordinary shares	\$	5,038,558	1,033,718	\$	4.87			

	Three-month	period ended Sept	ember 30, 2021
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in New <u>Taiwan dollars)</u>
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent <u>Diluted earnings per share</u>	\$ 3,074,487	944,956	\$ 3.25
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 3,074,487	944,956	
Overseas convertible bonds Employees' remuneration Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	49,541	81,670 469	
of the parent considering assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 3,124,028	1,027,095	\$ 3.04
	Amount after	period ended Septe Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in New
Basic earnings per share		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earnings per share
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent <u>Diluted earnings per share</u>	Amount after	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in	Earnings per share (in New
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in New <u>Taiwan dollars)</u>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	Amount after tax \$ 9,491,526	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 944,956	Earnings per share (in New <u>Taiwan dollars)</u>

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021						
			Weighted				
			average				
			number of				
			ordinary shares	Earnings per			
			outstanding	share			
	At	mount after	(shares in	(in New			
		tax	thousands)	<u>Taiwan dollars)</u>			
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent	\$	4,781,686	944,956	\$ 5.06			
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent	\$	4,781,686	944,956				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive							
potential ordinary shares							
Overseas convertible bonds		149,690	81,670				
Employees' remuneration		_	644				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							
of the parent considering assumed							
conversion of all dilutive potential							
ordinary shares	\$	4,931,376	1,027,270	<u>\$ 4.80</u>			

As employees' remuneration might be distributed in the form of shares, the diluted EPS is calculated based on the assumption that all distribution will be in the form of shares in the calculation of the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the reporting period, taking into account the dilutive effects of stock bonus on potential ordinary shares.

(31) <u>Transactions with non-controlling interests</u>

A. The Group did not participate in the capital increase raised by a subsidiary proportionally to its interest to the subsidiary.

In the first quarter of 2022, the Group's subsidiary, Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. increased its capital by issuing new shares. As the Group did not acquire new shares proportionately, the shareholding ratio decreased by 0.74%. The abovementioned transaction resulted in an increase in the non-controlling interest by \$720,409 and an increase in the equity attributable to owners of the parent by \$143,041.

The effect of changes in interests in the Group on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the nine-month period ended September 31, 2022 is shown below:

		onth period ended ember 30, 2022
Cash	\$	863,450
Increase in carrying amount of non-controlling interests	(720,409)
Capital surplus - recognition of changes in ownership interes	st	
in subsidiaries	\$	143,041

B. Disposal of ownership interest in the subsidiary without losing control

(a) In January 2022, the Group's subsidiary, Pacific Fair International Limited, disposed the share equity of Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited which caused the Group's shareholding ratio to decrease by 0.31% in the amount of \$1,302,378. The carrying amount of the Group's non-controlling interest was \$547,116 on the day of sale. This transaction increased non-controlling interests by \$547,116, and equity attributable to owners of parent increased by \$755,262.

(b) The effect of changes in interests in the Group on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the nine-month period ended September 31, 2022 is shown below:

		Nine-month period ended
		September 30, 2022
Carrying amount disposed to non-controlling interest	(\$	535,112)
Consideration paid from non-controlling interest		1,302,378
Other equity (e.g., as financial statements translation		
differences of foreign operations)	(12,004)
Capital surplus - difference between consideration and		
carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	\$	755,262

(32) Additional information of cash flows

A. Investing activities with partial cash payment:

		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$	21,508,658	\$	23,909,514
Add: Opening balance of payable on machinery and equipment (within	l			
'other payables')		6,255,970		7,060,667
Less: Ending balance of payable on machinery and equipment (within				
'other payables')	(4,480,678)	(7,289,125)
Net exchange differences		178,341	(119,732)
Cash paid during the period	\$	23,462,291	\$	23,561,324

B. Changes in liabilities from financing activities

					Nine	-month period en	ded Se	ptember 30, 202	2			
		Short-term						Long-term		Guarantee		al liabilities from
		borrowings	1	ease liabilities	B	onds payable	1	oorrowings	depo	osits received	fin	ancing activities
At January 1 Change in cash flow from financing	\$	19,636,568	\$	517,316	\$	10,383,152	\$	7,599,023	\$	4,600,762	\$	42,736,821
activities Change in right-	(750,026)	(96,905)		-		6,401,417		3,587,001		9,141,487
of-use assets Lease modification		-		22,708		-		-		-		22,708
gains Amortisation of interest		-	(1,943)		-		-		-	(1,943)
expenses Effect of exchange rate		-		11,671		159,382		4,670		-		175,723
fluctuation At September 30		439,281 19,325,823	\$	<u>89</u> 452,936	\$	1,536,646 12,079,180	\$	1,105,220 15,110,330	\$	747,010 8,934,773	\$	3,828,246 55,903,042

			Nine-month	period ended Septe	ember 30, 2021		
	Short-term borrowings	Short-term notes and bills payable	Lease liabilities	Bonds payable	Long-term borrowings	Guarantee deposits received	Total liabilities from financing activities
At January 1	\$ 12,838,545	\$ 949,666	\$ 655,821	\$ 10,480,741	\$ 8,928,523	\$ 186,613	\$ 34,039,909
Change in cash flow from							
financing activities	9,868,563 (949,335) (113,970)	-	(853,229)	138,638	8,090,667
Change in right-							
of-use assets	-	- (1,791)	-	-	-	(1,791)
Amortisation of interest							
expenses	-	-	13,631	149,690	8,187	-	171,508
Effect of							
exchange rate	(240 521) (221) (7.025	(000.015)	(250.254)	(2.052)	(045.010)
fluctuation	(240,531) (331) (7,935)	(·	((
At September 30	\$ \$22,466,577	\$ -	\$ 545,756	\$ 10,397,416	\$ 7,724,227	\$ 321,298	\$ 41,455,274

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) <u>Names of related parties and relationship</u>

i	
Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd. and its	The entity has significant
subsidiaries	influence over the Group
CyberTAN Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
Ennoconn Corporation and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
Foxconn Interconnect Technology Limited and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
Foxconn Technology Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
Guangdong Zhan Yang Intelligent Equipment Co., Ltd.	Associate
(formerly: Zhan Yang Automation (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.)	(since September 15, 2021)

(2) Significant related parties transactions and balances

A. <u>Sales</u>

	pe	nree-month priod ended ptember 30, 2022	pe	riee-month riod ended ptember 30, 2021	pe	ine-month riod ended ptember 30, 2022	pe	ine-month priod ended ptember 30, 2021
Sale of goods:								
- Entity with significant influence over								
the Company - Other related	\$	2,060,417	\$	1,734,202	\$	4,918,388	\$	4,926,473
parties		593,980		770,991		2,090,084		1,704,882
_	\$	2,654,397	\$	2,505,193	\$	7,008,472	\$	6,631,355

Unless the prices and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements due to no similar transactions, the sale prices and credit terms to related parties were similar to third parties. The normal credit term is around 1 to 4 months for general clients and related parties.

B. Purchases

	per	ee-month iod ended ember 30, 2022	pe	riee-month riod ended ptember 30, 2021	pe	ine-month priod ended ptember 30, 2022	pe	ine-month priod ended ptember 30, 2021
Purchase of goods:								
- Entity with								
significant								
influence over								
the Company	\$	144,496	\$	282,126	\$	541,718	\$	745,386
- Other related								
parties		814,737		1,532,735		2,477,532		2,706,854
- Associate		557		12		2,143		12
Total	\$	959,790	\$	1,814,873	\$	3,021,393	\$	3,452,252

Unless the prices and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements due to no similar transactions, the purchase prices and payment terms to related parties were similar to third parties. The normal payment term is around 1 to 4 months for general suppliers and related parties.

C. Accounts receivable

	0.	<u></u>		Sep	otember 30, 2022	De	cember 31, 2021	Sej	ptember 30, 2021
		Accounts receivable - r - Entity with signif	1						
		over the Company		\$	2,214,682	\$	1,719,990	\$	1,646,857
		- Other related part		•	635,284	•	815,420	•	806,830
		Ĩ			2,849,966		2,535,410		2,453,687
		Less: Allowance fo	r bad debts	(8,551)) (4,406)	(3,251)
		Total		\$	2,841,415	\$	2,531,004	\$	2,450,436
	D.	Notes and accounts p	ayable						
				Sep	otember 30, 2022	De	cember 31, 2021	Sej	ptember 30, 2021
		Notes payable - related - Entity with signific	<u>^</u>						
		over the Company Accounts payable - Rel - Entity with signific		\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,273
		over the Company			38,062		104,229		114,360
		- Other related partie	S		707,166		962,343		1,259,993
		- Associate			570		119		243
				\$	745,798	\$	1,066,691	\$	1,376,869
(3)	Key	management compension	<u>sation</u>						
	Sho	rt-term employee	Three-month period ended September 30, 2022	pe	hree-month eriod ended ptember 30, 2021	pe	ine-month criod ended ptember 30, 2022	pe	ine-month priod ended ptember 30, 2021
		· ·	\$ 74,202	\$	17,600	\$	156,438	\$	57,625
			* 7.,202	¥	17,000	¥	120,130	¥	01,020

8. <u>PLEDGED ASSETS</u>

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	_		Carr	ring amount			
	Sept	ember 30,	De	cember 31,	Sej	otember 30,	
Pledged assets		2022		2021		2021	Collateral purpose
Other current assets							
- Time deposits with maturity of over three							Tariff guarantee and government subsidy
months	\$	4,870	\$	4,648	\$	4,687	guarantee
							Standby Letters of
- Demand deposit		-		109,903		77,490	Credit and Other
Other non-current assets							
- Time deposits with							Tariff guarantee
maturity of over one							
year		29,219		27,891		28,121	
	\$	34,089	\$	142,442	\$	110,298	

9. <u>Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognised contract commitments</u>

(1) <u>Contingencies</u>

None.

- (2) <u>Commitments</u>
 - A. Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet paid is as follows:

		September 30,		D	ecember 31,	Se	ptember 30,
			2022		2021		2021
	Property, plant and equipment	\$	39,665,375	\$	17,239,436	\$	15,996,503
B.	The amount of unused letters of equipment is as follows:	cred	lit for the ac	quis	ition of prop	perty	y, plant and

- Imprinent is us follows:						
	Sep	otember 30,	De	cember 31,	Se	ptember 30,
		2022		2021		2021
Unused letters of credit	\$	4,182,631	\$	3,542,469	\$	4,480,297
					_	

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u>

- None.
- 12. <u>Other</u>
 - (1) Capital management

The Group's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares when convertible bonds are converted, or issue new shares for consideration to achieve optimal structure.

(2) <u>Financial instruments</u>

A. Financial instruments by category

	Se	eptember 30, 2022	D	ecember 31, 2021	Se	eptember 30, 2021
<u>Financial assets</u> Financial assets at amortised cost Financial assets at fair value through	\$	85,317,246	\$	74,068,574	\$	61,401,870
profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through		1,497,934		1,114,588		1,154,838
other comprehensive income		701,578		476,619		442,078
	\$	87,516,758	\$	75,659,781	\$	62,998,786
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	\$	95,224,359	\$	77,137,174	\$	81,095,104
Lease liabilities	¢	452,936	¢	517,316	¢	545,756
	\$	95,677,295	\$	77,654,490	\$	81,640,860

Note: Financial assets at amortised cost include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable (including to related parties), other receivables, other current assets, and other non-current assets-time deposits with maturity of over one year; financial liabilities at amortised cost include short-term borrowings, accounts payable (including due from related parties), other payables, current portion of long-term liabilities, bonds payable, long-term borrowings and guarantee deposits received.

- B. Risk management policies
 - (a) <u>Risk categories:</u>

The Group employs a comprehensive risk management and control system to clearly identify, measure, and control various kinds of financial risks it faces, including market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk.

- (b) <u>Management objectives</u>
 - i. Except for market risk, which is controlled by outside factors, the remainder of the foregoing types of risks can be eliminated via internal control or operational procedures. Therefore, the goal in managing each of these risks is to reduce them to zero.
 - ii. As for market risk, the goal is to optimise its overall position through strict analysis, suggestion, execution and audit processes, and proper consideration of trends in the external economic/financial environment, internal operating conditions and the actual effects of market fluctuations.
 - iii. The Group's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictable item of financial markets and seeks to reduce the risk that potentially pose adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
 - iv. The Group uses derivative financial instruments. Please refer to Note 6 for details.
- (c) <u>Management system</u>
 - i. Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (the Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units.
 - ii. The Board of Directors provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
 - (a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from (a) the timing of recognition for accounts receivable, accounts payable, borrowings, and payables on machinery and equipment denominated in non-functional currencies is different, (b) recognised assets and liabilities and (c) net investments in foreign operations. Since the transacting currencies are different from functional currencies, foreign exchange risks arise.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require all subsidiaries within the Group to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. However, the overall foreign exchange risk is managed by the Group treasury for hedging.
- iii. The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. Currency exposure arising from the net assets of the Group's foreign operations is managed primarily through borrowings denominated in the relevant foreign currencies.

iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB or NTD) so it is impacted by the exchange rate fluctuations. The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

allected		-			
	Ser	otember 30, 2	2022		nth period ended nber 30, 2022
			Carrying		ivity analysis
	Foreign		amount	Degree	Effect on
	currency	Exchange	(In thousands	of	comprehensive
	(In thousands)	rate	of NTD)	variation	income
(Foreign currency:	(III thousands)	Tate		variation	
functional currency)					
Financial assets					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD: NTD	291,525	31.75	\$ 9,255,919	1%	\$ 92,559
USD: RMB	1,895,009	7.0998	60,166,540	1%	601,665
Net effect in	1,075,007	1.0770	00,100,040	170	001,005
<u>consolidated</u>					
entities with foreign	1				
currencies	<u>-</u>				
USD: NTD	3,647,987	31.75	115,823,587	1%	1,158,236
Financial liabilities	-))		-))))
Monetary items					
USD: NTD	145,929	31.75	4,633,246	1%	46,332
USD: RMB	1,390,256	7.0998	44,140,623	1%	441,406
JPY: RMB	10,597,174	0.0493	2,335,617	1%	23,356
					e year ended
	De	cember 31, 2		Decen	nber 31, 2021
		cember 31, 2	Carrying	Decen Sensit	nber 31, 2021 ivity analysis
	Foreign		Carrying amount	Decen Sensit Degree	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on
	Foreign currency	Exchange	Carrying amount (In thousands	Decen Sensit Degree of	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive
	Foreign		Carrying amount	Decen Sensit Degree	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on
(Foreign currency:	Foreign currency	Exchange	Carrying amount (In thousands	Decen Sensit Degree of	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive
functional currency)	Foreign currency	Exchange	Carrying amount (In thousands	Decen Sensit Degree of	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive
functional currency) Financial assets	Foreign currency	Exchange	Carrying amount (In thousands	Decen Sensit Degree of	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u>	Foreign currency (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD)	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	hber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874	Exchange rate	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB	Foreign currency (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD)	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	hber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB <u>Net effect in</u>	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874	Exchange rate	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB <u>Net effect in</u> <u>consolidated</u>	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874 1,504,326	Exchange rate	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB <u>Net effect in</u> <u>consolidated</u> <u>entities with foreign</u>	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874 1,504,326	Exchange rate	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB <u>Net effect in</u> <u>consolidated</u> <u>entities with foreign</u> <u>currencies</u>	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874 1,504,326	Exchange rate 27.68 6.3757	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232 41,663,873	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	hber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352 416,639
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB <u>Net effect in</u> <u>consolidated</u> <u>entities with foreign</u> <u>currencies</u> USD: NTD	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874 1,504,326	Exchange rate	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	ber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB <u>Net effect in</u> <u>consolidated</u> <u>entities with foreign</u> <u>currencies</u> USD: NTD <u>Financial liabilities</u>	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874 1,504,326	Exchange rate 27.68 6.3757	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232 41,663,873	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	hber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352 416,639
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB <u>Net effect in</u> <u>consolidated</u> <u>entities with foreign</u> <u>currencies</u> USD: NTD <u>Financial liabilities</u> <u>Monetary items</u>	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874 1,504,326 3,569,976	Exchange rate 27.68 6.3757	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232 41,663,873 98,816,936	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	hber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352 416,639 988,169
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB <u>Net effect in</u> <u>consolidated</u> <u>entities with foreign</u> <u>currencies</u> USD: NTD <u>Financial liabilities</u>	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874 1,504,326 3,569,976 143,791	Exchange rate 27.68 6.3757 27.68	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232 41,663,873 98,816,936 3,980,135	Decen Sensit Degree of variation	aber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352 416,639 988,169 39,801
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD USD: RMB <u>Net effect in</u> <u>consolidated</u> <u>entities with foreign</u> <u>currencies</u> USD: NTD <u>Financial liabilities</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD: NTD	Foreign currency (In thousands) 228,874 1,504,326 3,569,976	Exchange rate 27.68 6.3757 27.68 27.68	Carrying amount (In thousands of NTD) \$ 6,335,232 41,663,873 98,816,936	Decen Sensit Degree of variation 1% 1%	hber 31, 2021 ivity analysis Effect on comprehensive income \$ 63,352 416,639 988,169

	Sej	otember 30, 2		Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021			
			Sensit	ivity analysis			
	Foreign		amount	Degree	Effect on		
	currency (In	Exchange	(In thousands	of	comprehensive		
	thousands)	rate	of NTD)	variation	income		
(Foreign currency:			·				
functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	296,397	27.85	\$ 8,254,656	1%	\$ 82,547		
USD: RMB	1,436,870	6.4854	40,116,904	1%	401,169		
Net effect in							
consolidated							
entities with foreign	<u>l</u>						
currencies							
USD: NTD	3,247,774	27.85	90,450,506	1%	904,505		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	184,945	27.85	5,150,718	1%	51,507		
USD: RMB	1,366,334	6.4854	38,147,565	1%	381,476		
JPY: RMB	10,584,056	0.0579	2,639,499	1%	26,395		

v. Please refer to Note 6(27) Next Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) for the total exchange gain (including realised and unrealised) arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Interest rate risk for cash flow and fair value

The Group's interest rate risk mainly arises from borrowings. Borrowings at floating rates expose the Group to interest rate risk of cash flow, which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at floating rates.

Based on the simulations performed, the impact on after-tax profit of a quarterpoint shift would be a maximum increase or decrease of \$64,568 and \$56,477 for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The simulation is based on a quarterly basis to ensure that the maximum potential loss is within the limit given by the management.

The financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group are fixed-rate products, and their changes of fair value arise from changes in market interest rate. However, the Group would hold the financial assets to the maturity because of the return at the effective rates for the duration, thus, there are no gains or losses on disposal or valuation arising from change in fair value.

Price risk

The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed stocks which are classified as investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The price of equity securities would be affected by the uncertainty of the future value of underlying investment. However, the Group expects the price fluctuations do not have significant impact on the price of equity securities.

- (b) Credit risk
 - i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments.

According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and other financial instruments, and is managed and monitored by the Group treasury. The clients and counterparties are government organisations, banks with high credit quality and financial institutions with investment grade; thus, there is no significant default risk and critical credit risk.

- ii. The Group assess whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
 - (i) If the contract payments were an underlying more than 30 days past due based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
 - (ii) If the credit rating grade of an underlying investment degrades two grades, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- iii. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Delinquency or default in interest or principal payments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- iv. The default occurs when the contract payment are more than 90 days past due.
- v. The credit quality information of financial assets that are neither overdue nor impaired is as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group's investments in debt classified as financial assets at amortised are low credit risk, and the carrying amount is measured as the expected credit loss for the 12 months following the balance sheet date.

Accounts receivable (including from related parties)

- (i) The Group applies the following approaches to assess the expected credit losses (the 'ECLs') of accounts receivable:
 - 1 Assess the ECLs on an individual basis if a significant default has been occurred to the certain customers.
 - 2 Classifies the other customers' accounts receivables based on the Group's credit rating standards and estimates the ECLs using loss rate methodology or provision matrix.
 - 3 Adjust the loss rates constructed from historical and recent information by taking into account the business cycle indicators of the National Development Council and forecasts of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision.
 - 4 As of September 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and September 30, 2021, the individual provision for impairment of accounts receivable using loss rate methodology or provision matrix is as follows:

	Individual	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Total
September 30, 2022 Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance	<u>\$ -</u> \$ -	0.03% <u>\$ 24,625,426</u> (<u>\$ 7,388</u>)	$ \begin{array}{r} 0.07\% \\ \underline{\$ \ 7,243,588} \\ (\underline{\$ \ 5,071}) \end{array} $	$ \begin{pmatrix} 0.1\% \sim 1\% \\ \underline{\$ 2,464,296} \\ \underline{\$ 24,643} \end{pmatrix} ($	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\%\sim5\%\\ \$ 1,861,751\\ \$ 83,785 \end{array} ($$	<u>36,195,061</u> <u>120,887</u>)
	Individual	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Total
December 31, 2021 Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance	<u>\$</u> - \$-	$(\frac{\$ 26,473,187}{\$ 7,942})$	$ \begin{array}{r} 0.07\% \\ \underline{\$ 7,404,212} \\ (\underline{\$ 5,183}) \end{array} $	$(\frac{\$ 1,155,112}{\$ 5,776})$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\%\sim5\% \\ \$ & 2,591,495 \\ \$ & 71,764 \end{array} (\ \$ $	<u>37,624,006</u> 90,665)
Sautanika 20, 2021	Individual	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Total
September 30, 2021 Expected loss rate		0.03%	0.07%	0.1%~1%	1%~5%	
Total book value	\$ -	\$ 17,435,890	\$ 7,926,607	\$ 820,505	\$ 2,616,299 \$	28,799,301
Loss allowance	<u>\$</u>	(<u>\$ 5,231</u>)	(<u>\$ 5,549</u>)	(<u>\$ 4,103</u>) (<u>\$ 84,648</u>) (<u>\$</u>	99,531)

- Group 1: Standard Poor's, Fitch Ratings or Moody's ratings in A category, or A category rated based on the Group's Credit Quality Control Policy for those that have no external credit ratings.
- Group 2: Standard Poor's or Fitch Ratings in BBB category, Moody's ratings in Baa category, or in B or C category rated based on the Group's Credit Quality Control Policy for those that have no external credit ratings.
- Group 3: Standard Poor's or Fitch Ratings in BB+ category or below, or Moody's ratings in Bal category or below.
- Group 4: Having no external agency rating. Ratings other than A, B, or C based on the Group's Credit Quality Control Policy.
- (ii) Movements on allowance for accounts receivable adopting the modified approach (including due from related parties) as follows:

ended September <u>30, 2022</u> <u>30, 2021</u> <u>30, 2021</u>		ende			Nine-month period			
					.			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Beginning balance	\$	90,665	\$	107,459			
		(Ψ (6,882)			
•					1,046)			
	-	\$	120,887	\$	99,531			

Other receivables

The Group's subsidiaries incorporated in Mainland China are engaged in export sales. Under local regulations, the subsidiaries are entitled to tax benefits on VAT exemption, deduction and refund on the exports of goods. The subsidiaries calculate VAT refund and deductible amounts based on monthly sales by product types. The subsidiaries' counterparties and performing parties are mainly government organisations, so the possibility of default is remote. The Group's other accounts receivable of \$218 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022 was recognised as gain on reversal of expected credit loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The equity securities issuer has high credit quality and the Group controls its credit risk through transaction limits control and critical assessment of credit rating levels, so it expects that the probability of default is remote.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The bond securities issuer has high credit quality and the Group controls its credit risk through transaction limits control and critical assessment of credit rating levels, so it expects that the probability of default is remote.

- (c) Liquidity risk
 - i. Cash flow forecasting is performed by each Group entity and aggregated by the Group treasury. The Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and applicable external regulatory or legal requirements, such as foreign currency restrictions.
 - ii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	Se	eptember 30,	D	ecember 31,	September 30		
	2022		2021			2021	
Expiring within one year	\$	75,708,146	\$	48,705,892	\$	69,396,960	
Expiring beyond one year		8,642,744		6,359,990		6,385,325	
	\$	84,350,890	\$	55,065,882	\$	75,782,285	

iii. The following table analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the following table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. The remaining period of corporate bonds payable is expressed as the period between the balance sheet date and the redeemable date by holders. Except those listed in the following table, all of the Group's derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities will attain maturity within one year:

Non-derivative financial	liabi	lities:			
	Le	ess than one			
September 30, 2022		year	0	ver one year	Total
Bonds payable (Note 1)	\$	12,700,000	\$	-	\$ 12,700,000
Long-term borrowings					
(Note 2)		139,349		15,829,866	15,969,215
Guarantee deposits					
received		1,854,390		7,080,383	8,934,773
Lease liabilities		108,718		402,039	510,757
	\$	14,802,457	\$	23,312,288	\$ 38,114,745
Non-derivative financial	liabi	lities:			
	Le	ess than one			
December 31, 2021		year	0	ver one year	Total
Bonds payable (Note 1)	\$	-	\$	11,072,000	\$ 11,072,000
Long-term borrowings				· ·	
(Note 2)		83,844		7,690,534	7,774,378
Guarantee deposits					
received		1,020,495		3,580,267	4,600,762
Lease liabilities		153,535		421,134	 574,669
	\$	1,257,874	\$	22,763,935	\$ 24,021,809
Non-derivative financial	liabi	lities:			
	Le	ess than one			
September 30, 2021		year	0	ver one year	Total
Bonds payable (Note 1)	\$	-	\$	11,140,000	\$ 11,140,000
Long-term borrowings					
(Note 2)		77,524		7,881,467	7,958,991
Guarantee deposits					
received		-		321,298	321,298
Lease liabilities		138,735		485,424	 624,159
	\$	216,259	\$	19,828,189	\$ 20,044,448

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

Note: 1. In accordance with the conditions of issuance, bondholders have the right to repurchase bonds on the day when three years have elapsed since issuance of the bonds; therefore, the Group transferred all convertible corporate bonds to current liabilities on September 30, 2022; Please refer to Note 6(14) for the conditions of issuance of bonds payable.

- 2. Including imputed interest payable.
- iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount would be significantly different.
- (d) Cash flow risk of changes from interest rate

For the Group's borrowings at floating rates, the effective interest rate changes according to market interest rates. However, the working capital of the Group is sufficient to hedge the cash flow risk due to changes in interest rate. Furthermore, the Group's borrowings as fixed rates and lease payable have no cash flow risk due to changes in market interest rate.

- (3) <u>Fair value estimation</u>
 - A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Inputs that are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. A market is regarded as active if it meets all the following conditions: the items traded in the market are homogeneous; willing buyers and sellers can normally be found at any time; and prices are available to the public. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (e.g., as prices) or indirectly (e.g., derived from prices). The fair value of the Group's investment in derivative instruments is included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.
 - B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
 - (a) Except for those listed in the following table below, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortised cost-time deposits due for more than three months, financial assets at amortised cost-guaranteed income financial products, accounts receivable (including due from related parties), other receivables, other current assets, other non-current assets time deposits with maturity of over one year, short-term borrowings, accounts payable (including related parties), other payables, lease liabilities, and long-term borrowings (including current portion) is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

	 September 30, 2022										
			Fair value								
	Carrying										
	 amount		Level 1			Level 2		Level 3			
Financial											
liabilities:											
Bonds payable	\$ 12,079,180	\$		-	\$	12,155,557	\$		-		
Guarantee											
deposits											
received	 8,934,773			-		8,916,049			-		
Total	\$ 21,013,953	\$		-	\$	21,071,606	\$		-		

	 December 31, 2021									
						Fair value			-	
	 Carrying amount		Level 1			Level 2		Level 3	_	
Financial liabilities:										
Bonds payable Guarantee deposits	\$ 10,383,152	\$		-	\$	10,726,468	\$		-	
received	4,600,762			-		4,594,789			-	
Total	\$ 14,983,914	\$		-	\$	15,321,257	\$		-	
			Septer	nbo	er 30	0, 2021				
						Fair value			-	
	 Carrying amount		Level 1			Level 2		Level 3	_	
Financial liabilities:										
Bonds payable Guarantee deposits	\$ 10,397,416	\$		-	\$	10,780,176	\$		-	
received	321,298			_		320,881			-	
Total	\$ 10,718,714	\$		-	\$	11,101,057	\$		_	

(b) The methods and assumptions of fair value measurement are as follows:

- i. Bonds payable: Regarding the convertible bonds issued by Group, the fair value is estimated based on the expected cash flows using the present value and market rate.
- ii. Guarantee deposits received: The fair value is estimated using the present value of the expected cash flows. The discount rate refers to the fixed interest rate of postal savings for a one-year time deposit.
- iii. Financial assets at amortised cost-corporate bonds: The fair value is the quoted price in active markets.
- C. Financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value
 - (a) The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:

September 30, 2022	Level 1	. <u> </u>	Level 2	Level 3	_	Total
Assets						
Recurring fair value						
measurements						
Financial assets at fair						
value through profit or						
loss	\$	- \$	297,385	\$ 1,200,549	\$	1,497,934
Financial assets at fair						
value through other						
comprehensive income	\$ 102,1	69 \$	-	\$ 599,409	\$	701,578
-				 		

December 31, 2021	 Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3		Total
Assets <u>Recurring fair value</u> measurements					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss	\$ -	\$ 308,554	\$ 806,034	\$	1,114,588
Financial assets at fair value through other					
comprehensive income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 476,619	\$	476,619
September 30, 2021	 Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	_	Total
Assets					
<u>Recurring fair value</u> <u>measurements</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss	\$ -	\$ 236,778	\$ 918,060	\$	1,154,838
Financial assets at fair value through other					
comprehensive income	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 442,078	\$	442,078

- (b) The methods and assumptions that the Group used to measure the fair value are as follows:
 - i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (i.e., Level 1).
 - ii. Except for the financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
 - iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, foreign exchange swap contracts, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
 - iv. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
 - v. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during

valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.

- vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- D. The Level-3 movement for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, is as follows:

		Nine-month	-			Nine-month period ended			
		Septemb	er 30	0, 2022		September 30, 2021			
				Financial				Financial	
			8	assets at fair			as	ssets at fair	
		Financial	\mathbf{V}	alue through]	Financial		lue through	
	as	ssets at fair		other	as	sets at fair		other	
	va	value through comprehensive				lue through	cor	nprehensive	
	pr	ofit or loss-	income- equity			ofit or loss-	inc	ome- equity	
	de	bt securities		securities	del	ot securities	securities		
Beginning balance	\$	806,034	\$	476,619	\$	753,522	\$	431,266	
Acquisition of									
financial assets		353,053		214,859		138,066		-	
Income distribution	(13,745)		-		-		-	
Unrealised gains									
(losses) on									
valuation		32,084	(113,985)		231,417		15,894	
Transfer out from									
Level 3		-		- ((191,570)		-	
Net exchange									
differences		23,123		21,916	(13,375) (5,082)	
Ending balance	\$	1,200,549	\$	599,409	\$	918,060	\$	442,078	

(a) External appraiser is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in accordance with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

(b) The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at September 30, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range [Weighted average]	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Equity securities: Unlisted shares	\$ 77,697	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBIT multiple	4.37~18.34 [4.45]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
		1	Price to net value multiple	2.03~4.09 [2.28]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value
Unlisted shares	67,786	Market comparable companies	Fluctuation rate of share price	47.67%	The higher the fluctuation rate of share price, the higher the fair value
Unlisted shares	21,774	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBIT multiple	2.35~8.12 [3.17]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
			Price to net value multiple	0.59~1.58 [1.11]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value
Unlisted shares	158,029	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBIT multiple	4.66~23.30 [6.66]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
Unlisted shares	55,601	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted shares	100,619	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted shares	58,292	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted shares	59,611	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	\$ 599,409	Piice			
Debt Securities:	¢ 1.020.077		NI (11 11	NT (1' 11	NT (11 11
Private fund	\$ 1,039,877	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Private fund	82,085	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership share	50,897	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership share	27,690	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Shure	\$ 1,200,549	price			

	Fair value at December 31, 2021	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range [Weighted average]	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Equity securities: Unlisted shares	\$ 114,281	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBIT multiple	7.86~30.44 [8.72]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
			Price to net value multiple	2.37~7.23 [3.21]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value
Unlisted shares	168,512	Market comparable companies	Fluctuation rate of share price	50.59%	The higher the fluctuation rate of share price, the higher the fair value
Unlisted shares	24,645	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBIT multiple	3.27~15.14 [4.58]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
		I	Price to net value multiple	0.90~1.88 [1.46]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value
Unlisted shares	169,181	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBIT multiple	2.62~20.88 [9.42]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value
	\$ 476,619	companies			value
Debt Securities: Private fund	\$ 618,538	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Private fund	91,948	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership share	73,828	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted partnership share	21,720	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	\$ 806,034	-			

Fair value at September 30 2021		Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range [Weighted average]	Relationship of inputs to fair value		
Equity securities: Unlisted shares	\$ 120,057	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBIT multiple	7.48~34.56 [8.83]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value		
		·	Price to net value multiple	2.08~6.83 [3.23]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value		
Unlisted shares	205,224	Market comparable companies	Fluctuation rate of share price	51.64%	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value		
Unlisted shares	ed shares 17,932		Enterprise value to EBIT multiple	0.72~7.95 [3.39]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value		
		companies	Price to net value multiple	0.75~1.55 [1.18]	The higher the net value of shares, the higher the fair value		
Unlisted shares	98,865	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBIT multiple	2.38~15.45 [6.19]	The higher the EBIT, the higher the fair value		
	\$ 442,078	1					
Debt Securities: Private fund	\$ 719,433	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable		
Private fund	107,080	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable		
Unlisted partnership share	70,022	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable		
Unlisted partnership share	21,525	The last transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable		
51101 0	\$ 918,060	P					

(c) The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, the use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

				Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022										
									Recognised in other					
				R	Recognised in profit or loss				comprehensive income					
			Favourable			Unfavourable			vourable	ι	Unfavourable			
	Input	Ch	ange	0	hange			change		hange	change			
Financial														
assets														
Debt	Enterning		10/	¢	12 005	(¢	12 005)	¢		¢			
instruments Equity	Enterprise value to EBIT	±	1%	\$	12,005	(9	12,005)	\$	-	\$	-		
instruments	multiple, etc.	±	1%		-			-		5,994	(5,994)		
Total	1			\$	12,005	(\$	12,005)	\$	5,994	(\$	5,994)		
					NI:				. 1 0		20	2021		
					Nin	e-n	month period ended September 30, 2021 Recognised in other							
				P.	ecognised	1 in	nro	0	orehensive income					
				-	vourable	1 11	Unfavourable			vourable		Unfavourable		
	Input Change				hange		change			hange	change			
Financial						•								
assets														
Debt														
instruments	Enterprise	\pm	1%	\$	9,181	(\$	9,181)	\$	-	\$	-		
Equity	value to EBIT													
instruments	multiple, etc.	±	1%					-		4,421	(4,421)		
Total				\$	9,181	(\$	9,181)	\$	4,421	(<u></u>	4,421)		

- E. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3; for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2021, the fair value of the debt instruments held by the Group is the quoted price in the markets and therefore was transferred from Level 3 to Level 2.

13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

(1) Significant transactions information

(The portions of transaction information with the investees were based on the financial statements of the investees for the same period which were reviewed by independent accountants. All the transactions with subsidiaries disclosed below had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. The disclosure information below is for reference only.)

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exxcerding NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchase or sale of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
- I. Trading in derivatives: None.
- J. The business relationship and significant transactions between the inter-companies: Please refer to table 7.

(2) <u>Information on investees</u>

(The portions of transaction information with the investees were based on the financial statements of the investees for the same period which were reviewed by independent accountants. All the transactions with subsidiaries disclosed below had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. The disclosure information below is for reference only.)

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (excluding the investees in Mainland China): Please refer to Table 8.

- (3) Information on investments in Mainland China
 - A. Basic information: Please refer to Table 9.
 - B. Significant transactions with the investees in Mainland China either directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas: None.

(4) INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS

Information on major shareholders: Please refer to Table 10.

14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

(1) General information

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing of various types of PCB products. The chief operating decision-maker considers the business and operations from the product perspective. Currently, the Group only discloses one reportable segment as all operating segments meet the aggregation criteria (similar gross profit margin and expected growth rate). In allocating resources and assessing performance of the Group, the chief operating decision-maker uses operating segments' revenue and net income, which reflect internal cost and expense allocation. Except for inter-segment charges, which were determined based on the Group's internal policy, accounting policies of operating segments are in agreement with Note 4, 'Summary of significant accounting policies'.

(2) <u>Reportable segment information</u>

Reportable segment information provided to the chief operating decision maker is as follows:

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2022	Three-month period ended September 30, 2021	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021		
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	\$ 50,004,714	\$ 41,618,582	\$ 118,454,269	\$ 98,579,882		
Segments' revenue Measure of segment profit	<u>\$ 50,004,714</u> <u>\$ 5,982,218</u>	\$ 41,618,582 \$ 4,408,192	<u>\$ 118,454,269</u> <u>\$ 10,408,441</u>	\$ 98,579,882 \$ 6,781,883		

(3) <u>Reconciliation of reportable segment's revenue and measure of profit and loss</u>

Sales between segments are carried out at fair value. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

The reconciliation from total reportable segment's revenue to the enterprise income and from segment profit from reportable segment to the net income for the current period is as follows:

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2022			hree-month eriod ended ptember 30, 2021	p	Nine-month period ended eptember 30, 2022	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021		
Reportable segment's revenue		50,004,714	\$	41,618,582	\$	118,454,269	\$	98,579,882	
revenue	ψ	50,004,714	ψ	41,010,302	Ψ	110,434,207	ψ	76,577,002	
		hree-month priod ended ptember 30, 2022	pe	hree-month eriod ended ptember 30, 2021	р	Nine-month eriod ended eptember 30, 2022	p	Vine-month eriod ended ptember 30, 2021	
Reportable segment's									
profit	\$	5,982,218	\$	4,408,192	\$	10,408,441	\$	6,781,883	
Interest income and finance costs	(21,563)	(82,524)	(184,121)	(141,766)	
Net currency exchange		21,505)	C	82,324)	C	104,121)	((141,700)	
gains (losses)		919,332		65,915		2,407,900	(180,649)	
Net gains (losses) on disposal of property,									
plant and equipment		1,276	(808)		3,510		5,664	
Net gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profi	t								
or loss	(39,208)		75,399		11,097		277,925	
Others	·	329,921	()	121,500)		1,030,838		90,746	
Profit for the period	\$	7,171,976	\$	4,344,674	\$	13,677,665	\$	6,833,803	

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES LOANS TO OTHERS Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022

Table 1

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

N	o. Lender	Borrower	General ledger account	Related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the current period (Note 3)	Ending balance (Note 4)	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate range	Nature of loan	Amount of transaction		Allowance for doubtful accounts		ateral Value	Limit on loans granted to a single party (Notes 1 & 2)	Limit on total lender's loans granted (Notes 1 & 2)	Footnote
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	\$ 2,222,500 \$	2,222,500	\$ 1,841,500	1.8116%- 3.1717%	Short-term financing	\$ -	Operation requirements		No	\$ -	\$ 438,126,825	\$ 613,377,554	
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Leading Interconnect International Limited	Other receivables	Yes	952,500	952,500	63,500	1.0553%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	438,126,825	613,377,554	
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited	Other receivables	Yes	1,587,500	1,587,500	-	-	- Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	438,126,825	613,377,554	
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	4,445,000	4,445,000	-	-	- Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	35,050,146	35,050,146	
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	BoardTek Electronics Corp.	Other receivables	Yes	2,540,000	2,540,000	1,270,000	1.0055%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	35,050,146	35,050,146	
2	Pacific Fair International Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	2,857,500	2,857,500	-		- Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	5,669,155	5,669,155	
2	Pacific Fair International Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	952,500	952,500	952,500	1.8116%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	70,864,435	99,210,209	
3	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	670,794	670,794	-		- Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	1,581,960	1,581,960	
3	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	2,235,980	2,235,980	1,329,017	3.65%-3.70%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	19,774,503	27,684,304	

No.	Lender	Borrower	General ledger account	Related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the current period (Note 3)	Ending balance (Note 4)	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate range	Nature of loan	Amount of transaction	Reason for short-term financing	for doubtful		lateral Value	Limit on loans granted to a single party (Notes 1 & 2)	Limit on total lender's loans granted (Notes 1 & 2)	Footnote
	Garuda International Limited	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables		\$ 1,587,500 \$	1,587,500		0.65%	Short-term financing		Operation requirements	\$ -			\$ 48,090,442	<u> </u>	100000
4	Garuda International Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Other receivables	Yes	2,540,000	2,540,000	-	-	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	48,090,442	67,326,618	
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	4,471,960	4,471,960	-	-	· Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	46,837,719	46,837,719	
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	15,651,860	15,651,860	8,190,395	3.65%-3.85%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	46,837,719	46,837,719	
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Fu Bo Industrial (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	89,439	89,439	22,360	3.70%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	46,837,719	46,837,719	
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	6,707,940	6,707,940	4,002,404	3.65%-3.80%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	46,837,719	46,837,719	
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Yu Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	894,392	894,392	348,813	3.70%~3.80%	Short-term financing	-	Operation requirements	-	No	-	46,837,719	46,837,719	

Note 1: Financial limit on total loans granted to others by the Group is 50% of the lender's net assets based on their most recent audited or reviewed consolidated financial statements, of which:

(1) For parties having business relationship with the Company, the financial limit on total loans shall not exceed 10% of the Company's net worth and the financial limit on loans granted to a single party shall not exceed the year-to-date purchased amount or sales amount, whichever is higher, and shall not exceed 10% of the net worth of the Company as indicated in the financial statements for the most recent period certified or reviewed by a certified public accountant.

(2) For parties in need of short-term financing, the financial limit on total loans shall not exceed 40% of the Company's net worth and the financial limit on loans granted to a single party shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company as indicated in the financial statements for the most recent period certified or reviewed by a certified public accountant.

Note 2: The amount of loans between subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares or between the Company and overseas subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares is not limited to 40% of the borrower's net worth.

In accordance with the subsidiaries' respective Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties, the total amount of loans between subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares or between the Company and overseas subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares is limited to 700% of the lender's net worth based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements. In accordance with the subsidiaries' respective Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties, for loans between subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares or between the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares or between the Company and overseas subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares, the limit on loans to a single enterprise is limited to 500% of the lender's net assets based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

Note 3: Maximum amount for the period ended on the balance sheet date.

Note 4: The amount of loans granted as resolved by the Company's Board of Directors.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>PROVISION OF ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES TO OTHERS</u> <u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022</u>

Table 2

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

		Entity for win	en the											
		endorsement/guarar	ntee is made											
									Cumulative					
					Maximum				endorsed/					
					outstanding	Ending balance			guaranteed		Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
				Limit on	endorsement/	of		Endorsed/	amount as a		endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/	
				endorsements/	guarantee	endorsements/		Guaranteed	percentage of the	Maximum	guarantees by	guarantees by	guarantees to	
				guarantees to	amount during	guarantees at	Actual	amount	net value in the	endorsed/	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
				a single	the current	September 30,	amount	with	most recent	guaranteed	company to	parent	Mainland	
No.			Relationship	enterprise	period	2022	drawn down	property as	financial	amount	subsidiary	company	China	
(Note 1)	Endorser/ guarantor	Company	(Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	(Note 7)	collateral	statements	(Note 4)	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	Footnote
0	Zhen Ding Technology	BoardTek Electronics	2	\$ 9,350,524	\$ 6,400,000	\$ 6,400,000	\$ 4,700,000	\$ -	6.85%	\$ 93,505,241	Y	N	N	
	Holding Limited	Corp.												

Note 1: 'The explanation for numbers is as follows:

(1) Issuer is 0.

(2) Investees are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: 'Relationships between endorser/guarantor and the entity for which the endorsement/guarantee is made are classified into the following six categories (simply specify the respective category):

(1) Companies in a business relationship with the Company.

Entity for which the

(2) Subsidiaries in which the Company directly holds more than 50% of its total outstanding ordinary shares.

(3) Investees in which parent company and subsidiary hold more than 50% of total outstanding ordinary shares combined.

(4) Parent company in which the Company directly or indirectly (along with subsidiary) holds more than 50% of its total outstanding ordinary shares.

(5) Companies providing mutual end'orsements/guarantees for industry peers for purposes of undertaking a construction project.

(6) Companies where all capital-contributing shareholders make endorsements/guarantees for their jointly invested company in proportion to their shareholding percentages.

Note 3: `Limit on endorsements/guarantees to a single enterprise: Endorsements/guarantees that the Company makes for a single enterprise shall not exceed 10% of the parent company's net worth.

Note 4: 'Total amount of endorsements/guarantees: The total amount of endorsements/guarantees the Company makes for others shall not exceed 100% of the parent company's net worth.

Note 5: 'Highest balance of endorsements/guarantees to others for the year.

Note 6: 'Endorsement/guarantee liabilities are assumed when the amount of the endorsement/guarantee contracts or bills signed with the bank by the Company is approved as of the end of the year. Other matters related to endorsements/guarantees shall be included in the endorsement/guarantee balance.

Note 7: 'Actual amount drawn down by the companies for which the endorsements/guarantees are made within the range of endorsement/guarantee balance.

Note 8: 'Endorsements/guarantees made by TWSE/TPEx listed parent company for subsidiary, endorsements/guarantees made by subsidiary for TWSE/TPEx listed parent company, and endorsements/guarantees made in Mainland China are must be indicated with 'Y'.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES HOLDING OF MARKETABLE SECURITIES AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (EXCLUDING INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES) September 30, 2022

Table 3

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

		Relationship		As of September 30, 2022				
Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	with securities issuer (Note 2)	General ledger account	Number of shares	Carrying amount (Note 3)	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote (Note 4)
Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	SynPower Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,437,697 \$	77,697	8.12%	\$ 77,697	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Jiangsu Aisen Semiconductor Material Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,600,000	67,786	3.93%	67,786	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Dongguan Liuchun Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,461,039	158,029	3.55%	158,029	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Sanying Precision Instruments Co.,Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,212,009	102,169	3.70%	102,169	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Sanying Precision Instruments (Tianjin) Co.,Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	540,580	55,601	5.18%	55,601	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Wuxi iData Technology Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,352,651	100,619	3.46%	100,619	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Hubei Omar Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,370,000	58,292	3.95%	58,292	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Shenzhen Hangsheng Electronics Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,000,000	59,611	2.96%	59,611	
BoardTek Electronics Corp.	Chipboard Technology Corporation	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,337,068	21,774	15.60%	21,774	
				\$	701,578			
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Jingning Dingqing Electronic Technology Partnership	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- \$	297,385	12.53%	297,385	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Beijing Firstred Acquisition Fund	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	1,039,877	2.94%	1,039,877	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Zhuhai Hengqin Urban Enterprise Zone Leishi Tianhe Technology Industry Investment Partnership	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	50,897	99.39%	50,897	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Beijing Chunhua Jingzhi Equity Investment Partnership	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	27,690	20.00%	27,690	
Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	Zhuoyi II Investment Limited Partnership	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	82,085 1,497,934	10.59%	82,085	

Note 1: In accordance with IFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments', marketable securities in the table refer to shares, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost excerding NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022

Table 4

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

					Initial period		Buy-in	(Note 3)		Sell-out (1	Note 3)		As of Septemb	per 30, 2022
Companies purchased and sold	Marketable securities (Note 1)	General ledger account	Counterparty (Note 2)	Relationship (Note 2)	Number of shares	Amount (Note 5)	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Selling price	Carrying amount (Note 5)	Gain or loss on disposal (Note 4)	Number of shares	Amount (Note 5)
Pacific Fair International Limited	Shares of Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Investments recognized under the equity method	Sell-out in public trading market	Non-related party	139,633,809 \$	6,244,753	-	\$ -	7,231,034	\$ 1,302,378 \$	547,116	\$ 755,262	132,402,775 \$	6,811,642
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Beijing Firstred Acquisition . Fund	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11	Not applicable	-	618,538	-	311,778	-	-	-	-	-	1,039,877

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to shares, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Filling in the two fields is not required, except for investors whose securities are recognised under the equity method.

Note 3: Cumulative amount of acquisition or sale shall be separately calculated by their market value to determine whether it exceeds NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital.

Note 4: Non-controlling interest transactions and gain/loss on disposal are reconised as Capital surplus - Difference between the actual and the carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of.

Note 5: Investment income is included.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES PURCHASE OR SALE OF GOODS FROM OR TO RELATED PARTIES REACHING NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF PAID-IN CAPITAL OR MORE Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022

Table 5

					Transaction		transact compare	ences in ion terms ed to third insactions	Notes/accounts re	eceivable (payable)	
Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	\$ 40,894,55	1 84	60 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	\$ 19,632,701	88	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	6,231,18	6 13	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	2,063,622	9	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	159,20) -	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	127,741	1	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	28,676,08	8 87	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	12,552,069	90	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	3,916,16	2 12	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	1,157,797	8	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	229,19	2 1	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	148,861	1	
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	3,621,91	8 65	60 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	1,224,834	64	
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	1,476,34	9 26	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	450,117	23	
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	BoardTek Electronics Corp.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	332,88	2 6	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	173,718	9	
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	146,42	2 3	30 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	66,449	3	
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	37,487,33	5 94	60 days from the invoice date	Note 2	Note 2	14,334,883	95	
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	1,462,47	8 4	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	386,277	3	
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	588,42	4 1	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	222,351	1	
Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	3,527,28	0 82	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	1,019,993	78	
Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	301,28	6 42	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	103,798	28	
Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	152,61	9 22	60 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	155,875	42	
Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	864,19	5 100	90 days from the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	328,882	100	
Garuda International Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	9,870,48	3 9	90 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	7,386,684	20	

			Transaction						ences in ion terms d to third nsactions	Note	es/accounts r	eceivable (payable)	
Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	1	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
Garuda International Limited	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	\$	631,238	1	90 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2	\$	334,997	1	
Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales		3,311,763	3	90 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		1,814,181	5	
Garuda International Limited	Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	Sales		4,336,311	4	90 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		1,881,332	5	
Garuda International Limited	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	Sales		393,403	-	60 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		111,171	-	
Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	Sales		1,629,871	12	90 days from the first day of next month of shipping	Note 2	Note 2		480,195	10	
BoardTek Electronics Corp.	Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	Sales		430,080	10	90 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		253,241	14	
Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	Sales		107,785	15	90 days from the month following the shipping date	Note 2	Note 2		64,639	17	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	Purchases		386,592	1	90 days from invoice date	Note 2	Note 2	(20,854)	-	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Foxconn Interconnect Technology Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	Purchases		884,981	3	90 days from invoice date	Note 2	Note 2	(380,955)	2	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	Purchases		1,003,432	6	30 days from invoice date	Note 2	Note 2		-	-	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Foxconn Interconnect Technology Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	Purchases		501,910	3	90 days from invoice date	Note 2	Note 2	(237,557)	4	
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	Purchases		114,591	1	90 days from invoice date	Note 2	Note 2	(8,528)	-	

Note 1: The opposite related party transactions are not disclosed. Note 2: Unless the transaction terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements due to no similar transactions, the transaction terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Note 3: Advance sales receipts.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES REACHING NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF PAID-IN CAPITAL OR MORE September 30, 2022

Table 6

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

				_	 Overdue re	ceivables	nt collected	
Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship	Receivables from related parties	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	quent to the e sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	\$ 19,632,701	2	\$ -	-	\$ 160,965 \$	-
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	2,063,622	2	-	-	27,722	-
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	127,741	2	47,523	Subsequent collection	-	-
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	12,552,069	2	-	-	2,496,389	-
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	1,157,797	2	-	-	218,210	-
Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	148,861	2	248	Subsequent collection	21,054	-
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	1,224,834	3	-	-	-	-
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	450,117	3	-	-	6,831	-
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	BoardTek Electronics Corp.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	173,718	3	48,099	Subsequent collection	8,882	-
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.		An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	14,334,883	3	-	-	275,227	-
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.		An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	386,277	2	-	-	4,905	-
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	222,351	2	-	-	-	-
Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	1,019,993	4	-	-	128,806	-
Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	103,798	2	-	-	-	-

Table 6 Page 1

					Overdue re	ceivables	Amount collected	
Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship	 Receivables from related parties	Turnover rate	 Amount	Action taken	subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Garuda International Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	\$ 155,875	2	\$ -	-	\$ - 3	-
Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	328,882	2	-	-	103,108	-
Garuda International Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	7,386,684	1	835,544	Subsequent collection	1,464,932	-
Garuda International Limited	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	334,997	1	-	-	2,048	-
Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	1,814,181	1	-	-	423,390	-
Garuda International Limited	Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	1,881,332	2	11,121	Subsequent collection	240,718	-
Garuda International Limited	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	111,171	2	-	-	47,932	-
Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	General Interface Solution Holding Limited and its subsidiaries	An indirect subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd., evaluated using the equity method	480,195	2	4,785	Subsequent collection	-	-
BoardTek Electronics Corp.	Foxconn (FarEast) and its subsidiaries	An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	253,241	3	672	Subsequent collection	2,648	-

As to receivables from loans to related parties exceeding NT\$100 million or 20% of issued capital, please refer to Table 1.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES THE BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE PARENT COMPANY AND THE SUBSIDIARIES AND BETWEEN EACH SUBSIDIARY Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022

Table 7

				Transaction			
No. (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount (Note 3)	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 4)
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	\$ 1,841,500	Note 5	1
1	Mayco Industrial Limited	BoardTek Electronics Corp.	3	Other receivables	1,270,000	"	1
2	FAT Holdings Limited	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	952,500	"	-
3	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	1,329,017	"	1
4	Garuda International Limited	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	635,000	"	-
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	8,190,395	"	4
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	4,002,404	"	2
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Yu Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	348,813	"	-
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	3	Sales	40,894,551	Note 8	35
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	3	Accounts receivable	19,632,701	"	9
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	6,231,186	Note 7	5
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	2,063,622	"	1
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	3	Sales	159,209	"	-
5	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	3	Accounts receivable	127,741	"	-
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	3	Sales	28,676,088	Note 8	24
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	3	Accounts receivable	12,552,069	"	5
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	3,916,162	Note 7	3
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	1,157,797	"	1
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Sales	229,192	Note 9	-
6	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Accounts receivable	148,861	"	-
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	3	Sales	3,621,918	Note 8	3
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	3	Accounts receivable	1,224,834	"	1
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Sales	146,422	Note 9	-
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	1,476,349	Note 7	1
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	450,117	"	-
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	BoardTek Electronics Corp.	3	Sales	332,882	"	-
7	Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	BoardTek Electronics Corp.	3	Accounts receivable	173,718	"	-
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	3	Sales	37,487,335	Note 8	32
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda International Limited	3	Accounts receivable	14,334,883	"	6
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	1,462,478	Note 7	1
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	386,277	"	-
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	3	Sales	588,424	"	-
8	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	3	Accounts receivable	222,351	"	-

				Transaction					
No. (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount (Note 3)	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 4)		
9	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	\$ 3,527,280	"	3		
9	Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	1,019,993	"	-		
10	Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Sales	864,196	Note 7	1		
10	Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Accounts receivable	328,882	"	-		
11	Garuda International Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Sales	9,870,483	Note 6	8		
11	Garuda International Limited	Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	3	Accounts receivable	7,386,684	"	3		
11	Garuda International Limited	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	631,238	"	1		
11	Garuda International Limited	Hong Qi Sheng Precision Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	334,997	"	-		
11	Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	3,311,763	"	3		
11	Garuda International Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	1,814,181	"	1		
12	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	301,286	Note 6	-		
12	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	103,798	"	-		
12	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Garuda International Limited	3	Sales	152,619	Note 8	-		
12	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	Garuda International Limited	3	Accounts receivable	155,875	"	-		

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories: Example: For transactions between parent company and subsidiary, if disclosure is made by the parent company, then repeated disclosure is not required for the part regarding the subsidiary; for transactions between subsidiaries, if disclosure is made by one of the subsidiaries, then repeated disclosure is not required for the part regarding the other subsidiary):

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company.

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Only the related party transactions exceeding the amount of NT\$100 million or 20% paid-in capital are disclosed, and the opposite related party transactions are not disclosed.

Note 4: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is calculated based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

All the transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 5: Nature of other receivables and other payables are loans to (from) others. Please refer to Note 13(1) A for interest rate and limit on loans.

Note 6: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 90 days from the shipping date.

Note 7: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 90 days from the shipping date.

Note 8: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 60 days from the shipping date.

Note 9: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 30 days from the shipping date.

Note 10: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. Credit term is 60 days from the received date.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES NAMES, LOCATIONS AND OTHER INFORMATION ON INVESTEE COMPANIES (EXCLUDING THE INVESTEE COMPANIES IN MAINLAND CHINA) Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022

Table 8

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares held	as of September	30, 2022	N. 4	Investment income (loss) recognised	
Name of Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of September 30, 2022	Balance as of December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Net profit (loss) of investee for the current period	by the Company for the current period	Footnote
The Company	Monterey Park Finance Limited	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	\$ 30,995,938	\$ 28,773,438	976,250,000	100 \$	108,444,347	\$ 10,104,408	\$ 10,278,605	
The Company	Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Trading company	125,488	125,488	12,548,800	100	2,042,695	(158,613)	(158,613)	
The Company	BoardTek Electronics Corp.	Taiwan	Manufacturing company	5,512,771	5,512,771	95,918,453	100	1,012,275	(233,406)	(306,747)	
The Company	Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited	Singapore	Holding company	952,500	952,500	30,000,000	100	897,377	20,288	20,288	
Monterey Park Finance Limited	Coppertone Enterprises Limited	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	3,263,449	3,263,449	102,785,806	100	87,627,129	9,199,018	9,199,018	
Monterey Park Finance Limited	Pacific Fair International Limited	Hong Kong	Holding company	8,683,625	8,683,625	2,133,300,000	100	14,172,909	712,274	712,274	
Monterey Park Finance Limited	Leading Interconnect International Limited	Hong Kong	Trading company	-	-	1	100 (877)	(5,527)	(5,527)	
Coppertone Enterprises Limited	Mayco Industrial Limited	Hong Kong	Holding company	37,944,677	37,944,677	9,321,841,932	100	87,625,365	9,199,018	9,199,018	
Zhen Ding Technology Co., Ltd.	FAT Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands	Holding company	159	159	5,000	100	776,338	6,300	6,300	
BoardTek Electronics Corp.	BoardTek Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment company	248,294	248,294	24,829,362	100	289,616	8,282	8,282	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Garuda International Limited	Hong Kong	Trading company	1,873,250	1,873,250	460,200,000	72	6,691,264	644,907	(81,218)	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Avary Singapore Private Limited	Singapore	Holding company	2,036,128	2,036,128	64,130,000	72	505,805	(469,051)	(338,207)	
Garuda International Limited	Garuda Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Trading company	1,525,000	1,525,000	152,500,000	72	1,428,591	263,317	189,862	
Garuda International Limited	Avary Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan	Trading company	21,595	21,595	3,260	72	8,039	(10,482)	(7,558)	
Avary Singapore Private Limited	Avary Technology (India) Private Limited	India	Manufacturing company	1,048,179	279,026	269,044,913	72 (157,680)	(472,074)	(339,743)	
FAT Holdings Limited	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited	India	Manufacturing company	24	24	6,250	63 (144)	(56)	(22)	
Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited	Zhen Ding Technology India Private Limited	India	Manufacturing company	15	15	3,750	37 (52)	(56)	(8)	
FAT Holdings Limited	Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited	India	Property management company	25	24	6,250	-	-	20,463	-	
Zhen Ding Technology Singapore Private Limited	Zhen Ding Developer India Private Limited	India	Property management company	818,158	15	210,003,750	100	841,152	20,463	20,462	

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES INFORMATION ON THE INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA Nine-month period ended September 30, 2022

Table 9

Investees in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 2)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2022	from T Mai China/ remitter Taiwan for pe Remitted to	t remitted aiwan to nland Amount d back to r the current riod Remitted back to Taiwan	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of September 30, 2022	Net profit (loss) of investee for the current perior	directly or indirectly by the	Company in the	Carrying amount of investments as of September 30, 2022	to Taiwan as	Fastate
Hong Qi Sheng Precision	Manufacture and sales of PCB	\$ 10,457,476	2		- <u>\$</u> -			\$ 5,859,305					Footnote
Electronics (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.		φ το, ιο , ι, ι , ο	-	U C	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ			. , ,	\$ 25,000,000	Ψ	
Hong Heng Sheng Electronical Technology (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of PCB	4,143,211	2	-		-	-	170,699	9 72	124,703	157,629	-	
Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Limited	Manufacture and sales of PCB	10,380,109	2			-	-	14,671,461	72	10,581,493	84,505,331	-	Note 4
Fu Bo Industrial (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of PCB	492,228	2	-		-	-	19,784	4 72	14,290	487,500	-	
Yu Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of PCB	1,077,474	2	-		-	-	321	72	219	714,820	-	
Qing Ding Precision Electronics (Huaian) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of PCB	14,133,987	2	-		-	-	2,850,094	4 72	1,609,553	16,523,341	-	
Qi Ding Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Development, manufacture and sales of electronic products	2,133,240	2	-		-	-	950,380) 70	661,919	2,755,516	-	
Kui Sheng Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	Manufacture and sales of PCB	89,439	2	-		-	-	13,493	3 72	9,610	126,321	-	
Huaian Jia Wei Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of construction materials, furniture and hardware tools	729,768	2	-		-	-	1,412	2 100	1,412	723,589	-	
Avary Holding Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Investments	1,520,465	2	-		-	-	22,114	4 72	15,945	1,212,373	-	
Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Development, manufacture and sales of electronic products	2,643,405	2	-		-	-	348,411	70	136,081	2,488,431	-	
Leading Interconnect Semiconductor Technology Qinhuangdao Co., Ltd.	Development, manufacture and sales of electronic products	1,788,783	2	-		-	-	(259,950) 70	(181,049)	1,058,118	-	
Avary Logistics Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Property management business	22,360	2	-		-	-	(11,306) 72	(8,152)	7,939	-	

				Accumulated amount of remittance from	from T Mai China/ remitte Taiwan fo	t remitted aiwan to inland 'Amount d back to r the current riod	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland		Ownership held	Investment income (loss) recomised by the	Carrying amount	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back	
Investees in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 2)	Taiwan to Mainland	to	Remitted back to Taiwan	China as of September 30, 2022	Net profit (loss)	directly or indirectly by the	Company in the	of investments as of September 30, 2022	to Taiwan as	Footnote
Guangdong Zhan Yang Intelligent Equipment Co., Ltd.	Research, development, sales, and processing of automated equipment and cargo or technology import/export	\$ 42,687	2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(\$ 36,505)	32	(\$ 16,833)	\$ 7,940	\$ -	

Note 1: The amounts in the table are shown in New Taiwan Dollars. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the spot exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Note 2: The methods of investments to Mainland China are as follows:

1. The Group remits its own funds directly to the investee companies located in Mainland China.

2. Investee company, Monterey Park Finance Limited (B.V.I.), established by the Company and located outside of Taiwan and Mainland China, remits its own funds directly to the investee companies located in Mainland China.

3. Others

Note 3: The columns investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the current period were based on the audited financial statements of the investees in Mainland China for the same period.

Note 4: The cumulative earnings distributed to the parent company by Avary Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. amounted to RMB 5,614,870 thousand as of September 30, 2022.

ZHEN DING TECHNOLOGY HOLDING LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS</u> <u>September 30, 2022</u>

Table 10

	Shares					
Major Shareholder Name	Number of Shares Held	Ownership (%)				
Foxconn (Far East) Limited	305,515,627	32.26%				